St. Francis Institute of Technology Department of Computer Engineering

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Subject: Natural Language Processing Class/Branch/: BE/CMPNA

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Experiment No 06

Chunking

Aim: To implement the Chunking with NLTK toolkit

Theory:

Chunking is a process of extracting phrases from unstructured text. Chunking works on top of POS tagging, it uses pos-tags as input and provides chunks as output. Similar to POS tags, there are a standard set of Chunk tags like Noun Phrase(NP), Verb Phrase (VP), etc. Chunking is very important when you want to extract information from text such as Locations, Person Names etc. in NLP called Named Entity Extraction.

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Double-click (or enter) to edit

import nltk

```
import pandas as pd
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
nltk.download('maxent ne chunker')
nltk.download('words')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk_data]
                     /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk_data]
     [nltk_data] Downloading package maxent_ne_chunker to
     [nltk_data]
                     /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
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     [nltk_data] Downloading package words to /root/nltk_data...
                   Package words is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data]
     True
import matplotlib
matplotlib.use('Agg')
sentence = [("the", "DT"), ("little", "JJ"), ("yellow", "JJ"), ("dog", "NN"), ("barked", "VBD
grammar = "NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"
cp = nltk.RegexpParser(grammar)
result = cp.parse(sentence)
print(*result)
     (NP the/DT little/JJ yellow/JJ dog/NN) ('barked', 'VBD') ('at', 'IN') (NP the/DT cat/NN)
```

▼ Conclusion:

Thus we implemented chunking with the help of NLTK tool kit. Chunking is a process of extracting phrases from unstructured text.

```
POS tag list:
CC coordinating conjunction
CD cardinal digit
DT determiner
EX existential there (like: "there is" ... think of it like "there exists")
FW foreign word
IN preposition/subordinating conjunction
JJ adjective
               'big'
JJR adjective, comparative 'bigger'
JJS adjective, superlative 'biggest'
LS list marker 1)
MD modal could, will
NN noun, singular 'desk'
NNS noun plural 'desks'
NNP proper noun, singular 'Harrison'
NNPS
       proper noun, plural 'Americans'
PDT predeterminer 'all the kids'
POS possessive ending parent\'s
PRP personal pronoun I, he, she
       possessive pronoun my, his, hers
PRP$
RB adverb very, silently,
RBR adverb, comparative better
RBS adverb, superlative best
RP particle
               give up
TO to go 'to' the store.
UH interjection
                   errrrrrrm
VB verb, base form take
VBD verb, past tense
                       took
VBG verb, gerund/present participle taking
VBN verb, past participle taken
VBP verb, sing. present, non-3d take
VBZ verb, 3rd person sing, present takes
WDT wh-determiner which
WP wh-pronoun who, what
WP$ possessive wh-pronoun
                          whose
WRB wh-abverb
               where, when
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