

Time Complexity Analysis of Operations

The time complexity for each operation:

1. Add Product (addProduct):

- Operation: Adding a product to the inventory.
- Implementation: Uses the put method of HashMap.
- Time Complexity: $O(1)$ on average, $O(n)$ in the worst case (when a rehash occurs due to high load factor).

2. Update Product (updateProduct):

- Operation: Updating a product's details in the inventory.
- Implementation: Also uses the put method of HashMap.
- Time Complexity: $O(1)$ on average, $O(n)$ in the worst case (similar to the put method).

3. Delete Product (deleteProduct):

- Operation: Removing a product from the inventory.
- Implementation: Uses the remove method of HashMap.
- Time Complexity: $O(1)$ on average, $O(n)$ in the worst case (when a rehash is needed).

Discussion on Optimizing Operations

1. Concurrency Management: Use `ConcurrentHashMap` to safely handle changes from multiple users at the same time.
2. Indexing and Search Optimization: Create additional ways to quickly find data by different attributes, not just the primary key.
3. Batch Operations: Group similar tasks together, like adding or updating products, to improve efficiency and reduce repetitive work.