

# Signal Memory Engine — Query Endpoint Flow

This document describes the flow of the application when a user sends a request to the `/query` endpoint. It highlights each stage of processing, from request intake to response generation and logging.

Stage	Description
1. User Request	The user (via Streamlit UI or HTTP client) sends a POST request to <code>/query</code> .
2. API Routing	FastAPI receives the request and routes it to <code>api/routes/query.py</code> .
3. Biometric Context	Synthetic biometric signals are sampled from <code>sensors/biometric.py</code> .
4. Retrieval & LLM	The query is passed to LangChain's RetrievalQA chain: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Query embedding generated via OpenAI/HF embeddings.</li><li>• Pinecone vector store searched for top-k relevant chunks.</li><li>• OpenAI Chat model generates an answer using retrieved context.</li></ul>
5. Coherence Mapping	Raw vector hits are normalized into structured memory events via <code>commons.py</code> .
6. Scoring & Flagging	Top similarity scores determine a stability flag: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• stable (<math>\leq 0.5</math>)</li><li>• drifting (<math>&gt; 0.5</math>)</li><li>• concern (<math>&gt; 0.8</math>)</li></ul> Suggestions are mapped accordingly (e.g., escalate, check-in).
7. Logging & Storage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Results logged in MLflow (query, embeddings, scores, latency).</li><li>• Signal persisted in SQLite (<code>storage/sqlite_store.py</code>).</li><li>• Trace log entry appended (<code>utils/tracing.py</code>).</li><li>• Dashboard stub notified (<code>utils/dashboard.py</code>).</li></ul>
8. Response	The API responds with a JSON object containing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Answer</li><li>• Retrieved chunks</li><li>• Stability flag</li><li>• Suggestion</li><li>• Trust score</li></ul>