

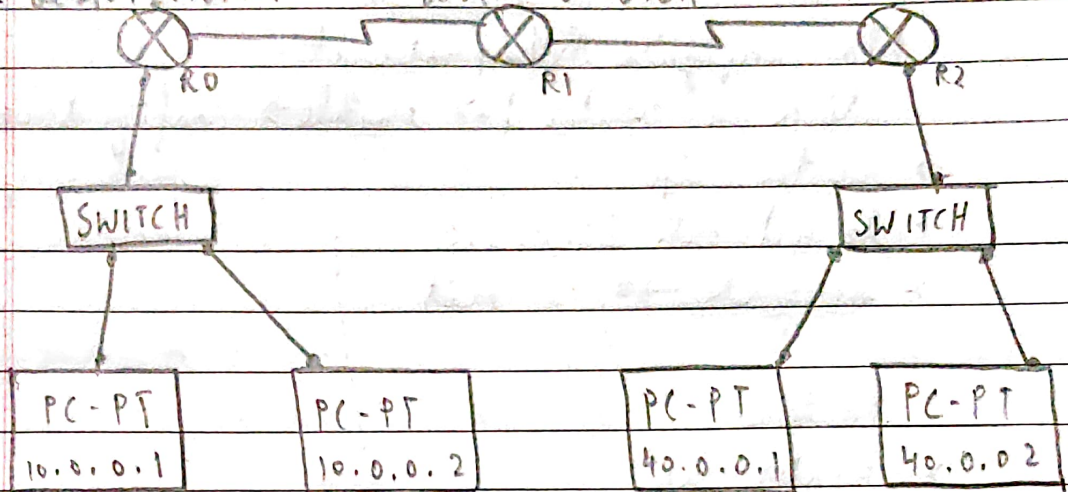
8/12/22

LAB-5

Aim: Configuring RIP Routing Protocol in Routers

Pa 0/0: 10.0.0.3 Se 2/0: 20.0.0.2 Fa 0/0: 40.0.0.3

Topology: Se 2/0: 20.0.0.1 Se 3/0: 30.0.0.1 Se 3/0: 30.0.0.3



Gateway: 10.0.0.3 10.0.0.3 40.0.0.3 40.0.0.3

PROCEDURE A topology was created with 3 routers - PT, 2 switch - PT & 2 PC-PT's connected to each switch using Copper straight through connections & serial DCE connections.

- * First we configured end devices giving IP address 10.1, 10.2 & 40.1, 40.2.

- * Then we configured routers using ip address <address> <subnet mask>.

- * encapsulation ppp and clock rate 64000 used to specify ppp protocol and clock rate in routers 0 and 1 for the serial ports only.

- * Configured RIP routing using router rip then, network <address>, where address refers to the networks directly connected to the router.

- ~~* We use default configurations before encapsulation~~
~~if route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 20.0.0.2~~

OBSERVATION ppp → point to point protocol for serial clock connections.

encapsulation ppp for serial interfaces only
clock rate only for clock interfaces.

To configure RIP protocol

Click on router 1 → enable → config terminal

- > router rip network 10.0.0.0
- > ~~network~~ network 20.0.0.0
- > ~~network 10.0.0.0~~ exit

Router 2

- > router rip
- > network 20.0.0.0
- > network 30.0.0.0
- > exit

Router 3

- > router rip net 40.0
- > network 30.0.0.0
- > exit

RIP is configured
in all the routers.

To check if router is collecting router info

- > show ip route.

To configure

Fast Ethernet

For every F.DCE connection to configure RIP with
defined clock rate.

- > encapsulation ppp
- > clock rate 64000

RESULT: ping 40.0.0.1 TTL=
 Reply from 40.0.0.1: ~~with~~ bytes=32 time=2ms 125
 Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
 Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
 Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
 Packet sent = 4, Received = 4 (0% loss)
 Approx. around ip in milliseconds.
 Minimum = 2 ms Maximum = 40 ms
 Average = 21 ms

Since RIP has been established, IP route does not have to be set for each router.

Before RIP has been set:
 ping 10.0.0.1 → 40.0.0.1 : Dest. host unreachable.

Before RIP
 ping 10.0.0.1 → 20.0.0.2 : Request timed out.

~~is~~ Only on analyzing correct gateway and protocol is the reply & received properly.

∴ RIP is established in the network correctly.

RIP : Routing Information Protocol

We use RIP to configure routers.

It is a distance vector routing protocol.

It knows only neighbours and it doesn't know

entire topology routing. It is a dynamic routing
 protocol that uses hop count as a metric to find
 the best path b/w source & destination network.