

Here's a step-by-step guide to set up a **Personal Access Token (PAT)** or **SSH key** in GitLab:

Setting Up a Personal Access Token (PAT)

1. Generate a Personal Access Token

1. Log in to your GitLab account.
 2. Navigate to **User Settings**:
 - Click your profile icon in the top-right corner.
 - Select **Edit Profile**.
 3. Go to **Access Tokens** (in the left sidebar).
 4. Fill in the details:
 - **Name**: Provide a descriptive name (e.g., "Git access token").
 - **Scopes**:
 - Choose the necessary scopes, such as `read_repository` and `write_repository` (for cloning and pushing).
 5. Click **Create personal access token**.
 6. Copy the generated token and save it securely (e.g., in a password manager). You won't see it again.
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2. Use the Token in Git

When cloning a repository, replace your password with the token:

```
git clone https://<username>:<personal_access_token>@gitlab.com/<group>/<repo>.git
```

Example:

```
git clone https://john_doe:glpat-xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx@gitlab.com/my-group/my-repo.git
```

3. Store Token Locally (Optional)

You can cache credentials to avoid entering the token repeatedly:

```
git config --global credential.helper store
```

Then, run the clone command. Your token will be stored securely for future use.

Setting Up an SSH Key

1. Generate an SSH Key

1. Open a terminal.

2. Generate a new SSH key pair:
3. `ssh-keygen -t ed25519 -C "your_email@example.com"`
 - Press **Enter** to accept the default file location (e.g., `~/.ssh/id_ed25519`).
 - Enter a passphrase if desired (for added security).

If ed25519 is not supported, use:

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "your_email@example.com"
```

2. Add the SSH Key to Your SSH Agent

1. Start the SSH agent:
 2. `eval "$(ssh-agent -s)"`
 3. Add your private key to the agent:
 4. `ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_ed25519`
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3. Add the SSH Key to GitLab

1. Copy the public key to your clipboard:
 2. `cat ~/.ssh/id_ed25519.pub`
 3. Log in to your GitLab account.
 4. Navigate to **User Settings > SSH Keys**.
 5. Paste the public key into the **Key** field.
 6. Optionally, set an expiration date for the key.
 7. Click **Add key**.
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4. Test Your SSH Connection

Run the following command to verify the connection:

```
ssh -T git@gitlab.com
```

You should see a message like:

```
Welcome to GitLab, @username!
```

5. Clone Repository Using SSH

Use the SSH URL instead of HTTPS:

```
git clone git@gitlab.com:<group>/<repo>.git
```