

No.	Procedures
10	Filing of written submissions: Plaintiff and Defendant file written pleadings and submissions with the court and transmit copies of the written pleadings or submissions to one another. The pleadings may or may not include witness statements or expert (witness) statements.
11	Adjournments: Court procedure is delayed because one or both parties request and obtain an adjournment to submit written pleadings. Check as 'yes' if this commonly happens.
12	Pre-trial conference on procedure: The judge meets with the parties to discuss procedural issues (for example which applications and motions parties intend to file, which documents parties intend to rely on, etc.).
*	Setting of date for mediation hearing: The judge sets a date for a mediation hearing, sometimes also called a 'pre-trial conference,' and notifies the parties of the hearing date.
*	Request for interlocutory order: Defendant raises preliminary issues, such as jurisdiction, statute of limitation, etc. Checked as 'yes' if commonly raised by the Defendant as a matter of practice, regardless of justification.
*	Court's issuance of interlocutory order: Court decides the preliminary issues the Defendant raised by issuing an interlocutory order. Check as 'yes' if this is commonly the case in commercial cases.
13	Plaintiff's appeal of court's interlocutory order: Plaintiff appeals the court's interlocutory order, which suspends the court proceedings. Check as 'yes' if an appeal by Plaintiff is common in this case.
*	Discovery requests: Plaintiff and Defendant make requests for the disclosure of documents, attempting to force the other party to reveal potentially detrimental documents. Check as 'yes' if discovery requests usually entail disputes.
14	Discovery disputes: Following a request for discovery of documentary evidence by one of the parties, the other party disputes the request and calls upon the judge to decide the issue. Check as 'yes' if discovery disputes are provided by law and commonly happen.
15	Request for oral hearing or trial: Plaintiff lists the case for trial on the court's calendar or applies for the date(s) for the oral hearing or trial.
*	Setting of date(s) for oral hearing or trial: Judge sets the date(s) for the oral hearing or trial.
16	Pre-trial conference aimed at preparing for trial: The judge meets with parties to make practical arrangements for the trial (for example, the number of witnesses parties intend to call on during trial, how much time each party is given to present oral arguments etc.).
*	List of (expert) witnesses: The parties file a list of (expert) witnesses with the court (see assumption 5-a).
17	Adjournments: Court proceedings are delayed because one or both parties request and obtain an adjournment to prepare for the oral hearing or trial as a matter of common practice.
18	Trial (prevalent in common law): The parties argue the merits of the case at (an) oral session(s) before the court. Witnesses and expert witnesses are questioned and cross-examined during trial.
19	Adjournments: Court proceedings are delayed because one or both parties request and obtain an adjournment during the oral hearing or trial, resulting in an additional or later trial or hearing date.
20	Closing of the evidence period: The court makes the formal decision to close the evidence period.

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*	Final arguments: The parties present their final factual and legal arguments to the court either by oral presentation or by a written submission.
21	Judgment date: The judge sets a date for delivery of the judgment.
22	Notification of judgment in court: The parties are notified of the judgment at a court hearing.
23	Writing of judgment: The judge produces a written copy of the judgment.
24	Registration of judgment: The court office registers the judgment after receiving a written copy of the judgment.
25	Court notification of availability of the written judgment: The court notifies the parties that the written judgment is available at the courthouse.
26	Plaintiff receives a copy of the judgment: Plaintiff receives a copy of the written judgment which is 100% in favor of Plaintiff (see assumption 6).
27	Appeal period: By law Defendant has the opportunity to appeal the judgment during a specified period. Defendant decides not to appeal. Seller decides to start enforcing the judgment when the appeal period ends (see assumption 8).
28	Order for reimbursement by Defendant of Plaintiff's court fees: The judgment orders Defendant to reimburse Plaintiff for the court fees Plaintiff has advanced, because Defendant has lost the case.
	Enforcement of judgment:
*	Plaintiff hires a lawyer: Plaintiff hires a lawyer to enforce the judgment or continues to be represented by a lawyer during the enforcement of judgment phase.
29	Plaintiff retains an enforcement agent to enforce the judgment.: Plaintiff retains the services of a court enforcement officer such as a court bailiff or sheriff, or a private bailiff.
*	Plaintiff requests an enforcement order: Plaintiff applies to the court to obtain the enforcement order ('seal' on judgment).
30	Plaintiff advances enforcement fees: Plaintiff pays the fees related to the enforcement of the judgment.
31	Attachment of enforcement order to judgment: The judge attaches the enforcement order ('seal') to the judgment.
*	Plaintiff's request for physical enforcement: As Plaintiff commonly fears that Defendant might physically resist the taking into custody of its previously attached movable assets, Plaintiff requests the judge or the police authorities to obtain police assistance during the physical enforcement of the
32	Judge's order for physical enforcement: Judge orders the police to assist with the physical enforcement of the attachment of Defendant's movable assets. Check as "yes" only if the pretrial order of attachment for Defendant's moveable assets does not ordinarily involve physical seizure of the as
33	Request to Defendant to comply voluntarily with judgment: Plaintiff, a court enforcement officer or a private bailiff requests Defendant to voluntarily comply with the judgment.
34	Plaintiff identifies Defendant's assets for attachment: Plaintiff identifies Defendant's assets for attachment.