

DBMS Lab Assignment 4
Web Based Information System Design

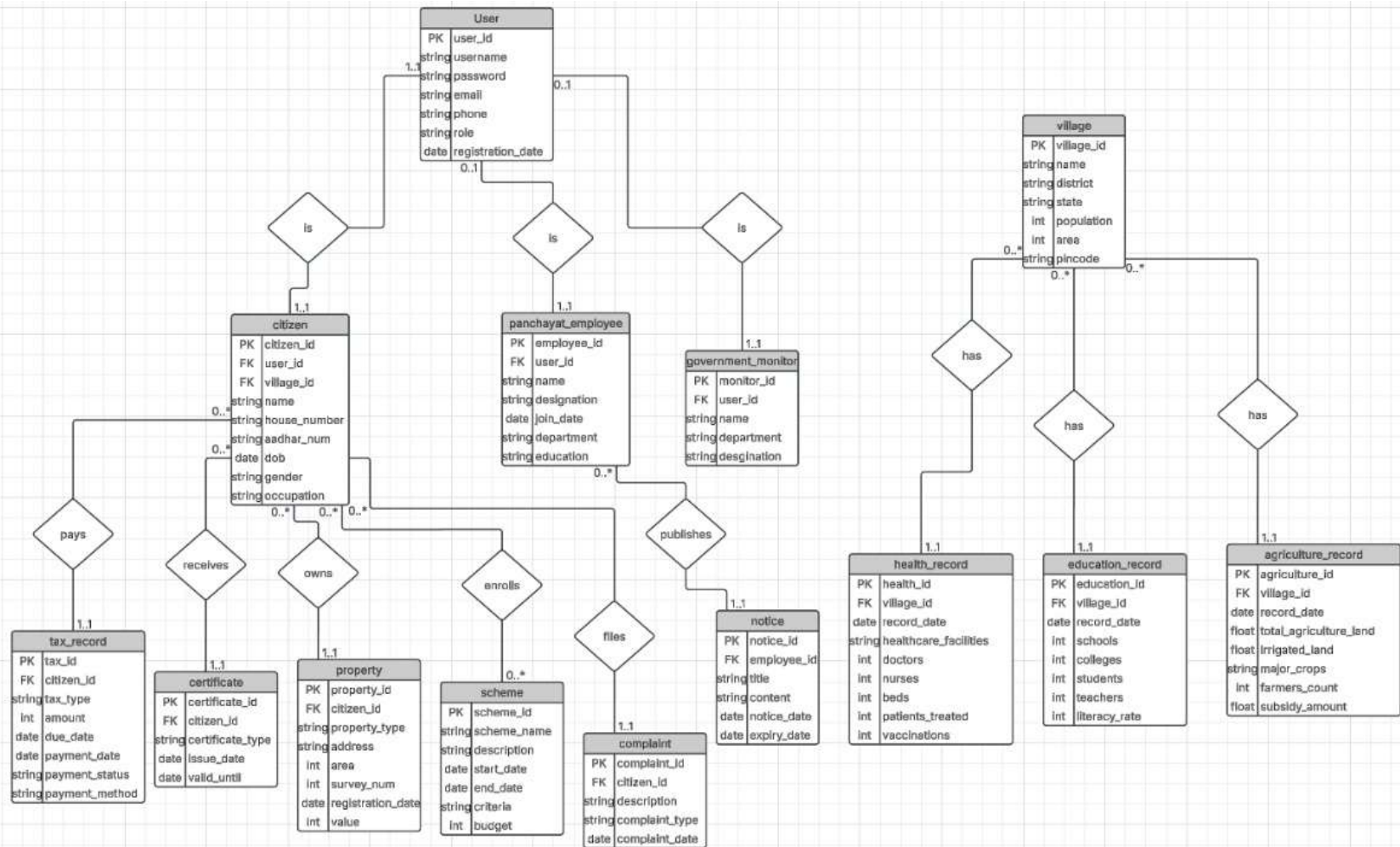
Gram Panchayat Management System

Team Name: The Traveling Salesmen

Members

Chiluveru Pranav Vardhan 22CS10019
Gavinikadi Aravind 22CS10024
Amballa Saketh 22CS1007
Mupparaju Venkata Sai Varun 22CS10044
Parimi Nishnath 22CS10050

1. ER Diagram



2. Table Schemas

```
CREATE TABLE USERS(
  user_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  username VARCHAR(50) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  phone VARCHAR(15),
  role VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL CHECK (role IN ('admin', 'employee', 'citizen', 'government_monitor')),
  registration_date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE
);
CREATE TABLE VILLAGE (
  village_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  village_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  district VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  state VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  population INT,
  area FLOAT,
  pincode INT
);
CREATE TABLE CITIZEN (
  citizen_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  user_id INT NOT NULL,
  village_id INT NOT NULL,
  name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  house_number TEXT NOT NULL,
  aadhar_number VARCHAR(12) UNIQUE,
  date_of_birth DATE,
  gender VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL CHECK (gender IN ('Male', 'Female', 'other')),
  occupation VARCHAR(100),
  FOREIGN KEY (village_id) REFERENCES VILLAGE(village_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES USERS(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE PANCHAYAT_EMPLOYEE (
  employee_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  user_id INT NOT NULL,
  name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  designation VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  joining_date DATE NOT NULL,
  department VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  education VARCHAR(100),
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES USERS(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE GOVERNMENT_MONITOR (
  monitor_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  user_id INT NOT NULL,
  name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  department VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  designation VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES USERS(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE SCHEME (
  scheme_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  scheme_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  description TEXT NOT NULL,
  criteria VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  start_date DATE NOT NULL,
  end_date DATE,
  budget_allocated FLOAT NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE SCHEME_ENROLLMENT (
  enrollment_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  scheme_id INT NOT NULL,
  citizen_id INT NOT NULL,
  enrollment_date DATE NOT NULL,
  status VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  benefit_amount FLOAT,
  FOREIGN KEY (scheme_id) REFERENCES SCHEME(scheme_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  FOREIGN KEY (citizen_id) REFERENCES CITIZEN(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE COMPLAINT (
  complaint_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT NOT NULL,
  complaint_type VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  description TEXT NOT NULL,
  complaint_date DATE DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (citizen_id) REFERENCES CITIZEN(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE CERTIFICATE (
  certificate_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT NOT NULL,
  certificate_type VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
  issue_date DATE NOT NULL,
  valid_until DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (citizen_id) REFERENCES CITIZEN(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE TAX_RECORD (
  tax_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  citizen_id INT NOT NULL,
  tax_type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  amount FLOAT NOT NULL,
  due_date DATE NOT NULL,
  payment_date DATE,
  payment_status VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'Pending',
  payment_method VARCHAR(50),
  FOREIGN KEY (citizen_id) REFERENCES CITIZEN(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```

CREATE TABLE PROPERTY (
    property_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    citizen_id INT NOT NULL,
    property_type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    address TEXT NOT NULL,
    area FLOAT NOT NULL,
    survey_number VARCHAR(50) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    registry_date DATE NOT NULL,
    value FLOAT NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (citizen_id) REFERENCES CITIZEN(citizen_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE NOTICE (
    notice_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
    content TEXT NOT NULL,
    notice_date DATE NOT NULL,
    expiry_date DATE,
    employee_id INT NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (employee_id) REFERENCES PANCHAYAT_EMPLOYEE(employee_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE HEALTH_RECORD (
    health_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    village_id INT NOT NULL,
    record_date DATE NOT NULL,
    healthcare_facilities INT,
    doctors INT,
    nurses INT,
    beds INT,
    patients_treated INT,
    vaccination_count INT,
    FOREIGN KEY (village_id) REFERENCES VILLAGE(village_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE EDUCATION_RECORD (
    education_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    village_id INT NOT NULL,
    record_date DATE NOT NULL,
    schools INT,
    colleges INT,
    students INT,
    teachers INT,
    literacy_rate FLOAT,
    FOREIGN KEY (village_id) REFERENCES VILLAGE(village_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

CREATE TABLE AGRICULTURE_RECORD (
    agriculture_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    village_id INT NOT NULL,
    record_date DATE NOT NULL,
    total_agricultural_land FLOAT,
    irrigated_land FLOAT,
    major_crops TEXT,
    farmers_count INT,
    subsidy_amount FLOAT,
    FOREIGN KEY (village_id) REFERENCES VILLAGE(village_id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

```

3. List of functionalities implemented

I. Citizen functionalities

- Citizen can view and edit data in their profile section.
- Can view Educational data, Agricultural data and Health data of his/her own village.
- Citizen can view notice board.
- Can file or withdraw a complaint.
- Can delete his/her own account.
(Cascade delete – i.e. all the details in all tables that are linked with citizen will be erased)
- Can view his/her
 - (i) Tax Records
 - (ii) Certificates
 - (iii) Property Records
 - (iv) Government Schemes

II. Panchayat Employee functionalities

- ➔ Panchayat employee will have all the citizen functionalities except for viewing his/her own village data.
- ➔ Can insert or modify data in any schema.
- ➔ Can add new notices and can view all the previous notices.
- ➔ A panchayat employee make different kinds of queries. These include –
 - (i) Basic Query –
In this the panchayat employee can query any kind of data belonging to a single schema.
 - (ii) Advanced Query –
In this the panchayat employee can query data with multiple table joins, custom filtering and column selection.

III. Government Monitor functionalities

- ➔ A government monitor can view health data, agriculture data and education data of any village in gram panchayat.
- ➔ he/she can view the notice board.
- ➔ Will have all the citizen functionalities.

IV. System Administrator

- ➔ System Administrator can also modify user roles.
- ➔ Can view data present in various schemas like –
 - (i) User
 - (ii) Citizen
 - (iii) Government Monitor
 - (iv) Panchayat Employee
 - (v) Schemes
 - (vi) Scheme Enrollment
 - (vii) Complaints
 - (viii) Certificate
 - (ix) Tax data
 - (x) Property
 - (xi) Notice
 - (xii) Health Record
 - (xiii) Education Record
 - (xiv) Agriculture Record
 - (xv) Village data

4. List of front-end tools used

Frontend – HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Bootstrap
Backend – Django

Google drive link for zip file -

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mIJDzv9Mo4VvcAB1v04Go0LrG_X2s9_j/view?usp=sharing