

OWASP-ZAP- Web Application Scanner

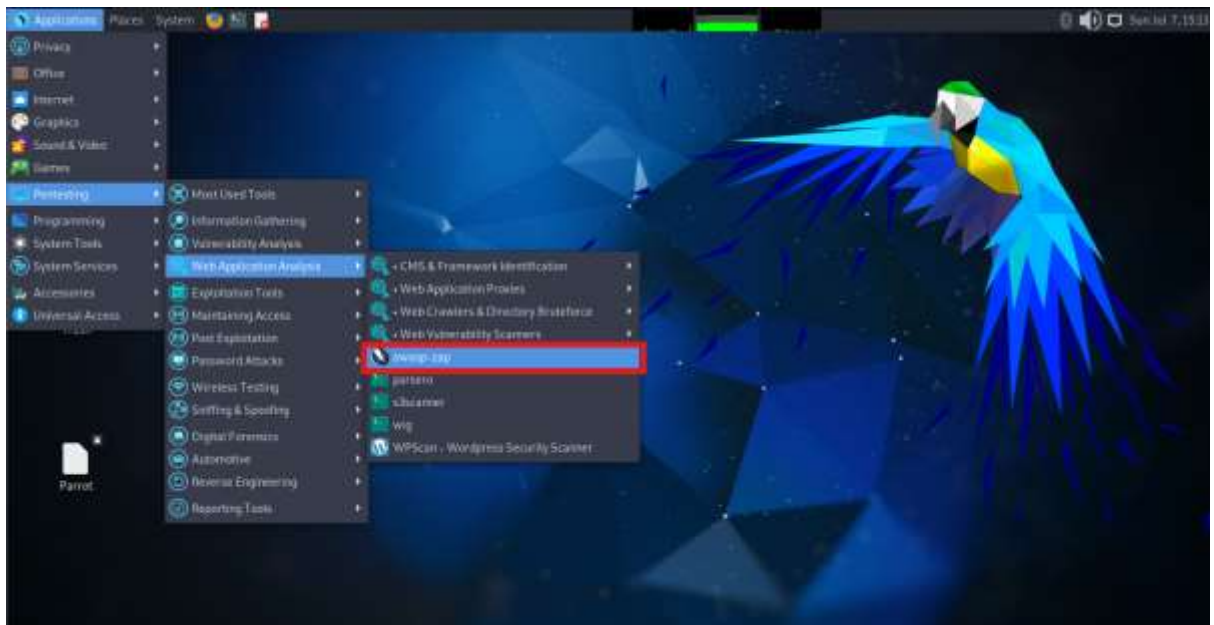
OWASP Zed Attack Proxy (ZAP) is a widely used open-source web application security scanner for Linux, developed under the OWASP (Open Web Application Security Project) umbrella. It is designed to find security vulnerabilities in web applications, making it a valuable tool for security professionals, developers, and QA testers. ZAP provides a range of features including automated scanners to identify common vulnerabilities, a powerful spider to crawl web applications, and a manual testing interface for more advanced analysis. It supports both passive and active scanning, where passive scanning analyzes traffic without interfering with it, while active scanning actively probes the application for vulnerabilities. ZAP also offers a variety of plugins to extend its functionality, integration with other tools through APIs, and a scripting interface for custom tests. Additionally, its user-friendly GUI makes it accessible for users with varying levels of security expertise. Using ZAP, users can conduct comprehensive security assessments of their web applications, helping to identify and remediate potential threats before they can be exploited.

Using OWASP Zed Attack Proxy (ZAP), you can perform a comprehensive range of scans to assess and enhance the security of web applications. The tool supports automated scans, including passive scans that analyze traffic without interfering and active scans that probe for vulnerabilities like

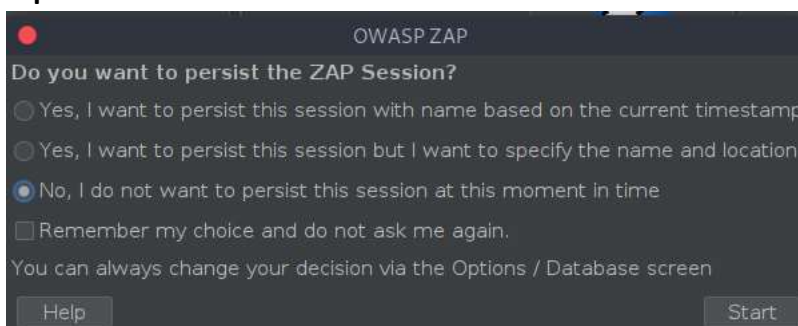
SQL injection, cross-site scripting (XSS), and cross-site request forgery (CSRF). ZAP's spidering and crawling capabilities allow it to map web applications thoroughly, discovering all pages and resources, including those loaded dynamically via JavaScript. Forced browsing attempts to access hidden or unprotected resources by brute-forcing URLs. Additionally, ZAP's fuzzing feature tests the robustness of web applications by sending varied inputs to detect buffer overflows and input validation issues. Port scanning identifies open ports on the target server, uncovering potentially vulnerable services. Authentication and session management testing ensure the strength and security of login mechanisms and session handling. For real-time applications, ZAP includes WebSocket testing to find protocol-specific issues. By leveraging these diverse scanning capabilities, ZAP helps developers and security professionals identify and mitigate security vulnerabilities, ensuring more secure web applications.

Examples: -

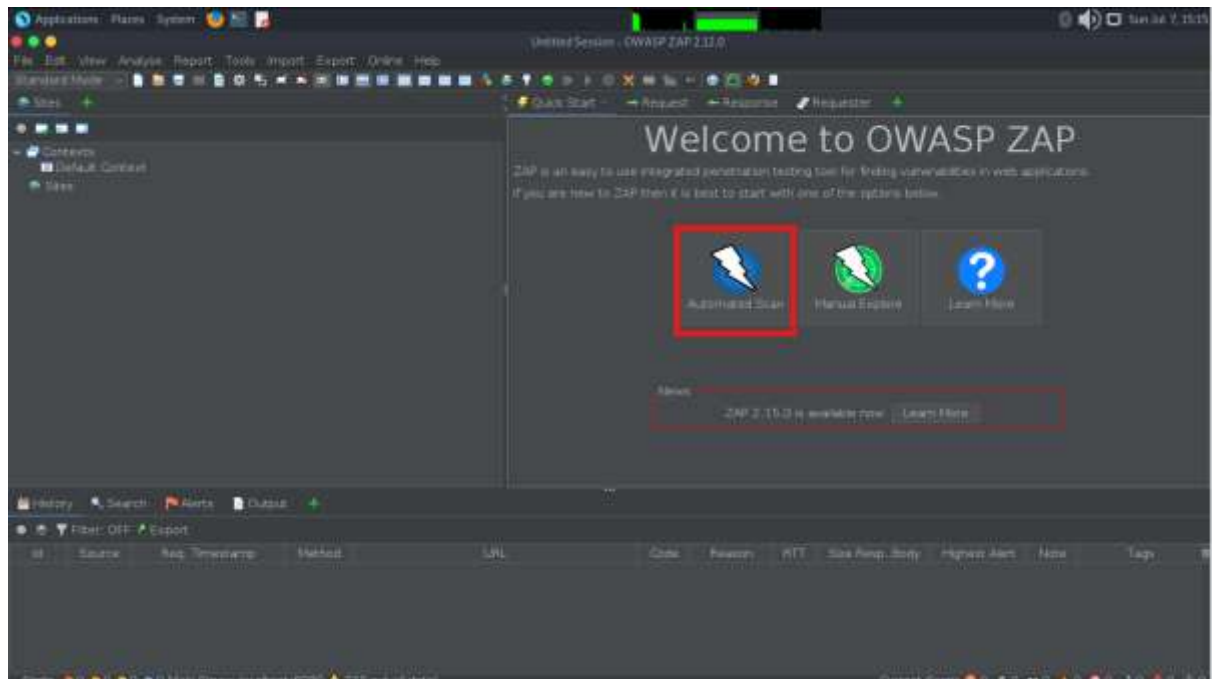
1. OWASP-ZAP is pre-installed tool in Linux Distribution. You can open it from the Application Menu.



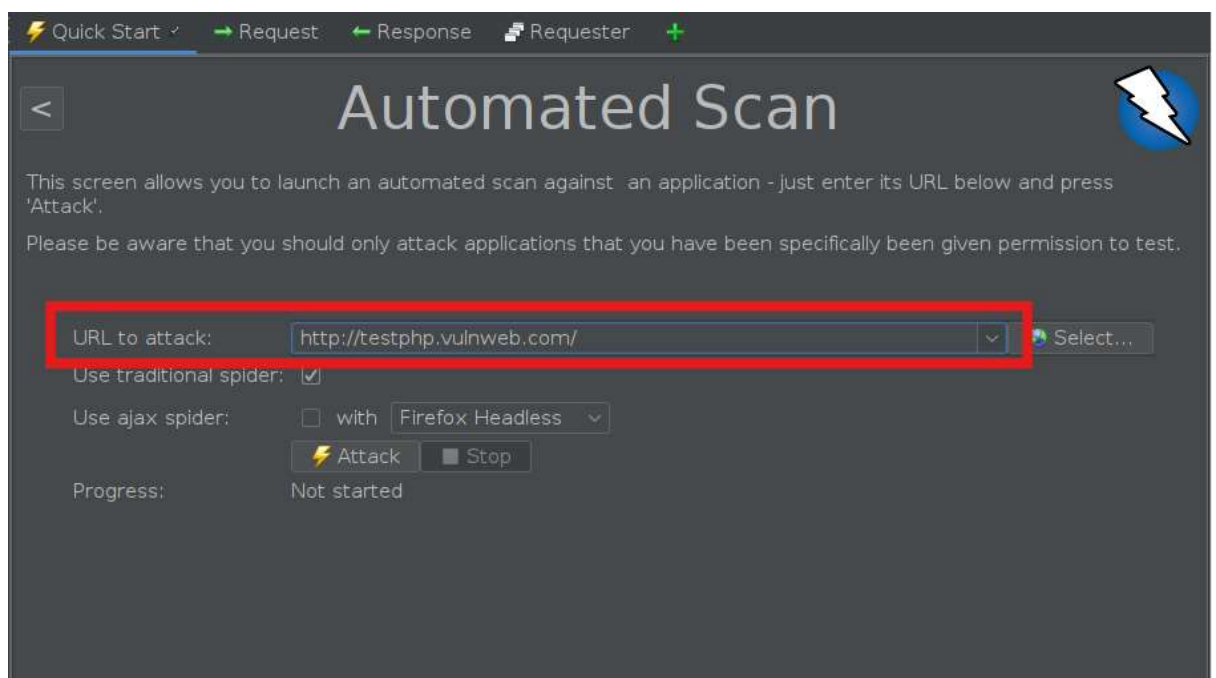
2. Now it will ask about the saving the session. If you want to save the session then choice the option one else option three.



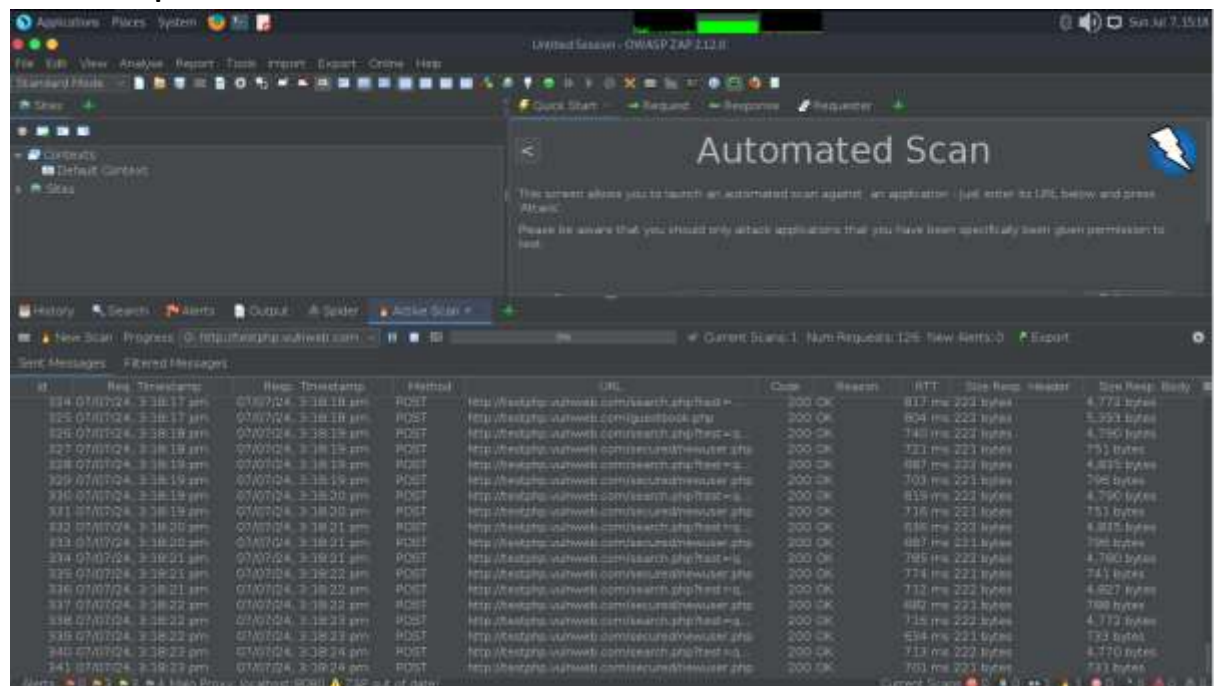
3. In order to perform an Active scan. click the large Automated Scan button.



4. Now give the URL of target web application to perform the scan.



5. It will start an active scan and the result will be display in the output window.



ZAP will proceed to crawl the web application with its spider and passively scan each page it finds. Then ZAP will use the active scanner to attack all of the discovered pages, functionality, and parameters.

The traditional ZAP spider which discovers links by examining the HTML in responses from the web application. This spider is fast, but it is not always effective when exploring an AJAX web application that generates links using JavaScript.