

```
from tensorflow  
import learn
```

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“ Talk is cheap. Show me the code ” —Linus Torvalds

```
|--github.com
  |--nithishdivakar
    |--Talks-and-Tutorials
      |--tfTalk-03June2017
        |-- README.md
```

[link](#)

“Practice makes permanent ” –Bobby Robson

What can something not do?

What can something do?

What can TensorFlow do?

TensorFlowTM is an open source software library for numerical computation using data flow graphs. Nodes in the graph represent mathematical operations, while the graph edges represent the multidimensional data arrays (tensors) communicated between them.

—[tensorflow.org](https://www.tensorflow.org)

$$\min_x (x - a)^2$$

analytical solution

$$\min_x (x - a)^2$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 2x - 2a$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = 0 \implies \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}$$

numerical solution

$$\min_x (x - a)^2$$

$$x^{new} = x^{old} - \alpha \frac{df}{dx}$$

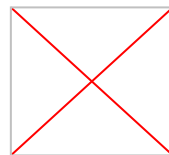
gradient descent

Doesn't care what f is as long as df/dx is available

Demo: 01aWhatCanBeDone.ipynb

$$\min_x (x - a)^2$$

$$\text{s. t} \quad x = b$$



$$\min_x (x - a)^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad x = b$$

$$\equiv$$

$$\min_x (x - a)^2 + C(x - b)$$

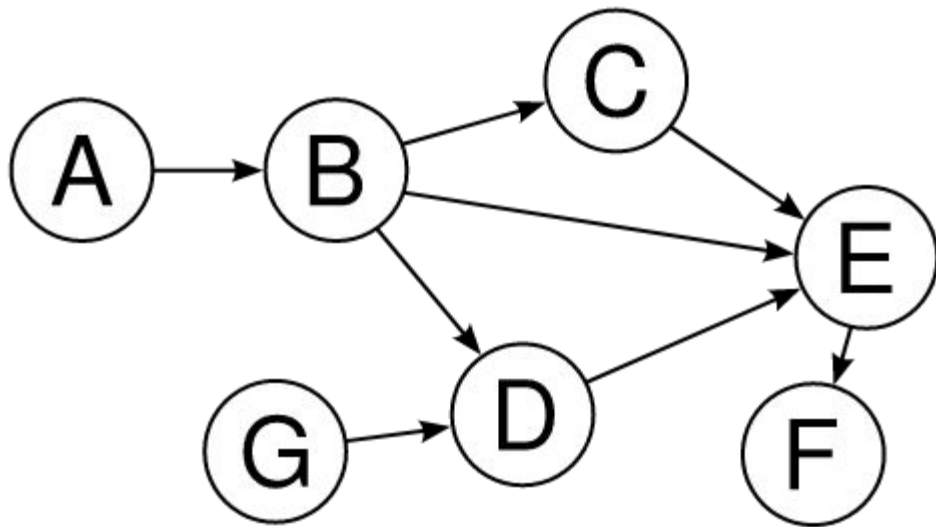
Demo: 01bWhatCanBeDone.ipynb

TensorFlowTM is an open source software library for numerical computation using data flow graphs. Nodes in the graph represent mathematical operations, while the graph edges represent the multidimensional data arrays (tensors) communicated between them.

—[tensorflow.org](https://www.tensorflow.org)

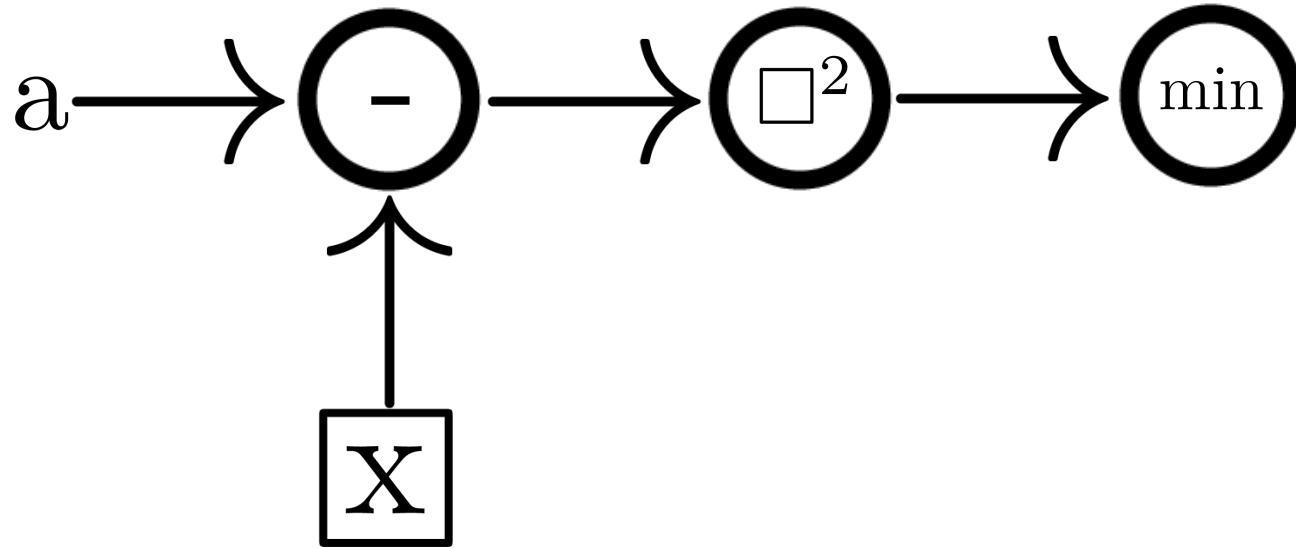
How represent computation?

Graphical Models

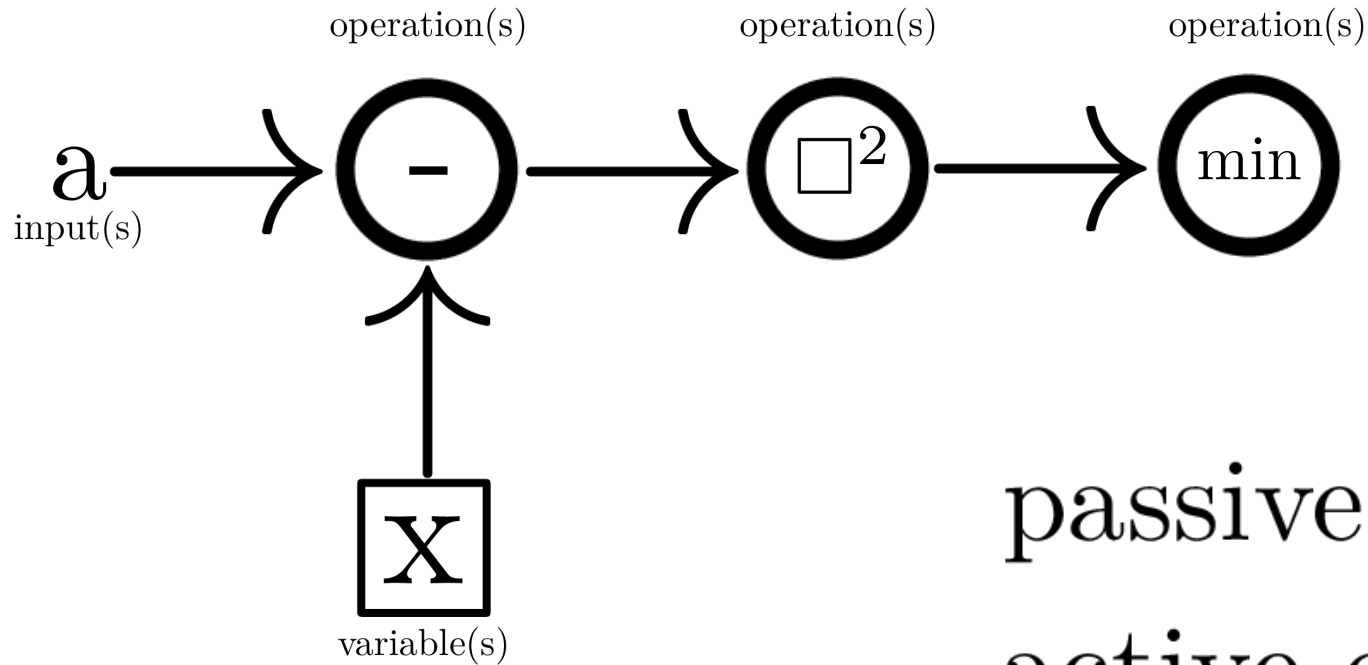


$$P[X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n] = \prod_i P[X_i | \text{parents}_i]$$

Computational Graph



Computational Graph

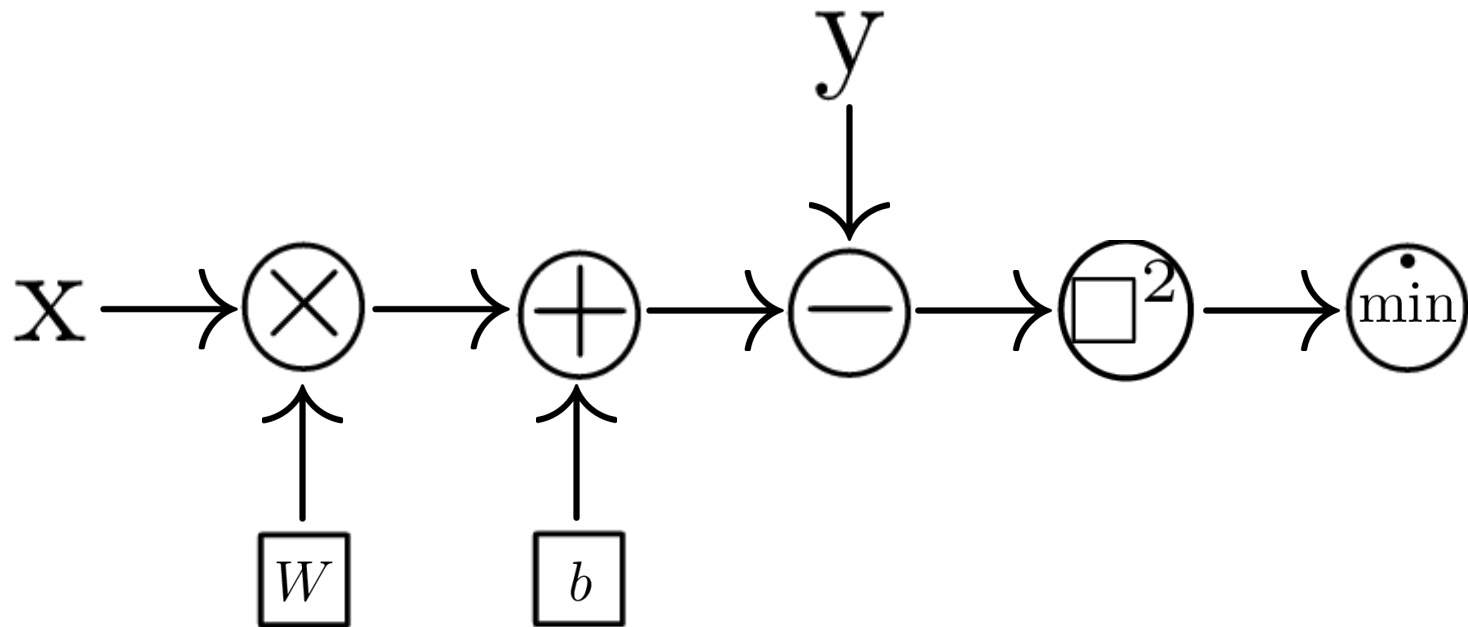


passive ops ?
active ops ?

Linear Regression

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = \|y - \hat{y}\|^2$$

$$\hat{y} = Wx + b$$



x
 y

`tf.placeholder()`

W

b

`tf.Variable()`

Demo: 02LinearRegression.ipynb

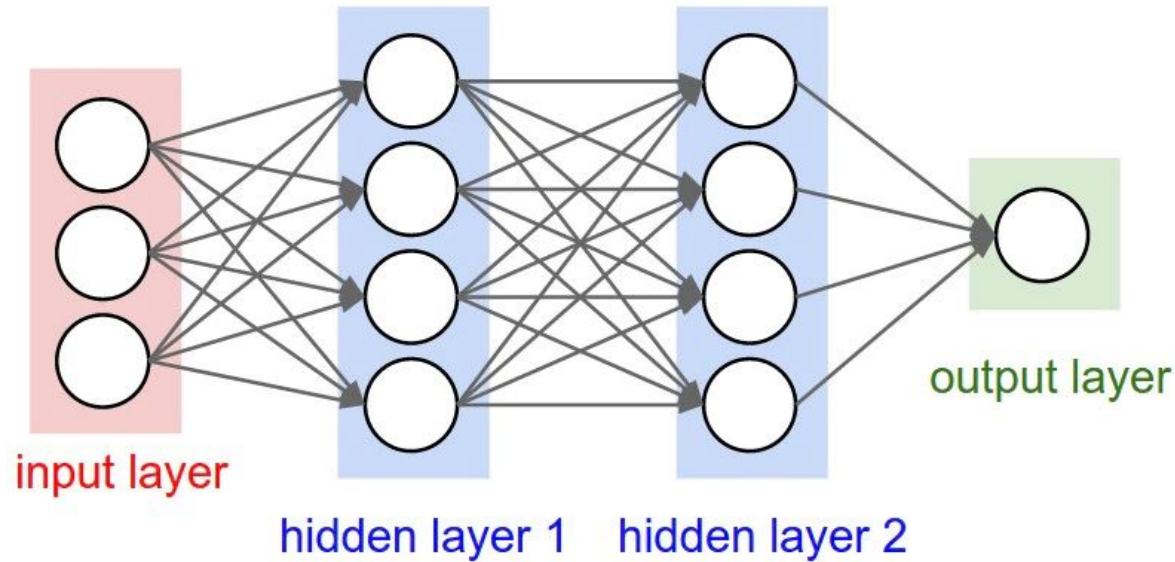
Logistic Regression

$$P[y = 1|x] = \text{sigmoid}(Wx + b) = \hat{y}$$

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = y \log \hat{y} + (1 - y) \log(1 - \hat{y})$$

Demo: 03LogisticRegression.ipynb

Multi Layer Perceptron



lazy computational graph

$$x, y = \textit{inputs}$$

$$z_1 = W_1 x + b_1$$

$$a_1 = \textit{relu}(z_1)$$

$$z_2 = W_2 a_1 + b_2$$

$$\hat{y} = \textit{sigmoid}(z_2)$$

$$L(y, \hat{y}) = \textit{crossentropy}(y, \hat{y})$$

$x, y = \text{inputs}$

$z_1 = W_1x + b_1$

$a_1 = \text{relu}(z_1)$

$z_2 = W_2a_1 + b_2$

$\hat{y} = \text{sigmoid}(z_2)$

$L(y, \hat{y}) = \text{crossentropy}(y, \hat{y})$

$\{W_1, W_2, b_1, b_2\}$ `tf.Variable`

$\{x, y\}$ `tf.placeholder`

Things are getting big

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We are getting into deep learning..!!

Organising your project

What are the parts of an ML experiment?

Organising your project

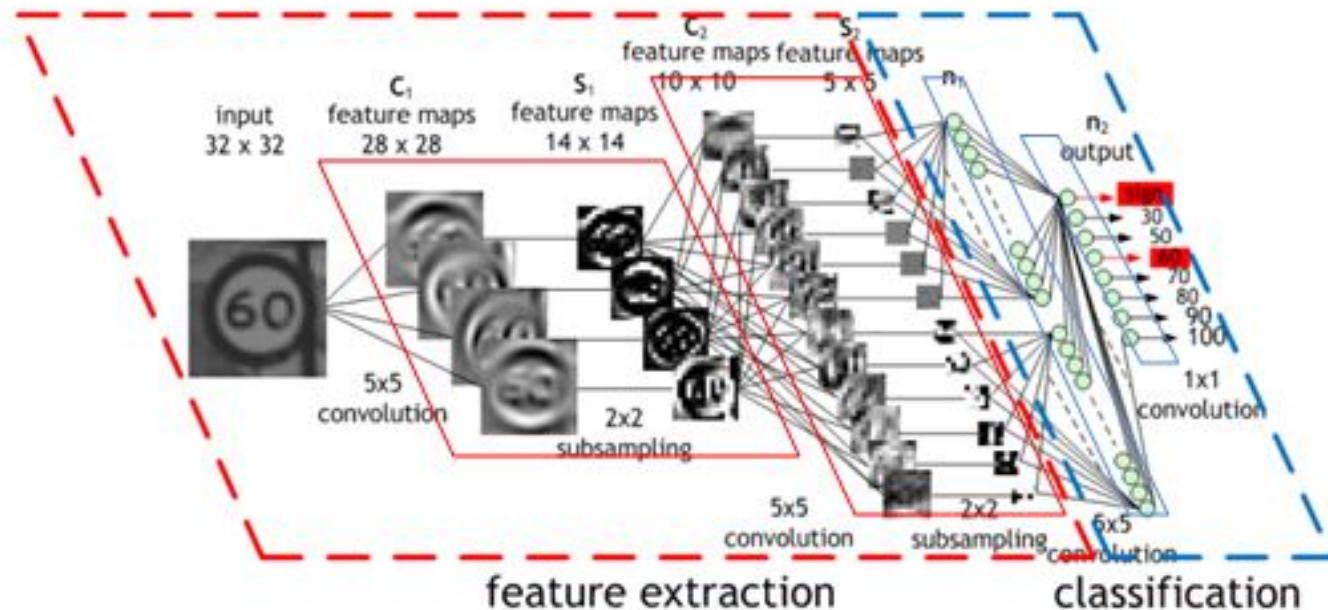
What are the parts of an ML experiment?

Model - Train - Losses

Demo: 04m1p

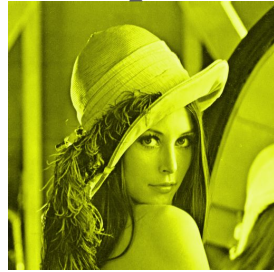
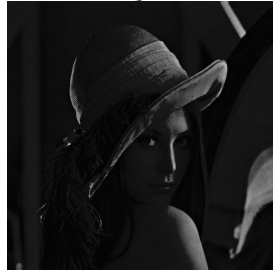
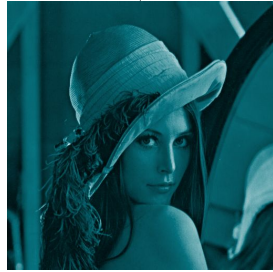
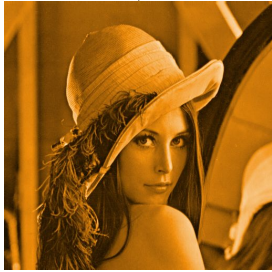
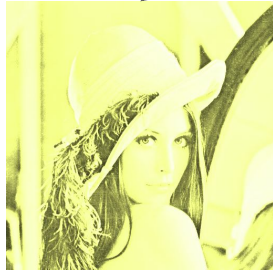
Convolutional Neural Networks

section 5





What has changed?



Doing convolutions

```
tf.nn.conv2d(input, filter, strides, padding)
```

Doing convolutions

```
tf.nn.conv2d(input, filter, strides, padding)
```

```
tf.nn.conv2d(  
    image, ← input tensor  
    Theta['w1'], ← variable/ learnable filters  
    strides=[1, 2, 2, 1],  
    padding='SAME'  
)
```

Demo: 05cnn

tensorboard

Demo: 06cnn