

WE GOT PLAYERS



The USA College Recruiting Process

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Our Tool

WeGotPlayers is powerful sports resume tool designed to help players succeed in their sports journeys. Our platform was born from combining our love for sports with our passion for technology.

Our Mission

Our mission is to empower players of all levels build and promote their own identity to play at the next level. WeGotPlayers has simplified the college recruiting and professional scouting process by making it easy, effective and more fun.

Our Goal

At WeGotPlayers, our goal is to help players achieve their dreams by helping them succeed in their sports journey. WeGotPlayers' work is to provide you with the most powerful sports promoting tool you've ever used so you can accomplish your college recruiting and professional scouting goals.

HOW IT WORKS

FINISH



GAIN MAXIMUM EXPOSURE AND PLAY AT THE NEXT LEVEL.



SHARE any of your sports profile information with anyone you wish through a private code.



CONNECT with players like yourself or your preferred audience.

- EXCHANGE valuable sports experiences.
- LEARN from other players' mistakes, failures and successes.
- GET EDUCATED and MAKE wiser future playing decisions.



PROMOTE YOURSELF to anyone you want.



UPLOAD and ORGANIZE your information, photos and videos.



START



SIGN UP TODAY AND BUILD YOUR OWN IDENTITY

Use our tool to discover endless playing opportunities.



OUR SPORTS AND LEVELS

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33 SPORTS

Badminton	Lacrosse
Basketball	Pool
Baseball	Racing
Box	Rowing
Cross Country	Rugby
Cheerleading	Ice Hockey
Cricket	Skiing
Cycling	Soccer
Dance	Softball
Field Hockey	Squash
Fitness	Swimming
Football	Tennis
Futsal	Track & Field
Golf	Volleyball
Gymnastics	Water Polo
Handball	Wrestling
Ice Hockey	Yoga

7 LEVELS

Club
High School
Junior College
College
Semi-Professional
Professional



NOTE: If your sport is not in our database please let us know about it and we will do our best to add it in the future.

QUALITIES PLAYERS NEED

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HOW PLAYERS CAN GET STARTED

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Have A Strategy

Don't WAIT for someone else to do your work. IT WILL NOT HAPPEN.

Have a STRATEGY, BE ORGANIZED, PLAN in a timely manner and BE PROACTIVE.

Play at college ID camps, tournaments, college showcases and try getting "REFERENCES".

Visit Colleges in your Sophomore and Junior year and also attend their games to see the level of play and how you would fit in.

Organize yourself and prepare a powerful online "Resume". Create one here for [FREE](#)

Be Organized

1

Create or upload your most recent highlights videos (3 to 5 min each).

2

Research and contact schools from all divisions by yourself.

3

Talk to current college players and ask them questions about the school, team and their experience.

4

Get involved in leadership and community activities to show dedication on and off the field. College coaches like serious and dedicated players.

5

10

Raise your GRADES and take the PSAT, SAT, ACT or TOEFL tests. (the sooner the better).

Be Proactive



HIGH-SCHOOL TIMELINE RESPONSABILITIES

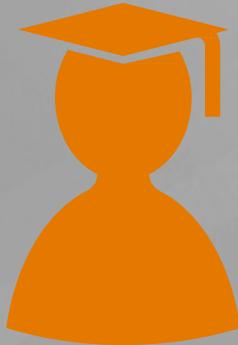
HIGH SCHOOL TIMELINE

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PLAN	HIGH-SCHOOL GRADE			
Consider & prioritize the following steps:	9 th	10 th	11 th	12 th
Prepare academics (act, sat, overall grades, toefl)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Attend college showcases and get evaluated	✓	✓	✓	✓
Create initial list of schools for each division	✓	✓	✓	✓
Research over 50 colleges	✓	✓	✓	✓
Research programs (see if they have your major)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Send introductory emails to college coaches	✓	✓	✓	✓
Send email updates and attach your schedule		✓	✓	✓
Take visits (unofficial)		✓	✓	✓
Don't be afraid to make phone calls			✓	✓
Register with the clearinghouse		✓	✓	✓
Create and send your highlights video(s)			✓	✓
Prioritize your list of schools			✓	✓
Narrow the list of your schools			✓	✓
Take official visits (only 5 allowed)				✓
Make your final decision when prepared	<i>Commit when you are ready.</i>			

Elementary School (**8th Grade**)

- Review High School catalog course offerings and print the NCAA High School core course listing.
- When you search High School portal on NCAA.org pay attention to high school levels and tracks. Research what are the course level differences and in which track the student will be in.
- College Prep tracks or higher is usually preferred for college and NCAA purposes.
- Print NCAA Division I and II qualifier requirements and compare them to the college catalog course listings. Also, print your future high school's NCAA approved core course listings.
- Highlight all the courses that are NCAA approved so you know which will help you qualify.
- In order to be effective at this point parents and students should MAP OUT a 4 year course selection. This process will ensure that core courses requirements will be met accordingly, especially the 10 core courses completed by the end of the junior year for Division I.



Freshman (**9th** Grade)



- Start planning now!
- Work hard to get the best grades possible.
- Take classes that match your high school's list of NCAA courses.
- The NCAA Eligibility Center will use only approved core courses to certify your initial eligibility.
- You can access and print your high school's list of NCAA courses at www.eligibilitycenter.org. Click the NCAA College-Bound Student-Athlete link to enter and then navigate to the "Resources" tab and select "U.S. Students" where you will find the link for the list of NCAA courses.
- If you fall behind, use summer school sessions before graduation to catch up.

Sophomore (**10th** Grade)

- Research colleges early to find out about their admission requirements.
- Choose your schools based on the location, size, offering majors or division so you can get closer in finding your right fit.
- Keep track of your core courses completed and calculate your current GPA.
- Ask your guidance counselor about future course offerings and how do academically so far.
- Take summer classes to improve your overall GPA, add or replace a course.
- Search for over 30 schools so you have an idea where to look as your senior year is getting closer.
- At the beginning of your sophomore year, complete your online registration at www.eligibilitycenter.org.
- If you do fall behind, do not take short cuts to recover the credits. Classes you take must be four-year college preparatory and meet NCAA requirements to be used for initial academic eligibility.



Juniors (11th Grade)

- Double check your junior year courses selection by comparing them with the NCAA. Add or repeat courses this year because at the end of the junior year the top 10 core courses are locked in. Make sure that 7 out of 10 core are in English, Math or Science (DI Rule Only).
- At the beginning of your junior year, register with the NCAA Eligibility Center at www.ncaa.org. Complete the amateurism survey and take the PSAT if available.
- When taking the ACT or SAT use the NCAA Eligibility Center code “9999” as a score recipient. This will help send your official score directly to the NCAA Eligibility Center.
- Ask your high school guidance counselor to send an official transcript to the NCAA Eligibility Center after completing your junior year.
- Get a copy and check transcript for titles, grades & credits accuracy.
- If you have attended more than one high school, the NCAA Eligibility Center will need official transcripts from all high schools attended. (The NCAA Eligibility Center does NOT accept faxed transcripts or test scores.)
- Talk to your coach and start contacting colleges that fit your interests and athletic abilities.
- Write letters to college coaches and send your resume and schedule.
- Before registering for classes for your senior year, check with your high school counselor to determine the amount of core courses that you need to complete your senior year.
- Obtain college applications from schools that interest you and review application process.

Seniors (12th Grade)

- Take or retake the ACT and/or SAT, if necessary and add core courses if needed.
- Update your GPA. The NCAA Eligibility Center will use the best scores from each section of the ACT or SAT to determine your best cumulative score.
- Continue to take college-prep courses at your high-school.
- Check the courses you have taken to match your school's list of NCAA courses.
- Review your amateurism responses and request final amateurism certification on or after April 1 (for fall enrollees) or October 1 (for spring enrollees).
- Continue to work hard to get the best grades possible and try to graduate on time (in eight academic semesters).
- Complete the FAFSA (Free Application For Federal Student Aid) at www.fafsa.org by early February. Prepare to send your parent(s) financial forms to the colleges' financial aid office (W2, tax forms).
- Log into your NCAA Eligibility Center account and sign off on your amateurism on April 1st.
- May 1st is the universal college confirmation date. You will need to pay a deposit to the college of your choice to save your spot. The earlier the confirmation the better housing options.
- After graduation, ask your high school guidance counselor to send your final transcript to the NCAA Eligibility Center with proof of graduation or final certification.



FINANCIAL AID

WHAT IS FINANCIAL AID

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- **Federal Student Aid ensures that all eligible individuals can benefit from federally funded financial assistance for education beyond high school.**
- **International students or non-aliens do not qualify for financial aid. Financial aid could be in the form of grants, scholarships, loans and work study.**



FINANCIALAID IS AVAILABALE ONLY FOR AMERICAN STUDENTS
(U.S CITIZENS, OR LEGALALIENS/GREEN CARD HOLDERS).

FREE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL STUDENT LOANS (FAFSA).

www.FAFSA.ed.gov

NOTE SCHOOL , STATE AND FEDERAL DEADLINES

FINANCIAL AID RESOURCES...

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U.S. Department of Education's Federal Student Aid - StudentAid.ed.gov

The FSA programs are the largest source of student aid in America, providing nearly 70% of all student financial aid.

FinAid.org

FinAid.org was established in the fall of 1994 as a public service. This award-winning site has grown into the most comprehensive annotated collection of information about student financial aid on the web.

FastWeb.com

FastWeb.com is the Internet's leading scholarship search service. FastWeb.com lets students create a personalized profile that can be matched against an expansive databases of colleges and scholarships. The oldest and most popular free online scholarship service.

FINANCIAL AID RESOURCES

WEGOTPLAYERS

College Board's Scholarship Search

***BigFuture.collegeboard.org/
scholarship-search***

Find scholarships, other financial aid and internships from more than 2,200 programs, totaling nearly \$6 billion.

Scholarships.com

Since our founding in 1998, Scholarships.com has helped students find money for college as well as learn about the entire financial aid process.

MyScholly.com

The easiest way to find scholarships. This app allows you to identify available scholarships and save lots of money for college.

SAVE for College at: CollegeSavings.org

529 Plan – Every state has one

NCAA SPONSORED SPORTS

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Fall Sports

Cross Country (W)
Cross Country (M)
Field Hockey (W)
Football (M)

Soccer (W)
Soccer (M)
Volleyball (W)
Water Polo (M)

Emerging Sports

Equestrian (W)
Rugby (W)
Sand Volleyball (W)
Squash (W)

Spring Sports

Baseball (M)
Golf (W)
Golf(W)
Lacrosse (W)
Lacrosse (M)
Rowing (W)
Softball (W)
Tennis (W)

Tennis (M)
Outdoor Track and Filed (W)
Outdoor Track and Filed (M)
Volleyball (M)
Water Polo (W)

Winter Sports

Basketball (W)
Basketball (M)
Bowling (W)
Fencing (M&W)
Gymnastics (W)
Gymnastics (M)
Ice Hockey (W)

Ice Hockey (M)
Rifle (M&W)
Skiing (M&W)
Swimming and Diving (M&W)
Indoor Track and Field (M&W)
Wrestling (M)



6 COLLEGE SPORTS RECRUITING FACTS...

6 COLLEGE SPORTS RECRUITING FACTS...

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1

When Does The College Recruiting Process Starts?

The recruiting process has started already. In some sports, college coaches start recruiting potential prospects as early as their freshman year of high school.

2

Where Do College Coaches Recruit From?

College coaches rely on reliable online sources and their sports contacts such as club or high school coaches when identifying potential recruits.

Most college coaches attend sports events such as: tournaments, show cases, college ID camps and games in order to evaluate players.

Over 80% of Division I prospects are identified by the end of the sophomore year. Being proactive and getting your personal, academic and athletic information in front of college coaches is crucial.

3

How Do College Coaches Evaluate Players?

Best evaluations are live and in person but as the majority of the players can't always play in front of college coaches, video is the simplest and most effective way for players to get exposed. It is very important the quality of your video in order to make a first great impression. Also, make sure your videos and information is available online for easy access and sharing.

4

What Playing Options Players Have When Choosing A College/University?

In the United States there are over 1800 colleges/universities that sponsors college athletics and offer financial packages. Over 90% of these opportunities are outside the DI schools.

Players should make sure they know where they fit best based on their academics and athletic abilities. They can choose from DI, DII, DIII, NAIA and NJCAA.

5

What Role Do High School Coaches Play In The Recruiting Process?

High School coaches are not responsible for the players' recruiting process. High School coaches can provide advise, tips, make recommendations and offer their help on the players' recruiting process.

6

Can I Get Recruited If I Attend A College ID Camp Or Event?

There are no guarantees that you will get a scholarship regardless of the number of college ID camps or events you had or plan on attending. BUT, this would be a great opportunity to introduce yourself, increase your exposure and make a great first impression to get on the college coaches' radar.



**NCAA RULES
&
REGULATIONS**

NCAA RULES & REGULATIONS

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1. Academic Requirements (School vs. NCAA)

- High School requirements (16 core classes DI, and 16 for DII).
- Class of 2016 the Core Course for DI GPA goes to 2.3 from 2.0
- 10 of the 16 core course requirements MUST BE completed by the end of the student's junior year.
- Class of 2018 - DII Minimum Core GPA from 2.0 will go to 2.2 (SAT of 820)
- Students may still receive a scholarship with a core course GPA between 2.0 and 2.29, but can not participate in games as a freshman
- NCAA Clearinghouse – Required Registration to play college sports.

2. Evaluations (get as many evaluations as possible from your coaches).

3. Emails – unlimited. NO TEXT MESSAGES.

4. Phone calls – July 1st before Senior year (max of 1 per week).

5. Official visit (5) – ONLY IN YOUR SENIOR YEAR.

6. Unofficial visits – Unlimited and at any time.

7. National Letter of Intent (NLI) – February of Senior year in high school.

8. Read and download the “Student-Athlete Handbook” from www.NCAA.org site.

Note: DII and DIII have different rules than DI schools.

NCAA CORE COURSE REQUIREMENTS

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- The cumulative GPA DOES NOT EQUAL the core course GPA
- The core course GPA could be ONE ENTIRE POINT LOWER than the cumulative GPA
- Often times a **3.0 cumulative GPA could = 2.0 core course GPA** based on NCAA grading standards
- 80% of the players don't start tracking their Core Course GPA until their Junior year or later

The BIG PROBLEM

- It is common to have 33% of the NCAA Core Courses requirements satisfied by the FRESHMAN YEAR!
- Be informed and aware of what's expected of you to meet the NCAA academic standards

Be Proactive

- Frequently check with your school counselor for core courses updates, changes, etc.
- Keep your class titles simple and take

Mystery Of The NCAA Eligibility Center

- **16 Core Courses Requirements For D1**
- **16 Core Courses Requirements For D2 (not the same as D1)**
- Only 1 core course can be made up over the summer **AFTER** graduation, provided the PSA (Prospective Student Athlete) graduates with their class on time
- **Acceptance of online credit recovery classes for D1 and D2 has become very restrictive**

Sources: NCAA, FreeRecruitingWebinar.org

CORE COURSES REQUIREMENTS

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	Division 1	Division 2
• English	4 years	3 years
• Math	3 years	2 years
• Natural / Phys. Science	2 years*	2 years*
• Additional English / Math / Science	1 year	3 years
• Social Science	2 years	2 years
• Additional Core Courses	4 years	4 years

*One year must be a lab science.

Important To Remember:

- As of 2016 the core 10 “locked in” classes are “locked in” for the purpose of calculating the core GPA
- A repeat of one of the 10 “locked in” core classes will not be used if taken after the 7 semester begins
- Out of the 10 core courses completed, 7 must be in the area of English, Math or Science

- Core Course Credit x Grade = Quality Points
- Core Course Credits equal 1, .5 or .33
- Numerical grade values are 4(A), 3(B), 2(C) or 1(D)
- If the NCAA has approved a weighted scale for a course, an additional value, between .1 and 1, will be added based on the grade earned and each high school's grading standards

How To Calculate The Core Course GPA?

1. Add the Quality Points for each Core Course ($4+2+3.3+2.5 = 11.55$)
2. Divide by the total number of the core course credits ($11.55/4$)
3. The Result is the NCAA Core Course GPA (2.89)

- Remember, NCAA does not recognizes plusses or minuses: A- = A, B+ = B
- Repeat for D2 requirements

Who Is Responsible For Tracking Core?

- According to ASCA/CoreCourseGPA.com survey:

56% Guidance
20% Athletics
15% Other

To track NCAA Core Courses go to CoreCourseGPA.com

**Check out these important
NCAA link documents:**

- [Your Path To The Student-Athlete Experience](#)
- [Eligibility Center \(www.EligibilityCenter.org\)](#)
- [NCAA - National Collegiate Athletic Association](#)
- [Clearinghouse - NCAA Athlete Eligibility Center Registration](#)
- [NCCAA - National Christian College Athletic Association](#)
- [COA/CCCAA - California Community College Athletic Association](#)
- [NJCAA - National Junior College Athletic Association](#)
- [NAIA - National Association of Intercollegiate Athletics](#)

**Junior College and NAIA -
For eligibility information
at those levels.**

**School Reviews &
Academic Reports:**

- [Petersons.com](#)
- [Collegeboard.com](#)
- [USNews](#)

Resources:

- [NCAA Recruiting Calendars](#)
- [NCAA Guide for Student Athletes](#)

Have you consider a campus size and location?
(ie. big vs. small and metro vs. rural).

Use online resources like [GoCollege.com](#) to help with your research and practice your ACT's.

- *\$75 Registration FEE*
- *Transcript WILL NOT be reviewed until the end of Junior year*
- *Transcript WILL NOT be reviewed unless an NCAA college has the student-athlete on their Institutional Request List (IRL)*
- *College need to have student-athletes on their IRL, otherwise players can't visit them*
- *Student-Athletes cannot take an official recruiting visit until after registering with the NCAA Eligibility Center*
- *Specific core course credits, GPA and SAT/ACT requirements*

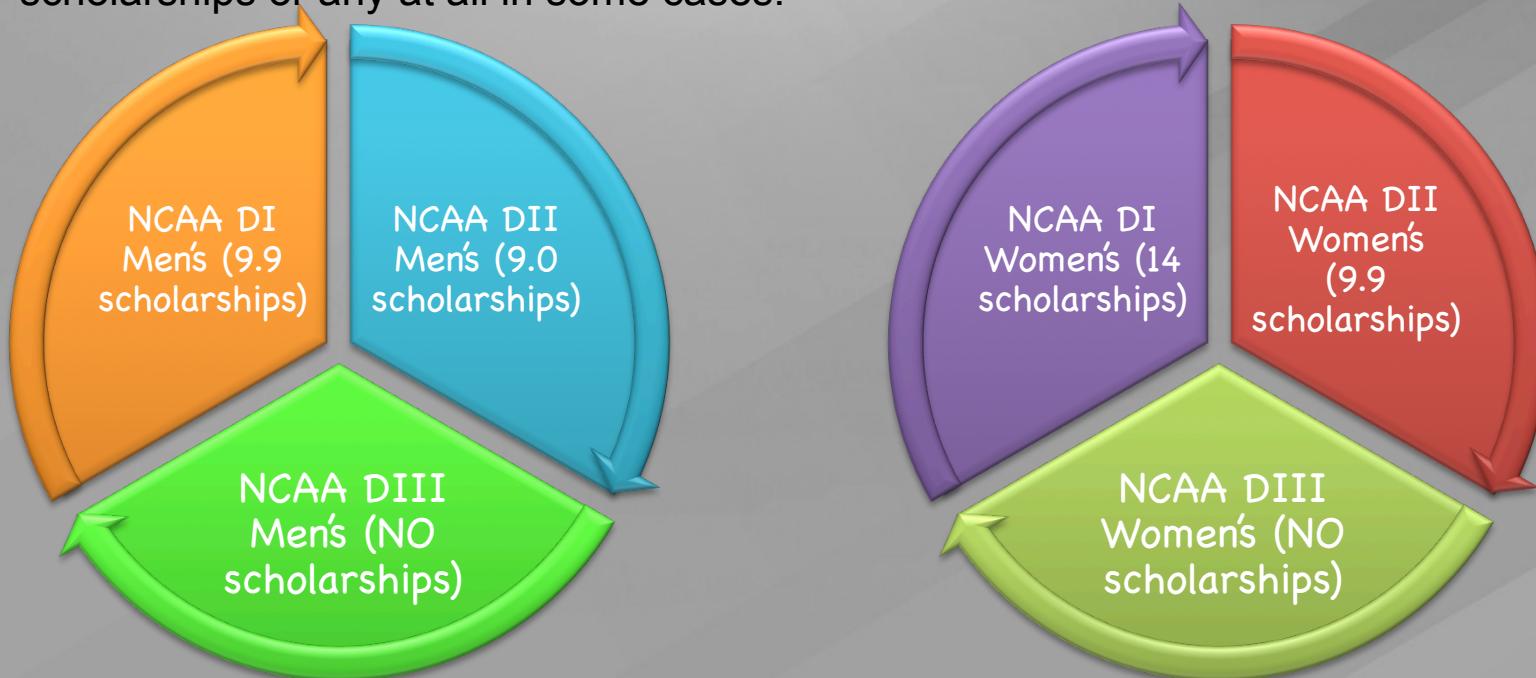
NCAA POPULAR SPORTS BY

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NCAA Sports	Total # of Schools	NCAA D1 Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	NCAA DII Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	NCAA DIII Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	NAIA Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	NJCAA Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	NCCAA Schools/ Male & Female Scholarships	Male	Female
<u>Baseball</u>	1.665	298 11.7 n/a	248 9 n/a	364 n/a n/a	204 12 n/a	385 n/a n/a	19 24 n/a	52.948	n/a
<u>Basketball</u>	1.985	348 13 15	292 10 10	421 n/a n/a	258 11 11	428 n/a n/a	44 15 15	31.385	27.425
<u>Field Hockey</u>	258	77 n/a 12	28 n/a 6.3	151 n/a n/a	2 n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	n/a	5.625
<u>Water Polo</u>	112	36 4.5 8	10 4.5 8	19 n/a n/a	5 n/a n/a	2 n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	1.668	1.800
<u>Golf</u>	1.305	315 4.5 6	223 3.6 5.4	298 n/a n/a	183 5 5	202 8 8	10 n/a n/a	12.385	5.945
<u>Ice Hockey</u>	150	41 18 18	22 13.5 18	76 n/a n/a	3 n/a n/a	8 n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a	4.198	2.028
<u>Lacrosse</u>	435	98 12.6 12	71 10.8 9.9	221 n/a n/a	15 n/a n/a	26 20 20	n/a n/a n/a	11.251	8.368
<u>Soccer</u>	1608	324 9.9 14	233 9 9.9	412 n/a n/a	218 12 12	226 18 18	30 n/a n/a	36, 390	34.950
<u>Swimming</u>	606	200 9.9 14	77 8.1 8.1	228 n/a n/a	21 8 8	21 15 15	n/a n/a n/a	10.350	13.005
<u>Football</u>	861	245 148/team	152 36 n/a	233 n/a n/a	86 24 n/a	73 85 n/a	3 n/a n/a	85.450	n/a
<u>Tennis</u>	1.188	325 4.5 8	220 4.5 6	361 n/a n/a	114 5 5	92 9 9	No specific data	10.085	10.920
<u>Track</u>	1.096	318 12.6 18	178 12.6 12.6	275 n/a n/a	161 17 17	75 30 30	No specific data	51.870	51.620
<u>Volleyball</u>	1.743	331 4.5 12	278 4.5 8	405 n/a n/a	233 - 8	294 - 14	37 n/a n/a	2.262	25.145
<u>Wrestling</u>	328	75 9.9 -	57 9 -	87 n/a n/a	38 8 -	38 16 -	No specific data	9.020	225
<u>Softball</u>	1.645	290 n/a 12	268 n/a 7.2	388 n/a n/a	199 n/a 10	349 n/a 24	8 n/a n/a	n/a	30.020

Example Of How Soccer Scholarships Are Distributed

One of the biggest mistakes student athletes make when trying to earn an athletic scholarship is when they assume that scholarships are the norm, rather than the exception. In reality, college sports recruitment is tougher than that: only a small percentage (**less than 2%**) of college players get full scholarships or any at all in some cases.



NOTE: Please set realistic goals and objectives for yourself when trying to obtain an athletic scholarship.

Due to financial deficits a lot of schools have cut from their academic and athletic scholarship budgets.

SCHOLARSHIP FACTS

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- **About 3%** of high school student athletes receive a scholarship
- **Less than 1%** receive **a 4-year D1 scholarship**
- **Close to 26%** of students who enter college on an athletic scholarship as a freshman, are no longer on scholarship entering their sophomore year in college
- **80% of scholarship/financial aid opportunities ARE NOT at the D1 level**
- **ALL athletic scholarships are 1-year renewable deal for D2 schools**
- **D1 schools now HAVE THE OPTION to guarantee more than one year**

Introduction

- **Learn how the recruiting rules can affect your chances of obtaining a scholarship.**
- **How recruiting affects your interactions with coaches.**
- **When can the coach talk to you at a location away from his own campus?**
- **When you should avoid making campus visits?**
- **When can you contact a coach by phone, by letter, by email or in person? NO TEXTING.**
- **When can the coach contact you? EVERY DIVISION HAS DIFFERENT RULES.**

"The answers are not always simple as the rules always change but with some research the college recruiting process could drastically ease and become FUN. The recruiting rules, laws and regulations vary between NCAA and NAIA and also within each divisions".

KNOW THE
NCAA
RULES &
REGULATIONS

VISIT
COLLEGES

TALK
FINANCIALS

RECRUITING DO'S

- Set personal, academic and athletic goals while constantly tracking your progress.
- Get evaluated, have a strategy and approach college coaches first.
- Be realistic about your on and off the field abilities and playing level.
- Research Junior Colleges, Colleges and Universities to find the right fit.
- Stay organized throughout your high-school years.
- Be focused when establishing relationships with the college coaches.
- Attend camps, tournaments, college showcases and college ID camps.
- Become familiar with the NCAA rules, laws and regulations.
- NCAA rules are very strict and tricky at times as they differ from sport to sport.
- Be curious and ask questions because KNOWLEDGE and INFORMATION are KEY.
- Take as many unofficial visits as possible to find the right FIT.
- Be honest, work hard, and informed while you treat everyone with respect
- BUILD AND PROMOTE YOURSELF WITH A POSITIVE IMAGE.

RECRUITING DON'TS

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- **Don't wait till your Junior and Senior year to start looking and contacting colleges.**
- **Don't talk to college coaches like they are your friends.**
- **Don't post inappropriate pictures, stories or other stuff on your social media.**
- **Don't think that if a coach likes you and you are on a scholarship you will start.**
- **Don't put all your hopes and wishes in one school.**
- **Don't be too aggressive or arrogant.**
- **Don't talk about yourself constantly and ignore the listening part.**
- **Don't let your parents be the primary contact when dealing with your coaches.**
- **Don't send the same email to all college coaches.**
- **Don't forget that coaching is a full-time job.**
- **Don't select a school based only on athletics.**
- **Don't wait for college coaches to call you.**
- **Don't think you are a top prospect.**



“When times get hard and nothing goes your way, don't get discouraged, become lazy or lose your confidence. In moments like this you need to keep on pushing hard because great things will happen for you”.

RECRUITING TIPS FOR PLAYERS

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- **Start EARLY.** That would be your FRESHMAN YEAR in High School (early is on time)
- **GETTING good academic grades** right from the start is a big advantage
- **Get evaluated** by qualified coaches so you know what you need to work on and improve
- **Do research,** be realistic, be honest and always train and try to improve
- **Process your applications** in a timely manner (follow NCAA rules, regulations and by-laws)
- **Ask lots of questions about academics and athletics**
- **YOU** are going to college and NOT your family
- **Clearinghouse registration** (during your junior year in high school)
- **Don't wait for anyone to do your work;** it will not happen and your talent will slowly get lost in the shadows of empty hopes



QUESTIONS COLLEGE COACHES MAY ASK YOU

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- ✓ What formation or system did you play in high school or for your club team?
- ✓ **What are your strengths/weaknesses as a student-athlete?**
- ✓ How do you resolve conflicts among your teammates?
- ✓ **What are your strengths and weaknesses?**
- ✓ What other positions have you played before?
- ✓ How do you get along with your teammates?
- ✓ What do you like to do in your free time?
- ✓ **What makes you unique?**
- ✓ How do you respond to adversity?
- ✓ What do you like or dislike about our school?
- ✓ **What do you plan on studying in college?**
- ✓ What other schools are you applying to?
- ✓ **Do you have any current injuries?**
- ✓ How would you manage your time between academics and athletics during the season?



QUESTIONS PLAYERS CAN ASK COLLEGE COACHES

WEGOTPLAYERS

- ✓ **What is your coaching philosophy?**
- ✓ **What is the team formation line-up system?**
- ✓ **How are practices run and how many per week?**
- ✓ **How are practices in a typical pre-season?**
- ✓ **How are practices like during the on and off season?**
- ✓ **What kind of players are you looking to recruit?**
- ✓ **How is the school level academically?**
- ✓ **How is the competition level?**
- ✓ **What do you expect from the new recruits to bring to the team?**
- ✓ **What are your most memorable sports moments? This is a very personal question.**
- ✓ **Who is your favorite player/athlete of all time and why?**
- ✓ **What is the best athletic and academic advise?**
- ✓ **Are there any athletic scholarships available?**



WHAT TO CONSIDER WHEN LOOKING AT COLLEGES

WEGOTPLAYERS

ACADEMICS	Your major, team grades, graduate schools, support and resources.
SPORTS	Check university's sports, School divisions, and conference level.
FINANCES	Tuition and Scholarships (Academic & Athletic), Loans, Grants.
LOCATION	In State vs. Out of state and the pro's and cons, travel expenses. Closure to home or going away.
SUPPORT SERVICES	Computer labs, athletic trainers, tutors, student athlete academic center, GK coach, strength and conditioning, etc.
COACHES	Reputation, Qualification, time at school, # of assistant coaches, coaching philosophy, playing formation(s), etc.
PLAYERS	Team chemistry, how many sophomore, juniors and seniors they have and who is playing your position, competition level, coaching and training philosophy, performance expectations, etc.
FACILITIES	GYM, grass, turf, shared facilities, track, indoor fields, etc.
POLICIES	Alcohol, drugs, visitation, religion, campus rules especially when living on campus.
CAREER SERVICES	Graduation rate completion, job placements.
HOW YOU FIT IN THE PROGRAM/ SCHOOL?	Do you see yourself going to this school? WHY? Or WHY NOT?

OBTAİN PLAYERS' EVALUATIONS

WEGOTPLAYERS

- ✓ **Playing Experience** - (national, regional, state, club, high school and abroad experiences).
- ✓ **Who coached the player** – it is a college, club or high school coach?
- ✓ **Where can I see the player perform** - (games, tournaments, showcase, etc).
- ✓ **How are the technical, tactical, physical and psychosocial attributes of the player.**
- ✓ **What is the GPA, SAT, ACT, TOEFL** (“Test Of English as a Foreign Language”).
- ✓ **Potential Academic Major.**
- ✓ **Attitude & Character** (what kind of person are you, how you define ethics and values)
- ✓ **Leadership** (what activities and roles have you had or have)
- ✓ **References** (should be from reliable and experienced coaches)
- ✓ **Team(s) system/formation or style of play.**
- ✓ **How were you used in your team's formation** and what roles did you play?
- ✓ **How many years do you plan on playing college sports?**
- ✓ **Why do you want to play college sports?**



WHY INVEST IN A QUALITY VIDEO HIGHLIGHTS

WEGOTPLAYERS

1 Why Is Important To Have A Quality Video For Your College Recruiting Process?

Coaches can't always watch most players compete at live events, tournaments or showcases.

Make yourself identifiable through a clear quality video.

2 What Should I Show In My Video?

Show your full name, nationality, height, weight, position, date of birth, preferred foot, jersey #, team color uniform and high school graduation date.

Start your video with the best highlights plays in order to keep the audience interested.

Video highlights should be ideally 3 to 5 min long with footage from official games.

Share your contact information such as: (email and WeGotPlayers.com personal link page)

3 Should I Have A Game Tape, Training Action Or Highlights?

You should have a game tape but you can also add to it, drills, and highlights. Games are best.

4 Does Every Player Need A Video?

The majority, yes, Most players need a video so they can get more exposure. Having a video will increase your chances of being recruited.

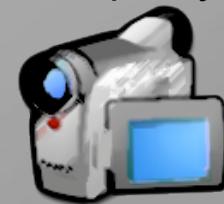
5 When Should I Hire Someone To Shoot My Video?

ONLY when you don't have access to better equipment, editing skills and not being able to provide different video formats. A professional company could do a much better video quality.

UPLOAD YOUR VIDEOS

MAKE AN IMPRESSION AND CONNECT

GAIN MAXIMUM EXPOSURE



To All Players, Parents and Guardians:

Do not post your comments or frustrations on Social Media sites especially after a game:

- **Facebook**
- **Instagram**
- **Snapchat**
- **LinkedIn**
- **YouTube**
- **Twitter**
- **Vine**
- **Pinterest**
- **Blogs**
- **Tumbler and more...**

Be aware don't post anything online that could potentially jeopardize your scholarship or financial aid status, especially if you already have a spot saved at a College or University. If something ever goes wrong and the school sees it, they will take action and athletes are the ones who will be suffering most.

REMEMBER: YOU ARE AN AMATOR ATHLETE

WEGOTPLAYERS

1

Do not accept money at all, gifts or services from anyone in exchange for any reason. Do not contact an representative sports agency or talk to agents at any time as this may ruin your chances of getting a scholarship.

2

Don't ruin your future of playing sports in college by putting your amateur status at risk.

3

Any of these activities will automatically change your status and you will no longer be eligible to play sports in college.

ASK YOURSELF THIS IMPORTANT QUESTION:

If the school you are truly considering does not offer the sport you play, would you still want to attend that school anyways?

WHAT TO DO NEXT...

WEGOTPLAYERS

- **GET EVALUATED, SET REALISTIC GOALS AND BE PROACTIVE**
- **HAVE A PLAN & DEVELOP A STRATEGY FOR THE RECRUITING PROCESS**
- **PLAY IN A VERY COMPETITIVE TEAM ENVIRONMENT**
- **ONLINE RESUME** (create a FREE online resume on WGP for easy access and sharing)
- **GRADES** (work hard on keeping your grades high and stay in touch with your counselor)
- **VIDEO** (it is crucial to have a professional video highlights to market yourself effectively)
- **REFERENCES** (ONLY from qualified and reliable coaches)
- **LETTER OF INTRODUCTION** (express real interest and customize each letter)
- **SCHEDULE** (list all your next events and update your schedule monthly)
- **COMMITMENT** (you really have to put the work in and always try to improve)
- **DO EARLY RESEARCH AND BE FAMILIAR WITH THE NCAA RULES**
- **CONSTANTLY CHECK YOUR HIGH SCHOOL TIMELINE STEPS**



DISCOVER WHERE YOUR
SPORTS JOURNEY TAKES YOU...

SIGN UP FREE