

**GNANAMANI COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**DEPARTMENT OF AI&DS**  
**AL3461 -MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY**

**EXNO:1**

```
import csv
a = []
with open('enjoysport.csv', 'r') as csvfile:
    for row in csv.reader(csvfile):
        a.append(row)
        print(a)
print("\n The total number of training instances are : ",len(a))
num_attribute = len(a[0])-1
print("\n The initial hypothesis is : ")
hypothesis = ['0']*num_attribute
print(hypothesis)
for i in range(0, len(a)):
    if a[i][num_attribute] == 'yes':
        for j in range(0, num_attribute):
            if hypothesis[j] == '0' or hypothesis[j] == a[i][j]:
                hypothesis[j] = a[i][j]
            else:
                hypothesis[j] = '?'
print("\n The hypothesis for the training instance {} is :\n" .format(i+1),hypothesis)
print("\n The Maximally specific hypothesis for the training instance is ")
print(hypothesis)
```

**OUTPUT:**

```
[['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes']]
[['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes'], ['Sunny', 'Warm', 'High', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes']]
[['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes'], ['Sunny', 'Warm', 'High', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes'], ['Rainy', 'Cold', 'High', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Change', 'No']]
[['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes'], ['Sunny', 'Warm', 'High', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same', 'Yes'], ['Rainy', 'Cold', 'High', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Change', 'No'], ['Sunny', 'Warm', 'High', 'Strong', 'Cool', 'Change', 'Yes']]
```

The total number of training instances are : 4

The initial hypothesis is :

['0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0']

The hypothesis for the training instance 4 is :

['0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0']

The Maximally specific hypothesis for the training instance is

['0', '0', '0', '0', '0', '0']

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**EXNO:1**

**For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.**

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
data = pd.DataFrame(data=pd.read_csv('enjoysport.csv'))
concepts = np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
print(concepts)
target = np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
print(target)
def learn(concepts, target):
    specific_h = concepts[0].copy()
    print("initialization of specific_h and general_h")
    print(specific_h)
    general_h = [['?' for i in range(len(specific_h))] for i in
range(len(specific_h))]
    print(general_h)
    for i, h in enumerate(concepts):
        if target[i] == "yes":
            for x in range(len(specific_h)):
                if h[x] != specific_h[x]:
                    specific_h[x] = '?'
                    general_h[x][x] = '?'
            print(specific_h)
        print(specific_h)
        if target[i] == "no":
            for x in range(len(specific_h)):
                if h[x] != specific_h[x]:
                    general_h[x][x] = specific_h[x]
            else:
                general_h[x][x] = '?'
        print(" steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm",i+1)
        print(specific_h)
        print(general_h)
    indices = [i for i, val in enumerate(general_h) if val ==['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
    for i in indices:
        general_h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
    return specific_h, general_h
s_final, g_final = learn(concepts, target)
print("Final Specific_h:", s_final, sep="\n")
print("Final General_h:", g_final, sep="\n")
```

**OUTPUT:**

```
[['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']
 ['Rainy' 'Cold' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Change']
```

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['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Cool' 'Change']]

['Yes' 'No' 'Yes']

initialization of specific\_h and general\_h

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 1

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 2

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 3

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Final Specific\_h:

['Sunny' 'Warm' 'High' 'Strong' 'Warm' 'Same']

Final General\_h:

[]

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**EXNO:1a**

For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.

**PROGRAM CODE:**

```
import csv

with open("trainingdata.csv") as f:
    csv_file=csv.reader(f)
    data=list(csv_file)

    s=data[1][:-1]
    g=[['?' for i in range(len(s))] for j in range(len(s))]

    for i in data:
        if i[-1]=="Yes":
            for j in range(len(s)):
                if i[j]!=s[j]:
                    s[j]='?'
                    g[j][j]='?'

        elif i[-1]=="No":
            for j in range(len(s)):
                if i[j]!=s[j]:
                    g[j][j]=s[j]
                else:
                    g[j][j]='?'
            print("\nSteps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm",data.index(i)+1)
            print(s)
            print(g)
            gh=[]
            for i in g:
                for j in i:
                    if j!='?':
                        gh.append(i)
                        break
            print("\nFinal specific hypothesis:\n",s)
```

**OUTPUT:**

Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 1

['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 2

['Sunny', 'Warm', 'Normal', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same']

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[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 3

['Sunny', 'Warm', '?', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same']

[[ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 4

['Sunny', 'Warm', '?', 'Strong', 'Warm', 'Same']

[[ 'Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm 5

['Sunny', 'Warm', '?', 'Strong', '?', '?']

[[ 'Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

Final specific hypothesis:

['Sunny', 'Warm', '?', 'Strong', '?', '?']

Final general hypothesis:

[[ 'Sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?' ], [ '?', 'Warm', '?', '?', '?', '?' ]]

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**EXNO:2**

**Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.**

```
import math
import csv

def load_csv(filename):
    lines=csv.reader(open(filename,"r"));
    dataset = list(lines)
    headers = dataset.pop(0)
    return dataset,headers

class Node:
    def init (self,attribute):
        self.attribute=attribute
        self.children=[]
        self.answer=""

def subtables(data,col,delete):
    dic={}
    coldata=[row[col] for row in data]
    attr=list(set(coldata))

    counts=[0]*len(attr)
    r=len(data)
    c=len(data[0])
    for x in range(len(attr)):
        for y in range(r):
            if data[y][col]==attr[x]:
                counts[x]+=1

    for x in range(len(attr)):
        dic[attr[x]]=[[0 for i in range(c)] for j in range(counts[x])]
        pos=0
        for y in range(r):
            if data[y][col]==attr[x]:
                if delete:
                    del data[y][col]
                dic[attr[x]][pos]=data[y]
                pos+=1
    return attr,dic

def entropy(S):
    attr=list(set(S))
    if len(attr)==1:
        return 0

    counts=[0,0]
```

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```
for i in range(2):
    counts[i]=sum([1 for x in S if attr[i]==x])/(len(S)*1.0)

sums=0
for cnt in counts:
    sums+=-1*cnt*math.log(cnt,2)
return sums
```

```
def compute_gain(data,col):
    attr,dic = subtables(data,col,delete=False)
    total_size=len(data)
    entropies=[0]*len(attr)
    ratio=[0]*len(attr)
    total_entropy=entropy([row[-1] for row in data])
    for x in range(len(attr)):
        ratio[x]=len(dic[attr[x]])/(total_size*1.0)
        entropies[x]=entropy([row[-1] for row in
dic[attr[x]]])
    total_entropy-=ratio[x]*entropies[x]
    return total_entropy
```

```
def build_tree(data,features):
    lastcol=[row[-1] for row in data]
    if(len(set(lastcol))==1):
        node=Node("")
        node.answer=lastcol[0]
        return node
    n=len(data[0])-1
    gains=[0]*n
    for col in range(n):
        gains[col]=compute_gain(data,col)
    split=gains.index(max(gains))
    node=Node(features[split])
    fea = features[:split]+features[split+1:]
    attr,dic=subtables(data,split,delete=True)
    for x in range(len(attr)):
        child=build_tree(dic[attr[x]],fea)
        node.children.append((attr[x],child))
    return node
```

```
def print_tree(node,level):
    if node.answer!="":
        print("    "*level,node.answer)
        return
    print("    "*level,node.attribute)
    for value,n in node.children:
        print("    "*(level+1),value)
        print_tree(n,level+2)
```

```
def classify(node,x_test,features):
    if node.answer!="":
        print(node.answer)
    return
```

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```
pos=features.index(node.attribute)
for value, n in node.children:
    if x_test[pos]==value:
        classify(n,x_test,features)

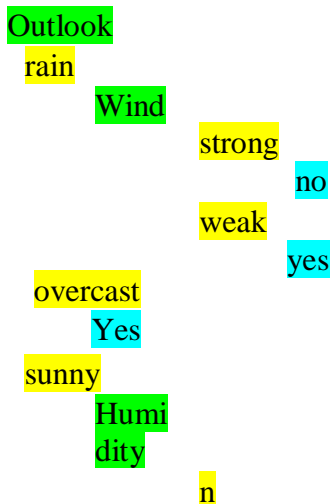
"""Main program"""
dataset,features=load_csv("id3.csv")
node1=build_tree(dataset,features)
print("The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is")
print_tree(node1,0)
testdata,features=load_csv("id3_test_1.csv")
for xtest in testdata:
    print("The test instance:",xtest)
    print("The label for test instance:",end=" ")
    classify(node1,xtest,features)
```

**Output:**

The test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong']The  
label for test instance: no

The test instance: ['sunny', 'mild', 'normal', 'strong']The  
label for test instance: yes

The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is





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**EXNO:3**

**Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.**

```
import numpy as np
X = np.array([[2, 9], [1, 5], [3, 6]], dtype=float)
y = np.array([92, 86, 89], dtype=float)
X = X/np.amax(X,axis=0) # maximum of X array longitudinally
y = y/100

#Sigmoid Function
def sigmoid (x):
    return 1/(1 + np.exp(-x))

#Derivative of Sigmoid Function
def derivatives_sigmoid(x):
    return x * (1 - x)

#Variable initialization
epoch=5000 #Setting training iterations
lr=0.1 #Setting learning rate
inputlayer_neurons = 2
hiddenlayer_neurons = 3
output_neurons = 1

#weight and bias initialization
wh=np.random.uniform(size=(inputlayer_neurons,hiddenlayer_neurons))
bh=np.random.uniform(size=(1,hiddenlayer_neurons))
wout=np.random.uniform(size=(hiddenlayer_neurons,output_neurons))
bout=np.random.uniform(size=(1,output_neurons))

#draws a random range of numbers uniformly of dim x*y
for i in range(epoch):
    hinp1=np.dot(X,wh)
    hinp=hinp1 + bh
    hlayer_act = sigmoid(hinp)
    outinp1=np.dot(hlayer_act,wout)
    outinp= outinp1+ bout
    output = sigmoid(outinp)

    EO = y-output
    outgrad = derivatives_sigmoid(output)
    d_output = EO* outgrad
    EH = d_output.dot(wout.T)
```

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```
hiddengrad = derivatives_sigmoid(hlayer_act)
d_hiddenlayer = EH * hiddengrad
wout += hlayer_act.T.dot(d_output) *lr
wh += X.T.dot(d_hiddenlayer) *lr
```

```
print("Input: \n" + str(X))
print("Actual Output: \n" + str(y))
print("Predicted Output: \n" ,output)
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

**Input:**

```
[[0.66666667 1.      ]
 [0.33333333 0.55555556]
 [1.      0.66666667]]
```

**Actual Output:**

```
[[0.92]
 [0.86]
 [0.89]]
```

**Predicted Output:**

```
[[0.89539416]
 [0.87961524]
 [0.8951819  ]]
```

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**EXNO:4**

**Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set**

**stored as a .CSV file and compute the accuracy with a few test data sets.**

```
import csv
import random
import math

def loadcsv(filename):
    lines = csv.reader(open(filename, "r"));
    dataset = list(lines)
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        dataset[i] = [float(x) for x in dataset[i]]
    return dataset

def splitdataset(dataset, splitratio):
    trainsize = int(len(dataset) * splitratio);
    trainset = []
    copy = list(dataset);
    while len(trainset) < trainsize:
        index = random.randrange(len(copy));
        trainset.append(copy.pop(index))
    return [trainset, copy]

def separatebyclass(dataset):
    separated = { }
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        vector = dataset[i]
        if (vector[-1] not in separated):
            separated[vector[-1]] = []
        separated[vector[-1]].append(vector)
    return separated

def mean(numbers):
    return sum(numbers)/float(len(numbers))

def stdev(numbers):
    avg = mean(numbers)
    variance = sum([pow(x-avg,2) for x in numbers])/float(len(numbers)-1)
    return math.sqrt(variance)

def summarize(dataset): #creates a dictionary of classes
    summaries = [(mean(attribute), stdev(attribute)) for attribute in
zip(*dataset)];
    del summaries[-1] #excluding labels +ve or -ve
    return summaries
```

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```
def summarizebyclass(dataset):
    separated = separatebyclass(dataset); #print(separated)
    summaries = {}
    for classvalue, instances in separated.items():
        summaries[classvalue] = summarize(instances) #summarize is used to cal to
mean and std
    return summaries

def calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev):
    exponent = math.exp(-(math.pow(x-mean,2)/
(2*math.pow(stdev,2))))
    return (1 / (math.sqrt(2*math.pi) * stdev)) * exponent

def calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector):
    probabilities = {}
    for classvalue, classsummaries in summaries.items():
        probabilities[classvalue] = 1
        for i in range(len(classsummaries)):
            mean, stdev = classsummaries[i]
            x = inputvector[i] #testvector's first attribute
            probabilities[classvalue]
            calculateprobability(x, mean, stdev);
    return probabilities

def predict(summaries, inputvector):
    probabilities = calculateclassprobabilities(summaries, inputvector)
    bestLabel, bestProb = None, -1
    for classvalue, probability in probabilities.items():
        if bestLabel is None or probability > bestProb:
            bestProb = probability
            bestLabel = classvalue
    return bestLabel

def getpredictions(summaries, testset):
    predictions = []
    for i in range(len(testset)):
        result = predict(summaries, testset[i])
        predictions.append(result)
    return predictions

def getaccuracy(testset, predictions):
    correct = 0
    for i in range(len(testset)):
        if testset[i][-1] == predictions[i]:
            correct += 1
    return (correct/float(len(testset))) * 100.0

def main():
```

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```
filename = 'naivedata.csv'
splitratio = 0.67
dataset = loadcsv(filename);

trainingset, testset = splitdataset(dataset, splitratio)
print('Split {0} rows into train={1} and test={2}rows'.format(len(dataset),
len(trainingset), len(testset)))
# prepare model
summaries = summarizebyclass(trainingset);
#print(summaries)
# test model
predictions = getpredictions(summaries, testset) #find the predictions of test data
with the training data
accuracy = getaccuracy(testset, predictions)
print('Accuracy of the classifier is :{0}%'.format(accuracy))
main()
```

**Output:**

**Split 768 rows into train=514 and test=254rows**  
**Accuracy of the classifier is :63.38582677165354%**

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**EXNO:5**

Implement naïve Bayesian Classifier model to classify a set of documents and measure the accuracy, precision, and recall.

```
import pandas as pd
msg=pd.read_csv('naivetext.csv',names=['message','label'])
print('The dimensions of the dataset',msg.shape)
msg['labelnum']=msg.label.map({'pos':1,'neg':0})
X=msg.message
y=msg.labelnum

print(X)
print(y)

#splitting the dataset into train and test data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
xtrain,xtest,ytrain,ytest=train_test_split(X,y)

print ('\n The total number of Training Data :',ytrain.shape)
print ('\n The total number of Test Data :',ytest.shape)

#output of count vectoriser is a sparse matrix
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
count_vect = CountVectorizer()
xtrain_dtm = count_vect.fit_transform(xtrain)
xtest_dtm=count_vect.transform(xtest)
print('\n The words or Tokens in the text documents \n')
print(count_vect.get_feature_names())

df=pd.DataFrame(xtrain_dtm.toarray(),columns=count_vect.get_feature_names())

# Training Naive Bayes (NB) classifier on training data.
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
clf = MultinomialNB().fit(xtrain_dtm,ytrain)
predicted = clf.predict(xtest_dtm)

#printing accuracy, Confusion matrix, Precision and Recall
from sklearn import metrics
print('\n Accuracy of the classifier is',
metrics.accuracy_score(ytest,predicted))
print('\n Confusion matrix')
print(metrics.confusion_matrix(ytest,predicted))
```

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```
print('\n The value of Precision' , metrics.precision_score(ytest,predicted))
```

```
print('\n The value of Recall' , metrics.recall_score(ytest,predicted))
```

**Output:**

The dimensions of the dataset (18, 2)

```
0    I love this sandwich
1    This is an amazing place
2    I feel very good about these beers
3    This is my best work
4    What an awesome view
5    I do not like this restaurant
6    I am tired of this stuff
7    I can't deal with this
8    He is my sworn enemy
9    My boss is horrible
10   This is an awesome place
11   I do not like the taste of this juice
12   I love to dance
13   I am sick and tired of this place
14   What a great holiday
15   That is a bad locality to stay
16   We will have good fun tomorrow
17   I went to my enemy's house today
```

Name: message, dtype: object

```
0    1
1    1
2    1
3    1
4    1
5    0
6    0
7    0
8    0
9    0
10   1
11   0
12   1
13   0
14   1
15   0
16   1
17   0
```

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Name: labelnum, dtype: int64

The total number of Training Data : (13,)

The total number of Test Data : (5,)

The words or Tokens in the text documents

['am', 'amazing', 'an', 'awesome', 'bad', 'best', 'dance', 'do', 'enemy', 'fun', 'good', 'great', 'have', 'he', 'holiday', 'house', 'is', 'juice', 'like', 'locality', 'love', 'my', 'not', 'of', 'place', 'restaurant', 'sandwich', 'stay', 'stuff', 'sworn', 'taste', 'that', 'the', 'this', 'tired', 'to', 'today', 'tomorrow', 'we', 'went', 'what', 'will', 'work']

Accuracy of the classifier is 0.6

Confusion matrix

```
[[1 2]
 [0 2]]
```

The value of Precision 0.5

The value of Recall 1.0



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**EXNO:6**

**Write a program to construct a Bayesian network to diagnose CORONA infection using standard WHO Data Set.**

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import csv
from pgmpy.estimators import MaximumLikelihoodEstimator
from pgmpy.models import BayesianModel
from pgmpy.inference import VariableElimination
heartDisease = pd.read_csv('heart.csv')
heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?', np.nan)
print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below')
print(heartDisease.head())
print('\n Attributes and datatypes')
print(heartDisease.dtypes)
model =
BayesianModel([('age', 'heartdisease'), ('sex', 'heartdisease'), ('exang', 'heartdisease'), ('cp', '
heartdisease'), ('heartdisease', 'restecg'), ('heartdisease', 'chol')])
print('\n Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators')
model.fit(heartDisease, estimator=MaximumLikelihoodEstimator)
print('\n Inferencing with Bayesian Network:')
HeartDiseasetest_infer = VariableElimination(model)
print('\n 1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg :1')
q1=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'], evidence={'restecg':1})
print(q1)
print('\n 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp:2 ')
q2=HeartDiseasetest_infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'], evidence={'cp':2})
print(q2)
```

**Output:**

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```
===== RESTART: E:\ML Lab - 2020-21\MLLab-7\ML7.py =====
Few examples from the dataset are given below
   age  sex  cp  trestbps  chol  ...  oldpeak  slope  ca  thal  heartdisease
0   63   1   1     145    233  ...    2.3     3     0    6         0
1   67   1   4     160    286  ...    1.5     2     3    3         2
2   67   1   4     120    229  ...    2.6     2     2    7         1
3   37   1   3     130    250  ...    3.5     3     0    3         0
4   41   0   2     130    204  ...    1.4     1     0    3         0

[5 rows x 14 columns]

Attributes and datatypes
age          int64
sex          int64
cp           int64
trestbps     int64
chol         int64
fbs          int64
restecg      int64
thalach      int64
exang        int64
oldpeak      float64
slope        int64
ca           object
thal         object
heartdisease int64
dtype: object
```

Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators

Inferencing with Bayesian Network:

1. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg

```
+-----+-----+
| heartdisease | phi(heartdisease) |
+=====+=====+
| heartdisease(0) | 0.1012 |
+-----+-----+
| heartdisease(1) | 0.0000 |
+-----+-----+
| heartdisease(2) | 0.2392 |
+-----+-----+
| heartdisease(3) | 0.2015 |
+-----+-----+
| heartdisease(4) | 0.4581 |
+-----+-----+
```

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#### 2. Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp

heartdisease	phi(heartdisease)
heartdisease(0)	0.3610
heartdisease(1)	0.2159
heartdisease(2)	0.1373
heartdisease(3)	0.1537
heartdisease(4)	0.1321

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**EXNO:7**

**Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using the k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms.**

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
import sklearn.metrics as sm
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
dataset=load_iris()
# print(dataset)
X=pd.DataFrame(dataset.data)
X.columns=['Sepal_Length','Sepal_Width','Petal_Length','Petal_Width']
y=pd.DataFrame(dataset.target)
y.columns=['Targets']
# print(X)
plt.figure(figsize=(14,7))
colormap=np.array(['red','lime','black'])

# REAL PLOT
plt.subplot(1,3,1)
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[y.Targets],s=40)
plt.title('Real')

# K-PLOT
plt.subplot(1,3,2)
model=KMeans(n_clusters=3)
model.fit(X)
predY=np.choose(model.labels_,[0,1,2]).astype(np.int64)
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[predY],s=40)
plt.title('KMeans')

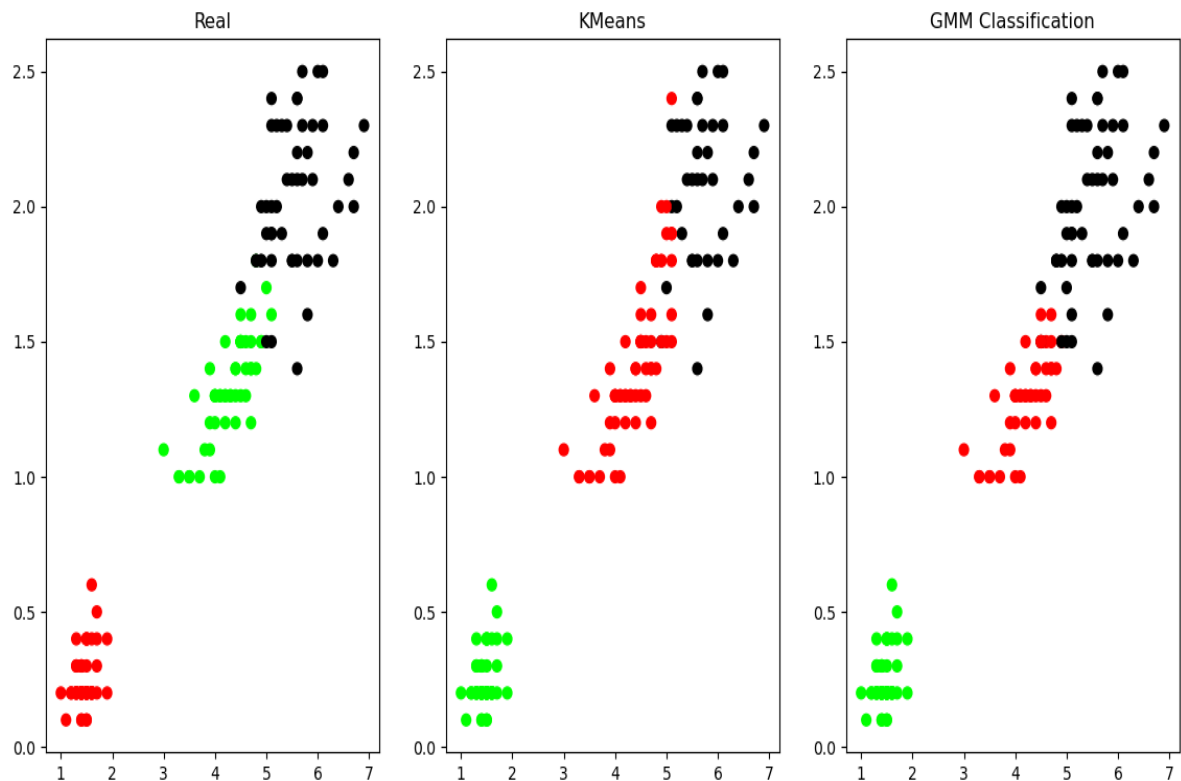
# GMM PLOT
scaler=preprocessing.StandardScaler()
scaler.fit(X)
xsa=scaler.transform(X)
xs=pd.DataFrame(xsa,columns=X.columns)
gmm=GaussianMixture(n_components=3)
gmm.fit(xs)
y_cluster_gmm=gmm.predict(xs)
```

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```
plt.subplot(1,3,3)  
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length,X.Petal_Width,c=colormap[y_cluster_gmm],s=40)  
plt.title('GMM Classification')
```

**Output:**

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'GMM Classification')



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**EXNO:8**

**Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions.**

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn import datasets

iris=datasets.load_iris()

x = iris.data
y = iris.target

print ('sepal-length', 'sepal-width', 'petal-length', 'petal-width')
print(x)
print('class: 0-Iris-Setosa, 1- Iris-Versicolour, 2- Iris-Virginica')
print(y)

x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)

#To Training the model and Nearest nighbors K=5
classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
classifier.fit(x_train, y_train)

#to make predictions on our test data
y_pred=classifier.predict(x_test)
print('Confusion Matrix')
print(confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred))
print('Accuracy Metrics')
print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
```

**Output:**

```
sepal-length sepal-width petal-length petal-width
[[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2]
 [4.9 3.  1.4 0.2]
 [4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2]
 [4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2]
 [5.  3.6 1.4 0.2]
 [5.4 3.9 1.7 0.4]
 [4.6 3.4 1.4 0.3]
```

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[5. 3.4 1.5 0.2]  
[4.4 2.9 1.4 0.2]  
[4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1]  
[5.4 3.7 1.5 0.2]  
[4.8 3.4 1.6 0.2]  
[4.8 3. 1.4 0.1]  
[4.3 3. 1.1 0.1]  
[5.8 4. 1.2 0.2]  
[5.7 4.4 1.5 0.4]  
[5.4 3.9 1.3 0.4]  
[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.3]  
[5.7 3.8 1.7 0.3]  
[5.1 3.8 1.5 0.3]  
[5.4 3.4 1.7 0.2]  
[5.1 3.7 1.5 0.4]  
[4.6 3.6 1. 0.2]  
[5.1 3.3 1.7 0.5]  
[4.8 3.4 1.9 0.2]  
[5. 3. 1.6 0.2]  
[5. 3.4 1.6 0.4]  
[5.2 3.5 1.5 0.2]  
[5.2 3.4 1.4 0.2]  
[4.7 3.2 1.6 0.2]  
[4.8 3.1 1.6 0.2]  
[5.4 3.4 1.5 0.4]  
[5.2 4.1 1.5 0.1]  
[5.5 4.2 1.4 0.2]  
[4.9 3.1 1.5 0.2]  
[5. 3.2 1.2 0.2]  
[5.5 3.5 1.3 0.2]  
[4.9 3.6 1.4 0.1]  
[4.4 3. 1.3 0.2]  
[5.1 3.4 1.5 0.2]  
[5. 3.5 1.3 0.3]  
[4.5 2.3 1.3 0.3]  
[4.4 3.2 1.3 0.2]  
[5. 3.5 1.6 0.6]  
[5.1 3.8 1.9 0.4]  
[4.8 3. 1.4 0.3]  
[5.1 3.8 1.6 0.2]  
[4.6 3.2 1.4 0.2]  
[5.3 3.7 1.5 0.2]  
[5. 3.3 1.4 0.2]  
[7. 3.2 4.7 1.4]  
[6.4 3.2 4.5 1.5]  
[6.9 3.1 4.9 1.5]  
[5.5 2.3 4. 1.3]

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[6.5 2.8 4.6 1.5]  
[5.7 2.8 4.5 1.3]  
[6.3 3.3 4.7 1.6]  
[4.9 2.4 3.3 1. ]  
[6.6 2.9 4.6 1.3]  
[5.2 2.7 3.9 1.4]  
[5. 2. 3.5 1. ]  
[5.9 3. 4.2 1.5]  
[6. 2.2 4. 1. ]  
[6.1 2.9 4.7 1.4]  
[5.6 2.9 3.6 1.3]  
[6.7 3.1 4.4 1.4]  
[5.6 3. 4.5 1.5]  
[5.8 2.7 4.1 1. ]  
[6.2 2.2 4.5 1.5]  
[5.6 2.5 3.9 1.1]  
[5.9 3.2 4.8 1.8]  
[6.1 2.8 4. 1.3]  
[6.3 2.5 4.9 1.5]  
[6.1 2.8 4.7 1.2]  
[6.4 2.9 4.3 1.3]  
[6.6 3. 4.4 1.4]  
[6.8 2.8 4.8 1.4]  
[6.7 3. 5. 1.7]  
[6. 2.9 4.5 1.5]  
[5.7 2.6 3.5 1. ]  
[5.5 2.4 3.8 1.1]  
[5.5 2.4 3.7 1. ]  
[5.8 2.7 3.9 1.2]  
[6. 2.7 5.1 1.6]  
[5.4 3. 4.5 1.5]  
[6. 3.4 4.5 1.6]  
[6.7 3.1 4.7 1.5]  
[6.3 2.3 4.4 1.3]  
[5.6 3. 4.1 1.3]  
[5.5 2.5 4. 1.3]  
[5.5 2.6 4.4 1.2]  
[6.1 3. 4.6 1.4]  
[5.8 2.6 4. 1.2]  
[5. 2.3 3.3 1. ]  
[5.6 2.7 4.2 1.3]  
[5.7 3. 4.2 1.2]  
[5.7 2.9 4.2 1.3]  
[6.2 2.9 4.3 1.3]  
[5.1 2.5 3. 1.1]  
[5.7 2.8 4.1 1.3]  
[6.3 3.3 6. 2.5]



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[5.8 2.7 5.1 1.9]  
[7.1 3. 5.9 2.1]  
[6.3 2.9 5.6 1.8]  
[6.5 3. 5.8 2.2]  
[7.6 3. 6.6 2.1]  
[4.9 2.5 4.5 1.7]  
[7.3 2.9 6.3 1.8]  
[6.7 2.5 5.8 1.8]  
[7.2 3.6 6.1 2.5]  
[6.5 3.2 5.1 2. ]  
[6.4 2.7 5.3 1.9]  
[6.8 3. 5.5 2.1]  
[5.7 2.5 5. 2. ]  
[5.8 2.8 5.1 2.4]  
[6.4 3.2 5.3 2.3]  
[6.5 3. 5.5 1.8]  
[7.7 3.8 6.7 2.2]  
[7.7 2.6 6.9 2.3]  
[6. 2.2 5. 1.5]  
[6.9 3.2 5.7 2.3]  
[5.6 2.8 4.9 2. ]  
[7.7 2.8 6.7 2. ]  
[6.3 2.7 4.9 1.8]  
[6.7 3.3 5.7 2.1]  
[7.2 3.2 6. 1.8]  
[6.2 2.8 4.8 1.8]  
[6.1 3. 4.9 1.8]  
[6.4 2.8 5.6 2.1]  
[7.2 3. 5.8 1.6]  
[7.4 2.8 6.1 1.9]  
[7.9 3.8 6.4 2. ]  
[6.4 2.8 5.6 2.2]  
[6.3 2.8 5.1 1.5]  
[6.1 2.6 5.6 1.4]  
[7.7 3. 6.1 2.3]  
[6.3 3.4 5.6 2.4]  
[6.4 3.1 5.5 1.8]  
[6. 3. 4.8 1.8]  
[6.9 3.1 5.4 2.1]  
[6.7 3.1 5.6 2.4]  
[6.9 3.1 5.1 2.3]  
[5.8 2.7 5.1 1.9]  
[6.8 3.2 5.9 2.3]  
[6.7 3.3 5.7 2.5]  
[6.7 3. 5.2 2.3]  
[6.3 2.5 5. 1.9]  
[6.5 3. 5.2 2. ]

[illegible]

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**EXNO:9**

**Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select an appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.**

```
import numpy as np
from bokeh.plotting import figure, show, output_notebook
from bokeh.layouts import gridplot
from bokeh.io import push_notebook
def local_regression(x0, X, Y, tau):# add bias term
    x0 = np.r_[1, x0] # Add one to avoid the loss in information
    X = np.c_[np.ones(len(X)), X]
    # fit model: normal equations with kernel
    xw = X.T * radial_kernel(x0, X, tau) # XTranspose * W
    beta = np.linalg.pinv(xw @ X) @ xw @ Y #@ Matrix Multiplication or Dot
    Product
    # predict value
    return x0 @ beta # @ Matrix Multiplication or Dot Product for prediction
def radial_kernel(x0, X, tau):
    return np.exp(np.sum((X - x0) ** 2, axis=1) / (-2 * tau * tau))
n = 1000
# generate dataset
X = np.linspace(-3, 3, num=n)
print("The Data Set ( 10 Samples) X :\n",X[1:10])
Y = np.log(np.abs(X ** 2 - 1) + .5)
print("The Fitting Curve Data Set (10 Samples)Y:\n",Y[1:10])
# jitter X
X += np.random.normal(scale=.1, size=n)
print("Normalised (10 Samples) X :\n",X[1:10])

domain = np.linspace(-3, 3, num=300)
print(" Xo Domain Space(10 Samples) :\n",domain[1:10])
def plot_lwr(tau):
    prediction = [local_regression(x0, X, Y, tau) for x0 in domain]
    plot = figure(plot_width=400, plot_height=400)
    plot.title.text='tau=%g' % tau
    plot.scatter(X, Y, alpha=.3)
    plot.line(domain, prediction, line_width=2, color='red')
    return plot
show(gridplot([[plot_lwr(10.), plot_lwr(1.)],[plot_lwr(0.1), plot_lwr(0.01)]]))
```

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Output:

