Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: NISHANTH B
Email: 240701364@rajalakshmi.edu.in
Roll no: 240701364
Phone: 7904264876
Branch: REC
Department: I CSE FD
Batch: 2028
Degree: B.E - CSE

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 5_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 40
Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Alex is working with grayscale pixel intensities from an old photo that has been scanned in a single row. To detect edges in the image, Alex needs to calculate the differences between each pair of consecutive pixel intensities.

Your task is to write a program that performs this calculation and returns the result as a tuple of differences.

Input Format

The first line of input contains an integer n, representing the number of pixel intensities.

The second line contains n space-separated integers representing the pixel intensities.

Output Format

The output displays a tuple containing the absolute differences between consecutive pixel intensities.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 5
200 100 20 80 10
Output: (100, 80, 60, 70)

Answer

```
n = int(input())
pixels = list(map(int, input().split()))
differences = tuple(abs(pixels[i] - pixels[i+1]) for i in range(n-1))
print(differences)
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

2. Problem Statement

Riley is analyzing DNA sequences and needs to determine which bases match at the same positions in two given DNA sequences. Each DNA sequence is represented as a tuple of integers, where each integer corresponds to a DNA base.

Your task is to write a program that compares these two sequences and identifies the bases that match at the same positions and print it.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n, representing the size of the first tuple.

The second line contains n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the first DNA sequence tuple.

The third line of input consists of an integer m, representing the size of the second tuple.

The fourth line contains m space-separated integers, representing the elements of the second DNA sequence tuple.

Output Format

The output is a space-separated integer of the matching bases at the same positions in both sequences.

Refer to the sample output for format specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 4
5 1 8 4
4
4 1 8 2

Output: 1 8

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n = int(input())
seq1 = tuple(map(int, input().split()))
m = int(input())
seq2 = tuple(map(int, input().split()))
matching_bases = [seq1[i] for i in range(min(n, m)) if seq1[i] == seq2[i]]
print(" ".join(map(str, matching_bases)))
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

3. Problem Statement

Alex is tasked with managing the membership lists of several exclusive clubs. Each club has its own list of members, and Alex needs to determine the unique members who are part of exactly one club when considering all clubs together.

Your goal is to help Alex by writing a program that calculates the symmetric difference of membership lists from multiple clubs and then finds the total number of unique members.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer k, representing the number of clubs.

The next k lines each contain a space-separated list of integers, where each integer represents a member's ID.

Output Format

The first line of output displays the symmetric difference of the membership lists as a set.

The second line displays the sum of the elements in this symmetric difference.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3
1 2 3
2 3 4
5 6 7
Output: {1, 4, 5, 6, 7}
23

Answer

```
# You are using Python
k = int(input())
clubs = [set(map(int, input().split())) for _ in range(k)]
symmetric_difference = clubs[0]
for club in clubs[1:]:
    symmetric_difference ^= club
print(symmetric_difference)
print(sum(symmetric_difference))
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

4. Problem Statement

James is an engineer working on designing a new rocket propulsion system. He needs to solve a quadratic equation to determine the optimal launch trajectory. The equation is of the form ax2 +bx+c=0.

Your task is to help James find the roots of this quadratic equation. Depending on the discriminant, the roots might be real and distinct, real and equal, or complex. Implement a program to determine and display the roots of the equation based on the given coefficients.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of coefficients.

The second line contains three space-separated integers a,b, and c representing the coefficients of the quadratic equation.

Output Format

The output displays:

1. If the discriminant is positive, display the two real roots.
2. If the discriminant is zero, display the repeated real root.
3. If the discriminant is negative, display the complex roots as a tuple with real and imaginary parts.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 3
1 5 6
Output: (-2.0, -3.0)

Answer

```
# You are using Python
import math
```

```
N = int(input())
a, b, c = map(int, input().split())

discriminant = b**2 - 4*a*c

if discriminant > 0:
    root1 = (-b + math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
    root2 = (-b - math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
    print((max(root1, root2), min(root1, root2)))
elif discriminant == 0:
    root = -b / (2*a)
    print((root, root))
else:
    real = -b / (2*a)
    imaginary = math.sqrt(abs(discriminant)) / (2*a)
    print(((real, imaginary), (real, -imaginary)))
```

Status : Correct **Marks : 10/10**