## **Network Security (Assignment 2)**

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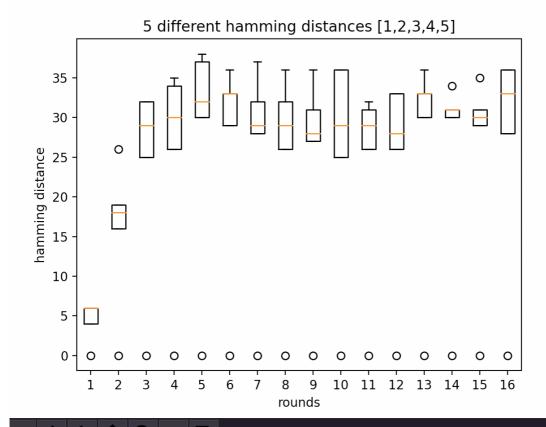
## GitHub Repo

 $\label{limits} \begin{tabular}{lll} GitHub Repo Link - $$\frac{https://github.com/nishantwrp-iitbhu/CSE-537-Network-Security/tree/main/assignment-2 \\ \end{tabular}$ 

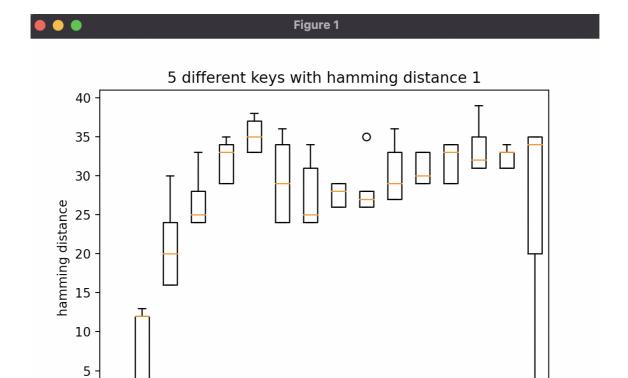
## **Screenshots**



Figure 1









0

6

0

7

0

9

8

rounds

0

10 11 12

0

0

13

0

14

0

15

16

## Source Code

0

```
#Initial permut matrix for the datas
PI = [58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18, 10, 2,
     60, 52, 44, 36, 28, 20, 12, 4,
     62, 54, 46, 38, 30, 22, 14, 6,
     64, 56, 48, 40, 32, 24, 16, 8,
     57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9, 1,
     59, 51, 43, 35, 27, 19, 11, 3,
     61, 53, 45, 37, 29, 21, 13, 5,
     63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15, 7]
#Initial permut made on the key
CP_1 = [57, 49, 41, 33, 25, 17, 9,
       1, 58, 50, 42, 34, 26, 18,
       10, 2, 59, 51, 43, 35, 27,
       19, 11, 3, 60, 52, 44, 36,
        63, 55, 47, 39, 31, 23, 15,
        7, 62, 54, 46, 38, 30, 22,
       14, 6, 61, 53, 45, 37, 29,
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21, 13, 5, 28, 20, 12, 4]
#Permut applied on shifted key to get Ki+1
CP_2 = [14, 17, 11, 24, 1, 5, 3, 28,
       15, 6, 21, 10, 23, 19, 12, 4,
        26, 8, 16, 7, 27, 20, 13, 2,
        41, 52, 31, 37, 47, 55, 30, 40,
        51, 45, 33, 48, 44, 49, 39, 56,
        34, 53, 46, 42, 50, 36, 29, 32]
#Expand matrix to get a 48bits matrix of datas to apply the xor with Ki
E = [32, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
     4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
     8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,
     12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,
    16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
    20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
     24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,
     28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 1]
#SB0X
S_BOX = [
[[14, 4, 13, 1, 2, 15, 11, 8, 3, 10, 6, 12, 5, 9, 0, 7],
[0, 15, 7, 4, 14, 2, 13, 1, 10, 6, 12, 11, 9, 5, 3, 8],
 [4, 1, 14, 8, 13, 6, 2, 11, 15, 12, 9, 7, 3, 10, 5, 0],
[15, 12, 8, 2, 4, 9, 1, 7, 5, 11, 3, 14, 10, 0, 6, 13],
1,
[[15, 1, 8, 14, 6, 11, 3, 4, 9, 7, 2, 13, 12, 0, 5, 10],
[3, 13, 4, 7, 15, 2, 8, 14, 12, 0, 1, 10, 6, 9, 11, 5],
[0, 14, 7, 11, 10, 4, 13, 1, 5, 8, 12, 6, 9, 3, 2, 15],
[13, 8, 10, 1, 3, 15, 4, 2, 11, 6, 7, 12, 0, 5, 14, 9],
1,
[[10, 0, 9, 14, 6, 3, 15, 5, 1, 13, 12, 7, 11, 4, 2, 8],
[13, 7, 0, 9, 3, 4, 6, 10, 2, 8, 5, 14, 12, 11, 15, 1],
[13, 6, 4, 9, 8, 15, 3, 0, 11, 1, 2, 12, 5, 10, 14, 7],
[1, 10, 13, 0, 6, 9, 8, 7, 4, 15, 14, 3, 11, 5, 2, 12],
1,
[[7, 13, 14, 3, 0, 6, 9, 10, 1, 2, 8, 5, 11, 12, 4, 15],
[13, 8, 11, 5, 6, 15, 0, 3, 4, 7, 2, 12, 1, 10, 14, 9],
[10, 6, 9, 0, 12, 11, 7, 13, 15, 1, 3, 14, 5, 2, 8, 4],
[3, 15, 0, 6, 10, 1, 13, 8, 9, 4, 5, 11, 12, 7, 2, 14],
1,
[[2, 12, 4, 1, 7, 10, 11, 6, 8, 5, 3, 15, 13, 0, 14, 9],
[14, 11, 2, 12, 4, 7, 13, 1, 5, 0, 15, 10, 3, 9, 8, 6],
[4, 2, 1, 11, 10, 13, 7, 8, 15, 9, 12, 5, 6, 3, 0, 14],
[11, 8, 12, 7, 1, 14, 2, 13, 6, 15, 0, 9, 10, 4, 5, 3],
1,
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[[12, 1, 10, 15, 9, 2, 6, 8, 0, 13, 3, 4, 14, 7, 5, 11],
[10, 15, 4, 2, 7, 12, 9, 5, 6, 1, 13, 14, 0, 11, 3, 8],
[9, 14, 15, 5, 2, 8, 12, 3, 7, 0, 4, 10, 1, 13, 11, 6],
[4, 3, 2, 12, 9, 5, 15, 10, 11, 14, 1, 7, 6, 0, 8, 13],
1,
[[4, 11, 2, 14, 15, 0, 8, 13, 3, 12, 9, 7, 5, 10, 6, 1],
[13, 0, 11, 7, 4, 9, 1, 10, 14, 3, 5, 12, 2, 15, 8, 6],
[1, 4, 11, 13, 12, 3, 7, 14, 10, 15, 6, 8, 0, 5, 9, 2],
[6, 11, 13, 8, 1, 4, 10, 7, 9, 5, 0, 15, 14, 2, 3, 12],
],
[[13, 2, 8, 4, 6, 15, 11, 1, 10, 9, 3, 14, 5, 0, 12, 7],
[1, 15, 13, 8, 10, 3, 7, 4, 12, 5, 6, 11, 0, 14, 9, 2],
[7, 11, 4, 1, 9, 12, 14, 2, 0, 6, 10, 13, 15, 3, 5, 8],
[2, 1, 14, 7, 4, 10, 8, 13, 15, 12, 9, 0, 3, 5, 6, 11],
1
]
#Permut made after each SBox substitution for each round
P = [16, 7, 20, 21, 29, 12, 28, 17,
    1, 15, 23, 26, 5, 18, 31, 10,
    2, 8, 24, 14, 32, 27, 3, 9,
    19, 13, 30, 6, 22, 11, 4, 25]
#Final permut for datas after the 16 rounds
PI_1 = [40, 8, 48, 16, 56, 24, 64, 32,
       39, 7, 47, 15, 55, 23, 63, 31,
        38, 6, 46, 14, 54, 22, 62, 30,
        37, 5, 45, 13, 53, 21, 61, 29,
       36, 4, 44, 12, 52, 20, 60, 28,
       35, 3, 43, 11, 51, 19, 59, 27,
        34, 2, 42, 10, 50, 18, 58, 26,
        33, 1, 41, 9, 49, 17, 57, 25]
#Matrix that determine the shift for each round of keys
SHIFT = [1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1]
def string_to_bit_array(text):#Convert a string into a list of bits
   array = list()
   for char in text:
        binval = binvalue(char, 8)#Get the char value on one byte
        array.extend([int(x) for x in list(binval)]) #Add the bits to the final list
    return array
def bit_array_to_string(array): #Recreate the string from the bit array
    res = ''.join([chr(int(y,2)) for y in [''.join([str(x) for x in _bytes]) for
_bytes in nsplit(array,8)]])
    return res
def binvalue(val, bitsize): #Return the binary value as a string of the given size
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binval = bin(val)[2:] if isinstance(val, int) else bin(ord(val))[2:]
    if len(binval) > bitsize:
        raise "binary value larger than the expected size"
    while len(binval) < bitsize:</pre>
        binval = "0" + binval #Add as many 0 as needed to get the wanted size
    return binval
def nsplit(s, n):#Split a list into sublists of size "n"
    return [s[k:k+n] for k in range(0, len(s), n)]
ENCRYPT=1
DECRYPT=0
class des():
    def __init__(self):
       self.password = None
        self.text = None
        self.keys = list()
    def run(self, key, text, action=ENCRYPT, padding=False):
        if len(key) < 8:
            raise "Key Should be 8 bytes long"
        elif len(key) > 8:
            key = key[:8] #If key size is above 8bytes, cut to be 8bytes long
        self.password = key
        self.text = text
        rounds = [] # changed
        if padding and action==ENCRYPT:
            self.addPadding()
        elif len(self.text) % 8 != 0:#If not padding specified data size must be
multiple of 8 bytes
            raise "Data size should be multiple of 8"
        self.generatekeys() #Generate all the keys
        text_blocks = nsplit(self.text, 8) #Split the text in blocks of 8 bytes so 64
bits
        result = list()
        # print(len(text_blocks), ' text len')
        for block in text_blocks:#Loop over all the blocks of data
            block = string_to_bit_array(block)#Convert the block in bit array
            block = self.permut(block,PI)#Apply the initial permutation
            g, d = nsplit(block, 32) \#g(LEFT), d(RIGHT)
            tmp = None
            for i in range(16): #Do the 16 rounds
                d_e = self.expand(d, E) #Expand d to match Ki size (48bits)
                if action == ENCRYPT:
                    tmp = self.xor(self.keys[i], d_e)#If encrypt use Ki
                else:
                    tmp = self.xor(self.keys[15-i], d_e)#If decrypt start by the last
```

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key
                tmp = self.substitute(tmp) #Method that will apply the SBOXes
                tmp = self.permut(tmp, P)
                tmp = self.xor(g, tmp)
                g = d
                d = tmp
                # changed until ...
                if len(rounds) <= i:</pre>
                    rounds.append([g, d])
                else:
                    rounds[i] = rounds[i][0]+g, rounds[i][1]+d
                # here
            result += self.permut(d+g, PI_1) #Do the last permut and append the result
to result
        final_res = bit_array_to_string(result)
        if padding and action==DECRYPT:
            return self.removePadding(final_res), rounds #Remove the padding if
decrypt and padding is true (changed)
        else:
            return final_res, rounds #Return the final string of data
ciphered/deciphered (changed)
    def substitute(self, d_e):#Substitute bytes using SBOX
        subblocks = nsplit(d_e, 6)#Split bit array into sublist of 6 bits
        result = list()
        for i in range(len(subblocks)): #For all the sublists
            block = subblocks[i]
            row = int(str(block[0]) + str(block[5]), 2) # Get the row with the first and
last bit
            column = int(''.join([str(x) for x in block[1:][:-1]]), 2) #Column is the
2,3,4,5th bits
            val = S_BOX[i][row][column] #Take the value in the SBOX appropriated for
the round (i)
            bin = binvalue(val, 4)#Convert the value to binary
            result += [int(x) for x in bin]#And append it to the resulting list
        return result
   def permut(self, block, table):#Permut the given block using the given table (so
        return [block[x-1] for x in table]
    def expand(self, block, table): #Do the exact same thing than permut but for more
clarity has been renamed
        return [block[x-1] for x in table]
    def xor(self, t1, t2):#Apply a xor and return the resulting list
        return [x^y for x,y in zip(t1,t2)]
    def generatekeys(self):#Algorithm that generates all the keys
        self.keys = []
        key = string_to_bit_array(self.password)
        key = self.permut(key, CP_1) #Apply the initial permut on the key
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g, d = nsplit(key, 28) #Split it in to (g \rightarrow LEFT), (d \rightarrow RIGHT)
        for i in range(16):#Apply the 16 rounds
            g, d = self.shift(g, d, SHIFT[i]) #Apply the shift associated with the
round (not always 1)
            tmp = g + d \#Merge them
            self.keys.append(self.permut(tmp, CP_2)) #Apply the permut to get the Ki
    def shift(self, g, d, n): #Shift a list of the given value
        return g[n:] + g[:n], d[n:] + d[:n]
    def addPadding(self):#Add padding to the datas using PKCS5 spec.
        pad_len = 8 - (len(self.text) % 8)
        self.text += pad_len * chr(pad_len)
    def removePadding(self, data):#Remove the padding of the plain text (it assume
there is padding)
        pad_len = ord(data[-1])
        return data[:-pad_len]
    def encrypt(self, key, text, padding=False):
        return self.run(key, text, ENCRYPT, padding)
    def decrypt(self, key, text, padding=False):
        return self.run(key, text, DECRYPT, padding)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    key = "secrekey"
    text= "Hello la"
    d = des()
    r, rounds = d.encrypt(key,text)
    r2, roudnds2 = d.decrypt(key,r)
    print("Example")
    print("Key: ", key)
    print("Ciphered: %r" % r)
    print("Deciphered: ", r2)
```

This is the main implementation of the DES algo. Complete code can be found in the GitHub Repo.