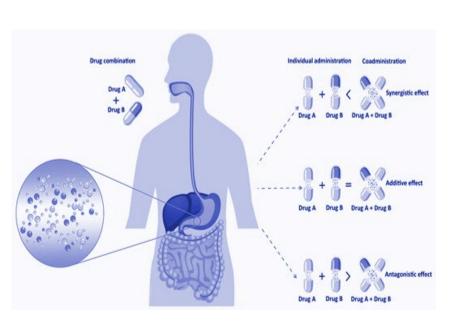
Cancer Drug Synergy Prediction using Graph Convolutional Neural Networks



Group 2

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Introduction

Drug A → Specific response for A on cell line

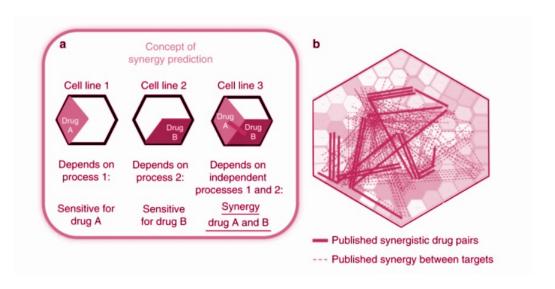
Drug B → Specific response for B on cell line

Synergy of A and B \rightarrow

Combined response of

A and B on cell line.

Synergy could be additive or inhibitive.



Methods to predict synergy-scores

Naive method: based on clinical experiences - trial and error method

High-throughput Screening (HTS)

- Machine learning approach

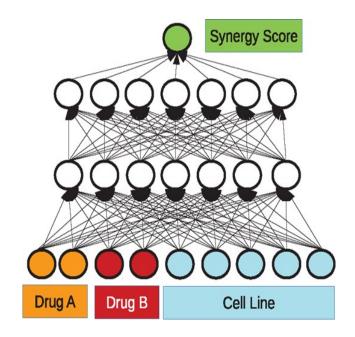
Primary Research Paper

Finding synergistic drug pairs for a particular cancer type is important for improving efficacy of anticancer treatment.

Each sample:

two compounds + a cell line

[Kristina Preuer, Richard P I Lewis, Sepp Hochreiter, Andreas Bender, Krishna C Bulusu, Günter Klambauer, DeepSynergy: predicting anti-cancer drug synergy with Deep Learning, *Bioinformatics*, Volume 34, Issue 9, 01 May 2018, Pages 1538–1546, https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btx806]



Data: Main Drug Data with Synergy Scores

Drug details: http://www.bioinf.jku.at/software/DeepSynergy/

Unnamed: 0 drug a name drug b name cell line

CS(=O)(=O)CCNCc1ccc(-c2ccc3ncnc(Nc4ccc(OCc5ccc...

COc1cccc2c1C(=O)c1c(O)c3c(c(O)c1C2=O)CC(O)(C(=...

CS(=O)(=O)CCNCc1ccc(-c2ccc3ncnc(Nc4ccc(OCc5ccc...

COC12C(COC(N)=O)C3=C(C(=O)C(C)=C(N)C3=O)N1CC1NC12

| 0 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A2058 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A2058 | 7.693530 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
|---|--------------------|------|---------|-------|-----------|--|
| 1 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A2780 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A2780 | 7.778053 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
| 2 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A375 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A375 | -1.198505 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |

synergy fold

drug a structure

COC1CC2CCC(C)C(O)(O2)C(=O)C(=O)N2CCCCC2C(=O)OC...

CCN(CC)CCNC(=O)c1c(C)[nH]c(C=C2C(=O)Nc3ccc(F)c...

O=C(O)C1(Cc2cccc(Nc3nccs3)n2)CCC(Oc2cccc(Cl)c2...

NC(=O)c1cccc2cn(-c3ccc(C4CCCNC4)cc3)nc12

drug b structure

VCAP

LOVO

RPMI7951

14.617611

-13 653373

-5.641747

28.431355

| 2 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A375 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A375 -1.198505 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 | CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
|---|-------------------|------|---------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 3 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A427 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A427 2.595684 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 | CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |

| 2 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A375 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A375 | -1.198505 | 2 | O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 | CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
|---|----------------------|------|-------------|-----------|-----------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 3 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A427 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A427 | 2.595684 | 2 | O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 | CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
| | 5 511 1 BT 000 01010 | · | 4.D.T. 0.00 | 0.1.01.10 | E 400074 | _ | 0 41 10 45 4 04 104 | 004/00 0 /0/00 00 00 1000000004 |

| 2 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A375 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A375 -1.198505 | 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
|---|---------------------|-------|---------|----------------|--|
| 3 | 5-FU_ABT-888_A427 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | A427 2.595684 | 2 O = c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
| 4 | E ELL ART 999 CAOVS | E EII | ADT 000 | CAOV2 E 120071 | 2 |

| J | 5-FU_AD1-000_A421 | 5-FU | AD 1-000 | A421 | 2.595004 | 2 | 0-c1[nh]cc(r)c(-0)[nh]1 | CCT(czncsc(C(N)=O)ccccs[nn]z)CCCNT |
|---|--------------------|------|----------|-------|-----------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 4 | 5-FU_ABT-888_CAOV3 | 5-FU | ABT-888 | CAOV3 | -5.139971 | 2 | O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 | CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2)CCCN1 |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 0 |
|---|
| drug_a_structure drug_b_structure cell_line s |
| 4 5-FU_ABT-888_CAOV3 5-FU ABT-888 CAOV3 -5.139971 2 O=c1[nH]cc(F)c(=O)[nH]1 CC1(c2nc3c(C(N)=O)cccc3[nH]2) |

| _ | _ | | | | | | | | • • |
|---|---|------------------|------|---------|---------|------|--------|----|---------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | drug_a_structure | | drug_b_ | structu | re o | ell_li | ne | synergy |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Cc1nc(Nc2ncc(C(=O)Nc3c(C)cccc3CI)s2)cc(N2CCN(C...Cn1c(=O)n(-c2ccc(C(C)(C)C#N)cc2)c2c3cc(-c4cnc5...21.548383

Data: Cancer Cell Line

Cell line: https://sites.broadinstitute.org/ccle/

| | # | #.1 | CellLine | CHL1 | HMCB | HS852T | HS695T | A101D | HS294T | SNU466 | • • • • | HEL9217 | HEL | UT7 | SET2 |
|---|---------|-----|-----------|------|------|--------|--------|-------|--------|------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | # | # | Tissue | skin | skin | skin | skin | skin | skin | central nervous system | | haematopoietic and lymphoid tissue | haematopoietic and lymphoid tissue | haematopoietic and lymphoid tissue | haematopoietic and lymphoid tissue |
| 1 | GeneSym | NaN | GeneID/NA | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | | na | na | na | na |
| 2 | LBH | na | 81606 | -0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | GLI2 | na | 2736 | 0.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | -0.0 |
| 4 | PAPPA | na | 5069 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

5 rows × 1040 columns

Data: Protein-Protein Interactions

PPI: https://snap.stanford.edu/biodata/datasets/10000/10000-PP-Pathways.html

| | Protein1 | Protein2 |
|----|----------|----------|
| 0 | 1394 | 2778 |
| 1 | 122704 | 54460 |
| 2 | 2597 | 2911 |
| 3 | 4790 | 79155 |
| 4 | 109 | 27115 |
| 5 | 324 | 10982 |
| 6 | 26268 | 6500 |
| 7 | 3609 | 3954 |
| 8 | 152485 | 57504 |
| 9 | 1537 | 55967 |
| 10 | 8452 | 7278 |
| | | |

Performance Metrics

Mean Squared Error (MSE):

R2 Score:

$$ext{MSE} = rac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2$$

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum_i (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_i (y_i - \mu)^2}.$$

MSE = mean squared error

n = number of data points

 Y_i = observed values

 \hat{Y}_i = predicted values

$$R=sign\left(R^{2}
ight)\sqrt{\left|R^{2}
ight|},$$

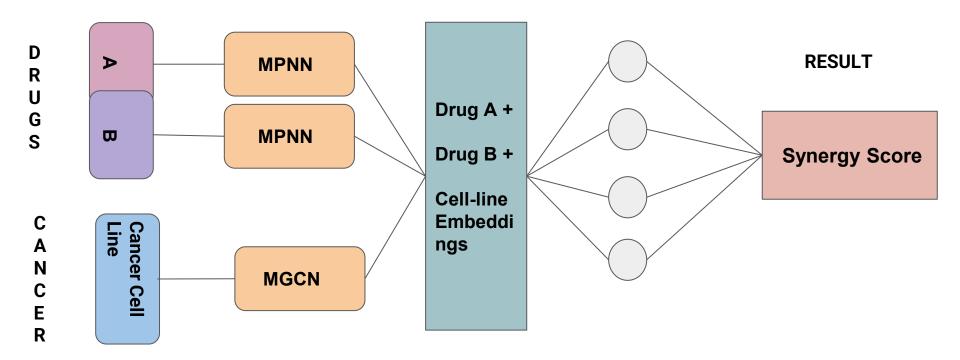
(Image Source: https://emilia-orellana44.medium.com/not-nice-square-error-2d18c248391c)

Model Architecture

- 1) Graph Neural Network Message Passing Neural Network
- 2) Molecular Graph Convolutional Neural Network

And a feed forward neural network that takes input from these two embeddings and predicts a synergy score.

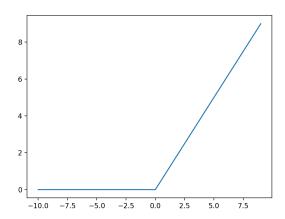
Flow of Modelling



Model: Activation Functions

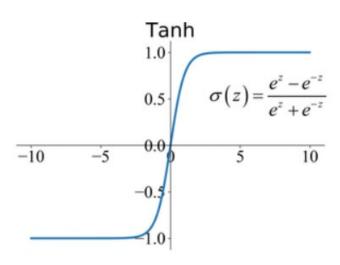
ReLU: (rectified linear activation unit)

$$f(x) = \max(0, x)$$



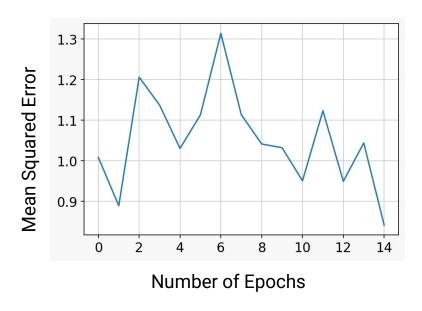
https://machinelearningmastery.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/10/Line-Plot-of-Rectified-Linear-Activation-for-Negative-and-Positive-Inputs.png

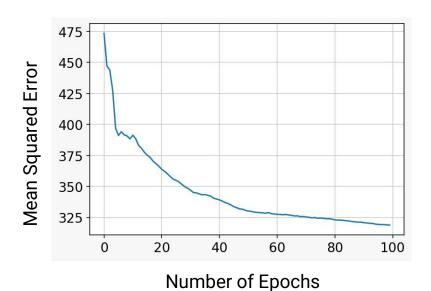
TanH



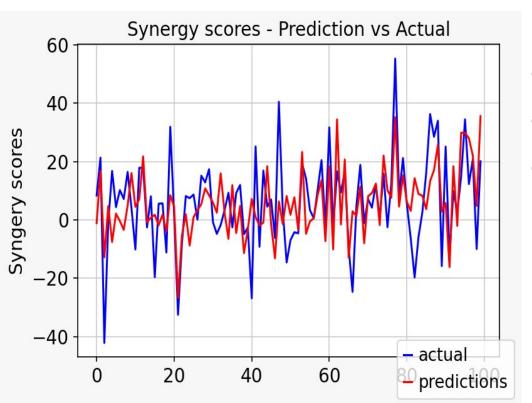
https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Commonly-used-activation-functions-a-Sigmoid-b-Tanh-c-ReLU-and-d-LReLU_fig3_335845675

Results: Training Curve





Results: Predictions



Training (MSE) = 318.786

Testing (MSE) = 160.579

Testing R-Squared Value = 0.354

Conclusion:

- 1. We have developed a novel graph based deep learning method to predict synergy scores.
- 1. Since it requires more number of epochs, this method showed difficulty in generalizing on novel drugs-cell line combination when trained on lower parameters. Also, need to look at other activation functions and also decay weights in some epochs.
- 1. We've demonstrated that this method can also perform decent enough on external unseen test dataset
- 1. Overall, with more improvement, this could be a valuable tool for selecting drug-combinations for cancer cell-lines.

Limitations

- Need large number of epochs (at-least 500) to get a good convergence.
- Due to the complexity of the model, it requires too much computational time for training.
- Since the dataset has only a limited number of different drugs and cell lines all methods show difficulties to generalize well across novel drugs and cell lines.
- Evaluating performance of ML models on individual cancer-cell types.
- Since the models are extremely complex, their interpretability is difficult.

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Q&A