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ASSIGNMENT_8

NEURAL NETWORKS AND DEEP LEARNING

https://github.com/niteesh0301/Assignment_8.git

1.HIDDEN LAYER TO THE AUTOENCODER AND VISUALIZING THE DATA, ADDING

CODE:-

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense from keras.models import Model
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    # Define the size of encoded representations and the additional hidden layer size
    encoding_dim = 32
    hidden dim = 64
    # Input placeholder
    input img = Input(shape=(784,))
    # First Encoding Layer
    encoded1 = Dense(hidden_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
    # Second Encoding Layer
    encoded2 = Dense(encoding dim, activation='relu')(encoded1)
    # First Decoding layer
    decoded1 = Dense(hidden dim, activation='relu')(encoded2)
    # Second Decoding layer
    decoded = Dense(784, activation='relu')(decoded1)
    # Creating the autoencoder model
    autoencoder = Model(input img, decoded)
    # Compile the autoencoder model
    autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy')
    # Loading and preprocessing the data
    from keras.datasets import fashion_mnist
    import numpy as np
```

```
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
               x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
              x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
               x_train = x_train.reshape((len(x_train), np.prod(x_train.shape[1:])))
               x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
               # Train the autoencoder
              \label{eq:history} \mbox{history = autoencoder.fit} (\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, epochs=25, batch\_size=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_test, batch\_size=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, epochs=25, batch\_size=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, epochs=25, batch\_size=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, epochs=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, x\_train, epochs=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, x\_train, epochs=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, x\_train, x\_train, epochs=256, shuffle=True, validation\_data=}(\mbox{x\_train, x\_train, x\_t
               # Predict and visualize one of the reconstructed test data
              decoded_imgs = autoencoder.predict(x_test)
              n = 10
              plt.figure(figsize=(20, 4))
               for i in range(n):
                            # Display original images
                           ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1)
                           plt.imshow(x_test[i].reshape(28, 28),cmap='gray')
                           plt.title("Original")
                           plt.axis('off')
                            # Display reconstructed images
                            ax = plt.subplot(2, n, i + 1 + n)
                           plt.imshow(decoded_imgs[i].reshape(28, 28),cmap='gray')
                           plt.title("Reconstructed")
                            plt.axis('off')
              plt.show()
```

Output:-

```
Epoch 1/25
Epoch 2/25
Epoch 3/25
Epoch 4/25
Epoch 5/25
Epoch 6/25
Epoch 7/25
Epoch 8/25
Epoch 10/25
Epoch 11/25
Epoch 12/25
Epoch 13/25
Epoch 14/25
Epoch 15/25
```

```
Epoch 15/25
  Epoch 16/25
  Epoch 17/25
  Epoch 18/25
  Epoch 19/25
  Epoch 20/25
  Epoch 21/25
  Epoch 22/25
  Epoch 23/25
  Epoch 24/25
  235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.4973 - val_loss: 0.5070
  Epoch 25/25
  235/235 [============] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.5011 - val_loss: 0.4963
  313/313 [=========== ] - 1s 2ms/step
Original
    Original
        Original
            Original
               Original
                   Original
                       Original
                          Original
                              Original
                                  Original
```

CODE:-

```
# Visualize the loss and accuracy

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')

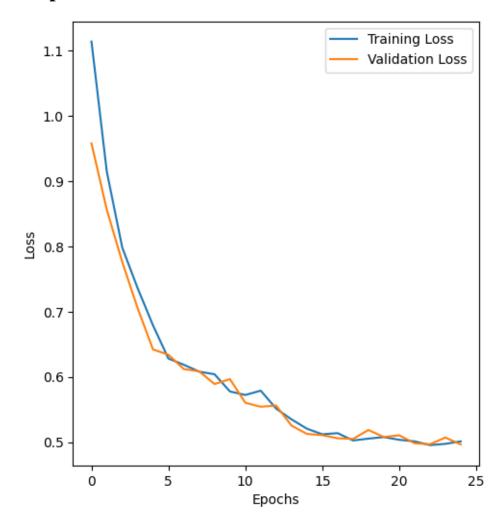
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')

plt.xlabel('Epochs')

plt.ylabel('Loss')

plt.legend()
```

Output:-



2. ADDING HIDDEN LAYER TO THE DENOISING AUTOENCODER AND VISUALIZING THE DATA

CODE:-

```
from keras.layers import Input, Dense
  from keras.models import Model
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  import numpy as np
  # Define the size of encoded representations and the additional hidden layer size
  encoding dim = 32
  hidden dim = 64 # Increased hidden layer size for better representation
   # Input placeholder for noisy data
   input_img = Input(shape=(784,))
   # First encoding layer
   encoded1 = Dense(hidden_dim, activation='relu')(input_img)
   # Second encoding layer
   encoded2 = Dense(encoding_dim, activation='relu')(encoded1)
   # First decoding layer
   decoded1 = Dense(hidden_dim, activation='relu')(encoded2)
  # Second decoding layer
   decoded = Dense(784, activation='sigmoid')(decoded1)
   # Create the denoising autoencoder model
  autoencoder = Model(input_img, decoded)
```

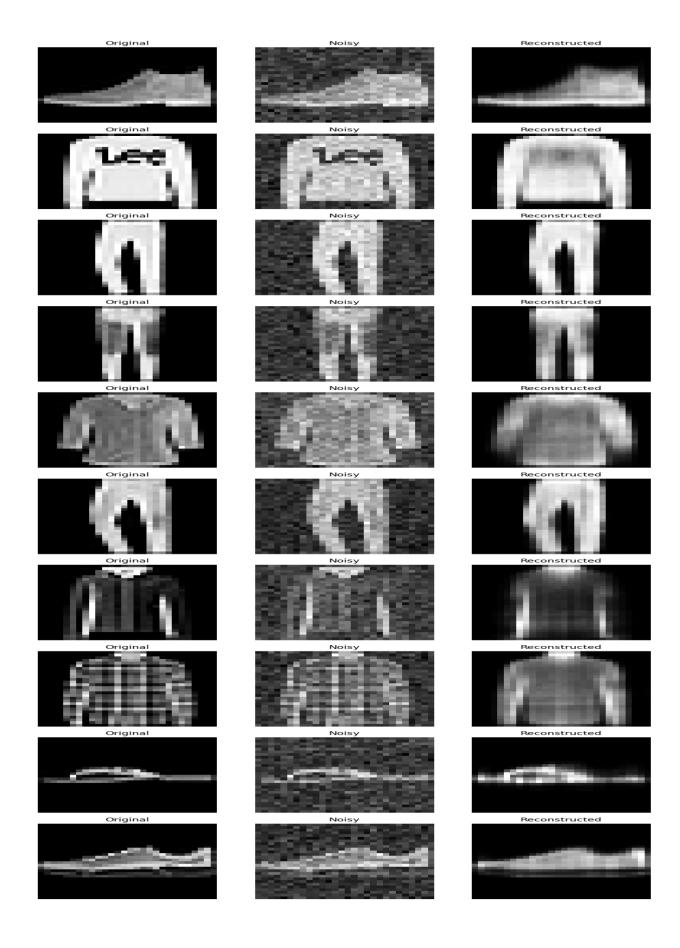
```
# Compile the denoising autoencoder model
                                                                                                                                                                                                  ↑ ↓ ⊖ 💠 🖫 🔟 :
          autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy')
         # Load and preprocess the data
         from keras.datasets import fashion mnist
         (x_train, _), (x_test, _) = fashion_mnist.load_data()
         x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255.
         x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255.
         x_train = x_train.reshape((len(x_train), np.prod(x_train.shape[1:])))
         x_test = x_test.reshape((len(x_test), np.prod(x_test.shape[1:])))
         # Introduce noise
         noise_factor = 0.1 # Reduced noise factor
         x_train_noisy = x_train + noise_factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0, size=x_train.shape)
         x_{test_noisy} = x_{test} + noise_factor * np.random.normal(loc=0.0, scale=1.0, size=x_test.shape)
         # Train the denoising autoencoder
         \label{eq:history} \textbf{history = autoencoder.fit}(x\_train\_noisy, x\_train, epochs=20, batch\_size=256, shuffle=\\ \textbf{True}, validation\_data=(x\_train\_noisy) \\ \textbf{history = autoencoder.fit}(x\_train\_noisy) \\ \textbf{hist
         # Predict and visualize one of the reconstructed test data
         decoded_imgs = autoencoder.predict(x_test_noisy)
         # Display original, noisy, and reconstructed images vertically
         num_display = 10 # Number of digits to display
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 30))
    for i in range(num_display):
                # Original images
                ax = plt.subplot(num_display, 3, i*3 + 1)
                plt.imshow(x_test[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
                plt.title('Original')
                plt.axis('off')
                # Noisy images
                ax = plt.subplot(num_display, 3, i*3 + 2)
                plt.imshow(x_test_noisy[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
                plt.title('Noisy')
                plt.axis('off')
                # Reconstructed images
                ax = plt.subplot(num_display, 3, i*3 + 3)
                plt.imshow(decoded_imgs[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap='gray')
                plt.title('Reconstructed')
                plt.axis('off')
     plt.tight layout()
```

plt.show()

```
# Visualize the loss and accuracy
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:-

```
↑ ↓ ⊖ 👛 I
Epoch 1/20
  Epoch 2/20
  235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.3143 - val_loss: 0.3099
  Epoch 3/20
  Epoch 4/20
  Epoch 5/20
  Epoch 6/20
  Epoch 7/20
  Epoch 8/20
  Epoch 9/20
  Epoch 10/20
  Epoch 12/20
  Epoch 13/20
  Epoch 14/20
  Epoch 15/20
  Epoch 15/20
235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.2855 - val_loss: 0.2845
Epoch 16/20
235/235 [============= ] - 4s 15ms/step - loss: 0.2851 - val_loss: 0.2840
Epoch 17/20
235/235 [============] - 3s 11ms/step - loss: 0.2845 - val_loss: 0.2833
Epoch 18/20
235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.2841 - val_loss: 0.2829
Epoch 19/20
235/235 [===========] - 3s 12ms/step - loss: 0.2837 - val_loss: 0.2826
Epoch 20/20
235/235 [============= ] - 4s 17ms/step - loss: 0.2834 - val_loss: 0.2821
313/313 [=========== ] - 1s 2ms/step
```



Graph :-

