## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE (CS)



### NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: MCQ

1. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

#### **Answer**

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

# Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

#### Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is

#### **Answer**

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

#### **Answer**

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
```

```
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
   void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
   int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
   push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
   10
   Status: Correct
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
```

7. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

#### **Answer**

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

#### Answer

First node

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

9. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top

9. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); pop(); pop(); pop(); pop(); push(5);

**Underflow Occurs** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ of the Stack.

Answer

Top

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1

13. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

1
Status: Correct
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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14. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
     printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
     printf("Stack elements: ");
     for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
```

```
printf("\n");
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
    stack[++top] = value;
  }
int main() {
display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
  display();
  return 0;
}
Answer
```

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

**Answer** 

4

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

```
16. What will be the output of the following code?
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
   #define MAX_SIZE 5
   void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
        return;
      stack[++(*top)] = item;
   int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
        return -1;
      return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
      int stack[MAX_SIZE];
      int top = -1;
      push(stack, &top, 10);
      push(stack, &top, 20);
      push(stack, &top, 30);
    printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      return 0;
    Answer
    302010Stack Underflow-1
    Status: Correct
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
```

17. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

#### Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

#### Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*?

#### Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

#### Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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