If we list all the natural numbers below 10 that are multiples of 3, we get 3, 6 and 9. The sum of these multiples is 18.

Write a method named multiples that takes an integer representing multiple value and another representing the limiting value of all natural numbers to inspect. Fill an ArrayList with these values and return the ArrayList.

Write a test program that will read in an unknown set of multiple values and limiting values,, invokes mulitple method, and prints the returned list AND it's sum of all elements

## Sample input

- 3 18
- 2 25
- 4 50
- 5 5

## Sample output

```
[3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18] = 63
[2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24] = 156
[4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48] = 312
[5] = 5
```