

5.7. $g'(0) = C_1, \quad g(0) = C_1 \cdot 0 + C_2 \quad [C_1, C_2: \text{積分定数}]$
 $t \rightarrow \pi: g(0) = f(x, y) = f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \quad [\text{条件より } r \sin \theta = 0]$

$$\begin{cases} g(0) = f(r, 0) = C_2, \dots \textcircled{1} \\ g(2\pi) = f(r, 0) = 2\pi C_1 + C_2, \dots \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2}: r \sin \theta = 0, \quad C_1 = 0 \quad \text{5.7. } g(0) = C_2$$

$$\therefore \underline{Z(r, \theta)} = C_2 \quad [C_2: \text{const.}] //$$

4.

$$\begin{cases} f_x = 3x^2y - 2y^2 & \begin{cases} f = x^3y - 2xy^2 + C_1, \dots \textcircled{1} \\ f = x^3y - 4xy + 6y^2 & \begin{cases} f = x^3y - 2xy^2 + 2y^3 + C_2, \dots \textcircled{2} \end{cases} \end{cases} \\ C_1 = 2y^3 + C_2 \in \mathbb{Q} = \text{const.} \end{cases}$$

$$f(x, y) = x^3y - 2xy^2 + 2y^3 + C_2 \quad [C_2: \text{積分定数}] //$$

5.

$$f(x, y) = \tan x - \tan y - \tan(x+y)$$

$$\begin{cases} f_x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} - \frac{1}{\cos^2(x+y)} = 0, \dots \textcircled{1} \\ f_y = \frac{1}{\cos^2 y} - \frac{1}{\cos^2(x+y)} = 0, \dots \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} - \textcircled{2}: //$$

$$\cos^2 x - \cos^2 y$$

$$(\cos x + \cos y)(\cos x - \cos y) = 0$$

$$[\text{条件より}] \quad -\pi < x < y < \pi \quad \text{5.7. } 2\pi \text{ 以上 } 2\pi \text{ 以下 } \neq 0$$

$$[\text{5.7. } 2, \quad x = \pm y]$$

i). $x = y$ のとき

$$\cos^2 x - \cos^2 x = 0$$

$$\cos^2 x - \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2} = 0 \quad [** \text{三角公式} **]$$

$$2\cos^2 x - \cos 2x - 1 = 0$$

$$(2\cos 2x + 1)(\cos 2x - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos 2x = -\frac{1}{2}, 1$$

$$\therefore (x, y) = (\pm \frac{1}{3}\pi, \pm \frac{1}{3}\pi)$$

ii) $x = -y$ のとき

$$\cos^2 x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos x = \pm 1$$

5.7. 条件を満たす解が存在 (5.7.1)

i), ii) より, $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ 以外の解はない

$$(x, y) = (\frac{1}{3}\pi, \frac{1}{3}\pi), (-\frac{1}{3}\pi, -\frac{1}{3}\pi) //$$

(2)

$$\begin{cases} f_{xx} = \frac{2 \sin x}{\cos^3 x} - \frac{2 \sin(x+y)}{\cos^3(x+y)} \\ f_{yy} = \frac{2 \sin y}{\cos^3 y} - \frac{2 \sin(x+y)}{\cos^3(x+y)} \\ f_{xy} = -\frac{2 \sin(x+y)}{\cos^3(x+y)} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (x, y) = (\frac{1}{3}\pi, \frac{1}{3}\pi) \text{ のとき} \\ f_{xx} = f_{yy} = 16\sqrt{3}, \quad f_{xy} = 8\sqrt{3} \end{cases}$$

$$H f(\frac{1}{3}\pi, \frac{1}{3}\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} 16\sqrt{3} & 8\sqrt{3} \\ 8\sqrt{3} & 16\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} = 8\sqrt{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = (8\sqrt{3})^2 (4 - 1) > 0$$

$$f_{xx} = 16\sqrt{3} > 0$$

$$\therefore \text{極小点} //$$

$$\text{ii) } (x, y) = (-\frac{1}{3}\pi, -\frac{1}{3}\pi) \text{ のとき}$$

$$f_{xx} = f_{yy} = -16\sqrt{3}, \quad f_{xy} = -8\sqrt{3}$$

$$H f(-\frac{1}{3}\pi, -\frac{1}{3}\pi) = \begin{pmatrix} -16\sqrt{3} & -8\sqrt{3} \\ -8\sqrt{3} & -16\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} = -8\sqrt{3} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = (-8\sqrt{3})^2 (4 - 1) > 0$$

$$f_{xx} = -16\sqrt{3} < 0$$

$$\therefore \text{極大点} //$$

$$(\Delta, f_{xx} \text{ の符号}) \text{ から極大点, 極小点}$$