Queue Implementation (<u>f 170</u>)
> Veing Lil
3 2 1 ->
Linked List Linked List Add at front => O(L)
and at touil = 0 (+) 4 Quine
- Toloso Mt foort
→ Delete at touil => O(N) ×
T P P P P
321

Hw: - Enplose internal implementation of Stacks & Queue in your language. Given a stack, Implement a new Stack Ameron mhich allows us to perform getthin() 45, Pour Jun' in O(1) T.C when the D/00) probles)

probles

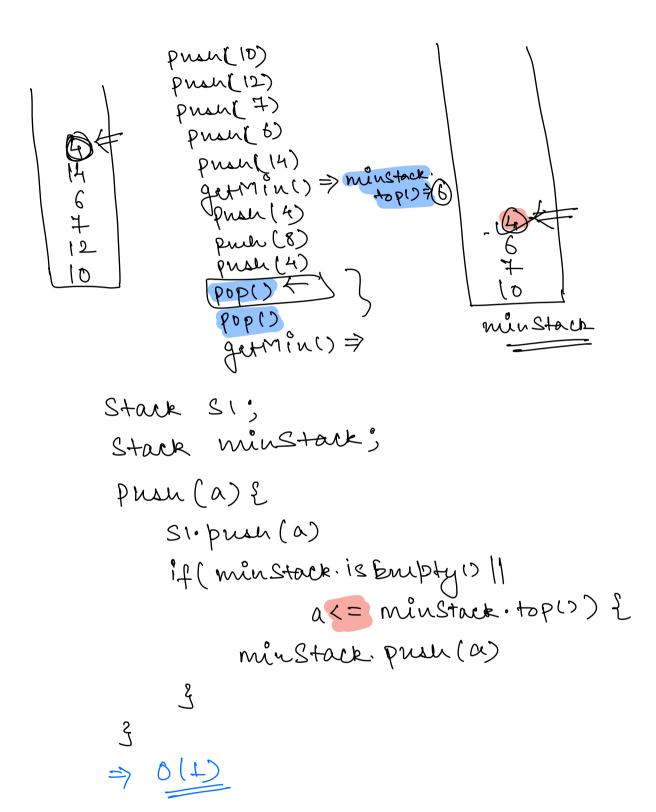
p gnan (3) gettin() => 2 L) 0(1) TC Min Variable min= \$ 10 7 6 prin (10) push (12) print 7) print 6) prome

prome

prop()

pop()

pop() popl) getmin()=76 X



Void pop() {

temp = St. top();

St. pop()

if (temp = minStack.top()) {

minStack.pop();

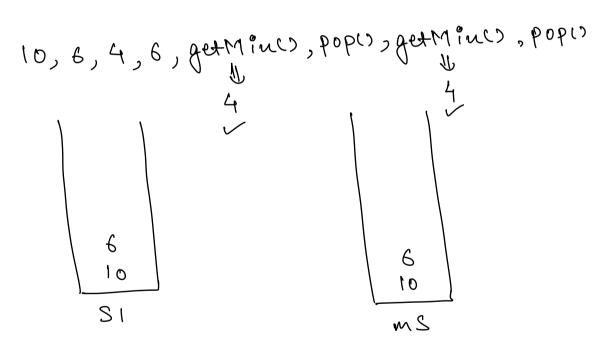
3

> O(1)

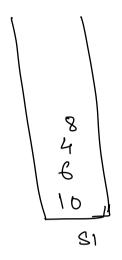
int getMin() {

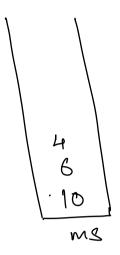
return minStack.top();

}



10, 6, 4, 8, 4, POP(), POP(), POP()





$$T(N) = 2T(N|2) + N$$
 $T(N) = 2[2T(N|4) + \frac{N}{2}] + N$

$$T(N) = 4T(N|4) + 2N.$$

$$= 4\left[2T(N|8) + \frac{N}{4}\right] + 2N.$$

$$= 87(N(8) + 3N.$$

$$=8\left[27\left(\frac{11}{16}\right)+\frac{11}{8}\right]+3N.$$

After (h) Steps!

$$T(\underline{N}) = 2^{K} T\left(\frac{N}{2^{K}}\right) + K \cdot N.$$

$$\frac{N}{2^{K}} = 1 \Rightarrow N = 2^{K}$$

$$\log N = 6$$

$$\frac{N \to \frac{N}{2} \to \frac{N}{4} \to \frac{N}{8} \to --- \qquad (1)}{\log N}$$

$$T(N) = 2^{\log N} T(\cancel{1}) + \log N \cdot N.$$

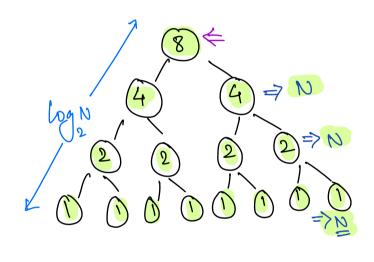
$$T(N) = N \cdot 1 + N \log N.$$

$$T \cdot C \Rightarrow O(N \log N)$$

() () ()

$$T(N) = 2T(N|2) + N$$

fun (N) $\frac{1}{2}$ fun (N/2)
fun (N/2)
for (1 \Rightarrow 0 to N) $\frac{1}{2}$



2

N log N

Advanced DSA: Sorting

L> Merge Sort ⇒ Quick Sort.