

# Modeling Chromosomal Mutations

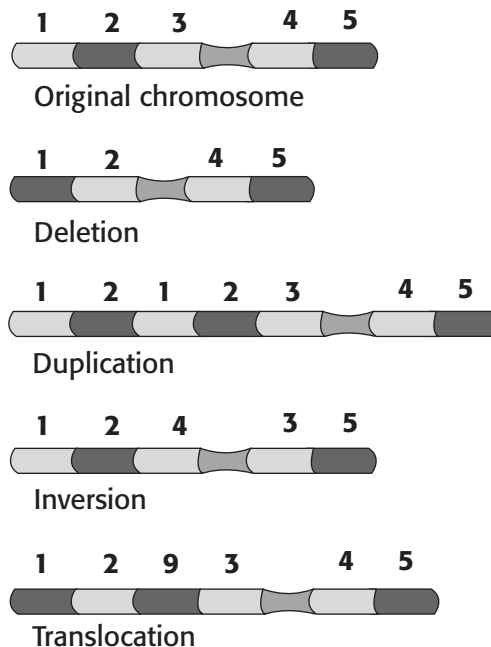
You can use paper and a pencil to model the ways in which chromosome structure can change.

## MATERIALS

- 14 note-card pieces
- pencils
- tape

## Procedure

1. Write the numbers 1–8 on note-card pieces (one number per piece). Tape the pieces together in numerical order to model a chromosome with eight genes.
2. Use the “chromosome” you made to model the four alterations in chromosome structure illustrated below. For example, remove the number 3 and reconnect the remaining chromosome pieces to represent a deletion.
3. Reconstruct the original chromosome before modeling a duplication, an inversion, and a translocation. Use the extra note-card pieces to make the additional numbers you need.



## **Modeling Chromosomal Mutations** *continued*

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### **Analysis**

**Describe** how a cell might be affected by each mutation if the cell were to receive a chromosome with that mutation.

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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## Quick Lab

## DATASHEET FOR IN-TEXT LAB

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Original chromosome



Deletion



Duplication



Inversion



Translocation

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Modeling Chromosomal Mutations** *continued***Analysis**

**Describe** how a cell might be affected by each mutation if the cell were to receive a chromosome with that mutation.

**Answers will vary based on the type of mutation: deletion: cell would be**

**missing a gene, which could prove fatal; duplication: cell would have an**

**extra gene, which could prove fatal or result in malfunctioning of the cell;**

**inversion: cell may not be able to use the gene because it is located in a**

**different area on the chromosome, which could prove fatal; translocation:**

**cell may not be able to use the gene because it is located on a different**

**chromosome, which could prove fatal.**