## Nishant Gurunath

(412) 652-2413 | ngurunath@cmu.edu

### **OBJECTIVE**

Seeking employment to develop algorithms and software for machine learning

### **CORPORATE ROLES**

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS
DESIGN ENGINEER, 2016-2018

## **EDUCATION**

# CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY (CMU)

MASTER OF SCIENCE IN ELECTRICAL AND COMPUTER ENGINEERING Expected December 2019 Pittsburgh, PA GPA: 3.78 / 4

#### INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, BOMBAY (IIT BOMBAY)

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY +
MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY IN
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING +
MINOR IN COMPUTER SCIENCE
Graduated June 2016
Mumbai, India
GPA: 8.57 / 10

## **COURSEWORK**

#### **CMU**

Introduction to Machine Learning Introduction to Deep Learning Foundations of Computer Systems Probabilistic Graphical Models Computer Vision How to Write Fast Codes Machine Learning for Signal Processing

#### **IIT BOMBAY**

Data Structures and Algorithms Probability and Random Processes Data Analysis and Interpretation Linear Algebra Graph Theory

## **SKILLS**

## **PROGRAMMING**

Python • C/C++ • HDL • SQL

#### **PACKAGES**

Pytorch • MATLAB • GDB • Falcon

#### **WORK EXPERIENCE**

MACHINE LEARNING INTERN | MOODY'S ANALYTICS | NEW YORK, NY May 2019 – August 2019 | Return Offer as Associate Director: Machine Learning

- Initiated a new product that aimed to extract structured information from text data
- Implemented a workflow around AllenNLP OIE and SRL models to obtain relationship knowledge graph among named entities people, organizations and locations
- Performed Text Normalization, Entity Disambiguation, Named Entity Recognition, Coreference Resolution and Neo4j graph database queries as part of the workflow
- Created APIs for two product lines and customized Framenet based argument parsing

**RESEARCH ASSISTANT - NLP** | SEPARABL: DISENTANGLEMENT IN SPEECH | CMU January 2019 - Present | Prof. Alan Black | LTI

- Submitted in AAAI 2020 | Paper | Samples | Currently Working on its Product
   Proved that multinode VAE can be used to separate speech and music in audio
  - Experimentally determined the number of latent nodes required for source separation; showed that the same can be determined from input data distribution
  - Established improvement in Speech Synthesis performance using separated speech

### **ACADEMIC PROJECTS**

#### HIERARCHICAL REINFORCEMENT LEARNING | CMU

Spring 2019 | Probabilistic Graphical Models | Prof. Eric Xing

- Proposed to learn policies simultaneously for two agents, manager and worker, working at different temporal scales to target environments with sparse rewards
- Demonstrated that method is applicable with all reinforcement learning algorithms
- Achieved a 60% improvement in reward for the Stochastic MDP environment
- **Conquered** sparse reward robotic environments ReacherV2 and FetchReachV2 where standard/ flat reinforcement learning methods fail completely

#### IDENTIFYING DUPLICATE QUESTIONS ON QUORA | CMU

Fall 2018 | Introduction to Machine Learning | Prof. Ziv Bar-Joseph

- Designed Siamese models over Glove embedding to detect semantics of the questions
- Modeled a CNN with parallel kernels to capture meaning from different parts of the question; improved on the CNN based state-of-the-art accuracy by **1.5 percent points**
- Obtained a further 2 percent point improvement over CNN with BiLSTM model

## **AUDIO BASED MULTIMEDIA EVENT DETECTION AND BAYESIAN LEARNING | CMU** Fall 2018 | Introduction to Deep Learning | Prof. Bhiksha Raj

- Designed ResNet based event classification model on limited training data (YLI-MED)
- Developed data augmentation method to enhance dataset by temporal perturbation
- Applied Bayesian learning on network parameters to add robustness with regard to unknown data; achieved **4 percent point** improvement over the baseline CNN model

#### LISTEN, ATTEND AND SPELL: ATTENTION MODEL | CMU

Fall 2018 | Introduction to Deep Learning | Prof. Bhiksha Raj

- Created a speech to text generation LAS model using cascaded LSTM networks
- Designed a pyramidal BiLSTM speech encoder to reduce computational complexity
- Modeled an attention based LSTM transducer which generates a distribution over the next character conditioned on all previous characters; Obtained an accuracy of 75%

## SPEAKER CLASSIFICATION AND VERIFICATION: TRANSFER LEARNING | CMU

Fall 2018 | Introduction to Deep Learning | Prof. Bhiksha Raj

- Created a speech classification model using a CNN with residual blocks
- Trained the network to learn speaker embeddings during the classification task
- Used the learned embeddings to obtain similarity between a given speaker pair
- Obtained an EER  $\approx$  5 for a test sample consisting 10000 speaker pairs