CSE 438: Embedded Systems Programming

Shared Message Queues in User and Kernel Space

Report

Project 1

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PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The assignment is to implement shared queues in user level. The queue implemented is of finite length and exhibits the circular buffer property. There are four periodic threads, two aperiodic threads and one receiver thread that can access the shared queue. So basically this is a multi-threaded program.

The main concentration in this project is to implement safe threads and calculate the number of messages received at the receiver thread and the number of messages dropped.

Here we calculate the queuing time that is the elapsing time between the time when the message was enqueued and dequeued from the data queue.

The periodic threads are assigned with different priorities and the aperiodic threads being assigned with the higher priority.

Here the mouse clicks are considered to be the aperiodic threads. A single click on the left or the right button of the mouse should enqueue the message into the shared queue. A double click on the left button of the mouse should terminate the entire process by dequeueing all the messages in both the data queues and display the total number of message received , dropped , the average enqueueing time and the standard deviation of the enqueueing time .

We have used the kernel shark tool to analyze the scheduling of pthreads, both periodic and aperiodic in the system.

Here the affinity of the process is set to a particular core in a multi core system.

The time stamp counter, a precise counter is used to calculate the queueing time in this project.



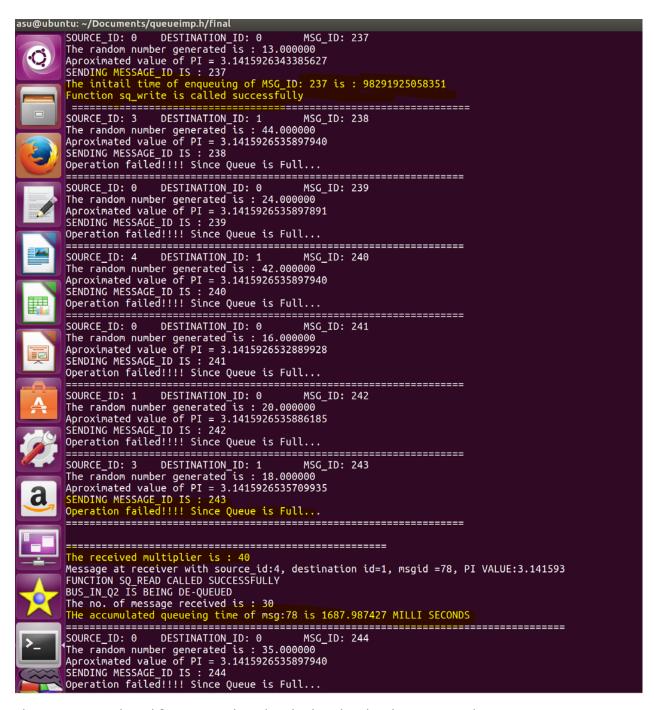
The first thread a.out-17117 is main thread which remains idle most times . Its just required to invoke the other threads.

The next 4 threads are periodic threads which are used to enqueuer at regular intervals.

The next 2 threads are a periodic threads which are executed on click of mouse button.

The last thread is the receiving thread which remains busy most of the time.

The overlapping threads (i.e periodic & aperiodic) hasn't occurred.



The enqueueing thread & receiving thread is displayed in the above screen shot.

```
SOURCE_ID: 1 DESTINATION_ID: 0 MSG_ID: 233
The random number generated is: 11.000000
Aproximated value of PI = 3.1415923455701176
SSINING MESSAGE_ID IS: 233
Operation failed!!!! Since Queue is Full...

SOURCE_ID: 4 DESTINATION_ID: 1 MSG_ID: 234
The random number generated is: 14.000000
Aproximated value of PI = 3.1415926487769852
SENDING MESSAGE_ID IS: 234
Operation failed!!!! Since Queue is Full...

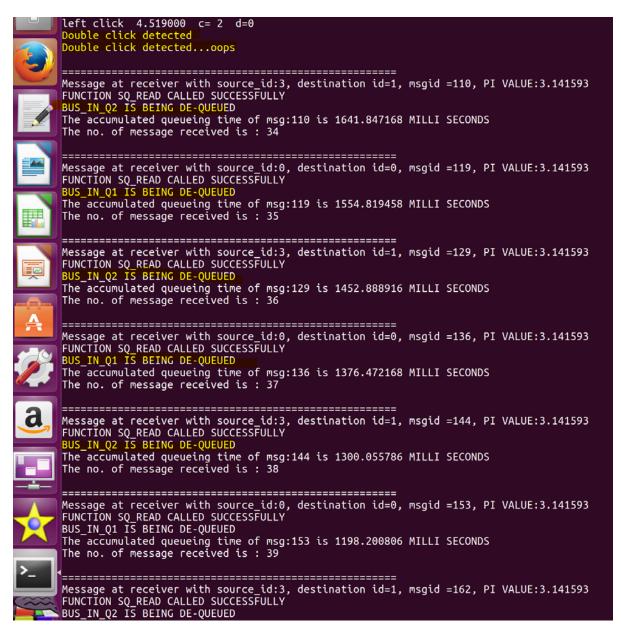
Left click 4.342000 c= 1 d=1
SOURCE_ID: 2 DESTINATION_ID: 0 MSG_ID: 235
The random number generated is: 19.000000
Aproximated value of PI = 3.1415926535850933
SENDING MESSAGE_ID IS: 236
Operation failed!!!! Since Queue is Full...

Left click 4.342000 c= 1 d=1
SOURCE_ID: 2 DESTINATION_ID: 0 MSG_ID: 236
The random number generated is: 15.000000
Aproximated value of PI = 3.1415926532865907
SENDING MESSAGE_ID IS: 236
Operation failed!!!! Since Queue is Full...

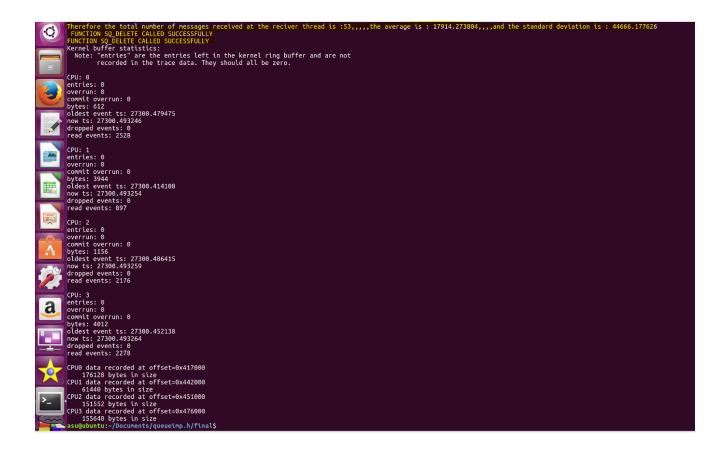
The random number generated is: 15.000000
Aproximated value of PI = 3.1415926523865907
SENDING MESSAGE_ID IS: 236
Operation failed!!!! Since Queue is Full...

The received multiplier is: 40
Message at receiver with source_ld:0, destination id=0, msgid =69, PI VALUE:3.141593
FUNCTION SQ_RADA CALLED SUCCESSFULLY
BUS_IN_01 IS BEING DE-QUEUED
The no. of message received is: 29
The accumulated queueing time of msg:69 is 1687.888062 MILLI SECONDS
```

Left click event has initiated an aperiodic thread.



Double click event has been invoked by mouse which marks the end . This eventually dequeues both the data queues which is displayed



The average Queueing time ,Standard deviation & number of messages received is displayed at the end of program .

Please follow the next set of instruction from read me file.