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Assignment 2

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Abstract—This document contains the solution of NCERT class 12 chapter 10 exercise 10.3 question number 11.

1 Problem

Show that $\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}$ is perpendicular to $\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}$, for any two non zero vectors \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

2 Solution

1) Theory

We need to show that vectors, $\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}$ and $\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}$ are perpendicular to each other.

Two vectors are perpendicular if and only if the inner product between them is zero. The inner product between the two given vectors is,

$$(\|\mathbf{a}\|\,\mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\|\,\mathbf{a})^{\mathsf{T}}\,(\|\mathbf{a}\|\,\mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\|\,\mathbf{a}) = 0$$
 (2.0.1)

Expanding the LHS gives,

$$\|\mathbf{a}\|^{2} \mathbf{b}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{b}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{a} - \|\mathbf{b}\|^{2} \mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{a}$$

$$(2.0.2)$$

$$\|\mathbf{a}\|^{2} \|\mathbf{b}\|^{2} + \|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{a}\| \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\|^{2} \|\mathbf{a}\|^{2} = 0$$

$$(2.0.3)$$

Hence,

$$(\|\mathbf{a}\| \, \mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \, \mathbf{a})^{\mathsf{T}} (\|\mathbf{a}\| \, \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \, \mathbf{a}) = 0$$
 (2.0.4)

As the inner products between the two vectors is zero, we can say that $(\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a})$ and $(\|\mathbf{a}\| \mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \mathbf{a})$ are perpendicular to each other. Hence Proved.

2) Example

Let us take,

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.6}$$

Then,

$$\|\mathbf{a}\| = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\|\mathbf{b}\| = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2} = 13$$
 (2.0.8)

$$\|\mathbf{a}\| \,\mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \,\mathbf{a} = 5 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} + 13 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.9)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 25 + 39 \\ 60 + 52 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 64 \\ 112 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\|\mathbf{a}\| \,\mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \,\mathbf{a} = 5 \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} - 13 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.11)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 25 - 39 \\ 60 - 52 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -14 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.12}$$

$$(\|\mathbf{a}\| \,\mathbf{b} + \|\mathbf{b}\| \,\mathbf{a})^{\top} (\|\mathbf{a}\| \,\mathbf{b} - \|\mathbf{b}\| \,\mathbf{a}) = (64 \ 112) \binom{-14}{8}$$

$$(2.0.13)$$

$$= -896 + 896$$

$$(2.0.14)$$

$$= 0 \qquad (2.0.15)$$

Hence these two vectors are perpendicular.