# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 16

Section 1: MCQ

1. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack? Answer All of the mentioned options Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 4. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations? **Answer** Last In First Out Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 5. Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ of the Stack. Answer Top Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 6. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size? Answer Efficient memory usage Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 7. What will be the output of the following code? #include <stdio.h> #define MAX\_SIZE 5 int stack[MAX\_SIZE]; int top = -1; void display() {

```
if(top == -1) {
         printf("Stack is empty\n");
      } else {
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d", stack[i]);
         printf("\n");
      }
    void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
print;
else {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         stack[++top] = value;
    int main() {
       display();
       push(10);
       push(20);
       push(30);
       display();
       push(40);
       push(50);
    push(60);
       display();
       return 0;
    Answer
    Stack is emptyStack elements: 10 20 30Stack elements: 60 50 40 30 20
                                                                          Marks: 0/1
    Status: Wrong
```

8. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

push(1);

```
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(2);
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Stack operations will be performed smoothly

Status: Wrong

Marks: 0/1
```

9. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
    return (top == -1);
}
int isFull() {
    return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
}
void push(int item) {
```

```
if (isFull())
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    else
        stack[++top] = item;
}
int main() {
    printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
    push(20);
    push(30);
    printf("%d\n", isFull());
    return 0;
}
Answer

10
Status: Correct
Marks: 1/1
```

11. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

**Answer** 

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1/310

12. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*?

Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

## Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

### Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

#### Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from

Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);
Answer
```

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

19. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is

**Answer** 

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
```

```
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if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
printf("Stack Overfile)
    void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         return;
       }
       stack[++(*top)] = item;
    int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
       if (*top == -1) {
         printf("Stack Underflow\n");
         return -1;
                          240701370
       return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
       int stack[MAX_SIZE];
       int top = -1;
       push(stack, &top, 10);
       push(stack, &top, 20);
       push(stack, &top, 30);
       printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
       printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
       printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
       printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
    Answer
    302010Stack Underflow
                                                                           Marks: 0/1
    Status: Wrong
```

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