Week5CH12

Nitin

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Tidy data

```
Required package
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 3.5.3
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.2.0
                        v purrr 0.2.5
## v tibble 2.1.3
                        v dplyr 0.8.0.1
## v tidyr
           0.8.1
                        v stringr 1.3.1
## v readr
            1.1.1
                        v forcats 0.3.0
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Warning: package 'tibble' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.5.3
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
library(tinytex)
## Warning: package 'tinytex' was built under R version 3.5.3
See table
table1
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country
                year cases population
##
     <chr>
                <int> <int>
                                  <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                       745 19987071
                        2666 20595360
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
              2000 80488 174504898
1999 212258 1272915272
## 5 China
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
See table2
table2
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
      country
                 year type
                                       count
      <chr>
                 <int> <chr>
                                        <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                         745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population
                                   19987071
                                        2666
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
```

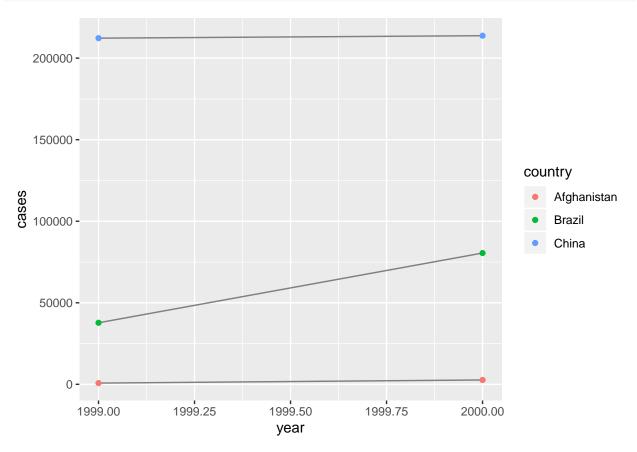
20595360

4 Afghanistan 2000 population

```
1999 cases 37737
1999 population 172006362
## 5 Brazil
## 6 Brazil
## 7 Brazil
                  2000 cases
## 8 Brazil
                    2000 population 174504898
## 9 China
                  1999 cases
## 10 China
                  1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                    2000 cases
## 12 China
                    2000 population 1280428583
See table3
table3
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## country
              year rate
## * <chr>
                  <int> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil 2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China 1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China 2000 213766/1280428583
See table4a
table4a
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
## country `1999` `2000`
## * <chr>
                   <int> <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 745
                           2666
                   37737 80488
## 2 Brazil
## 3 China
                  212258 213766
See table4b
table4b
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
## country `1999`
                                  2000
## * <chr>
                       <int>
                                   <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 19987071
                                20595360
## 2 Brazil
                   172006362 174504898
## 3 China
                  1272915272 1280428583
Diffrent ways to work with table 1. Compute rate per 10,000
table1 %>%
  mutate(rate = cases / population * 10000)
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##
     country year cases population rate
     <chr>
                  <int> <int>
                                     <int> <dbl>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                                 19987071 0.373
                          745
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                         2666 20595360 1.29
## 3 Brazil 1999 37737 172006362 2.19
## 4 Brazil 2000 80488 174504898 4.61
## 5 China 1999 212258 1272915272 1.67
## 6 China 2000 213766 1280428583 1.67
```

Compute cases per year





Spreading and gathering

Gathering

some times in data the column names are not names of variables, but values of a variable. See table4

```
## 1 Afghanistan 745 2666
## 2 Brazil 37737 80488
## 3 China 212258 213766
```

Generate the call to gather() To tidy a dataset like this, we need to gather those columns into a new pair of variables.

```
table4a %>%
  gather(`1999`, `2000`, key = "year", value = "cases")
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     country
                 year
                         cases
##
     <chr>>
                 <chr>>
                         <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                           745
## 2 Brazil
                 1999
                         37737
## 3 China
                 1999
                        212258
## 4 Afghanistan 2000
                          2666
## 5 Brazil
                 2000
                         80488
## 6 China
                 2000 213766
Generate the call to gather()
table4b %>%
 gather(`1999`, `2000`, key = "year", value = "population")
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     country
                 year population
##
     <chr>>
                 <chr>>
                             <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                          19987071
## 2 Brazil
                 1999
                        172006362
## 3 China
                 1999 1272915272
## 4 Afghanistan 2000
                          20595360
## 5 Brazil
                 2000
                         174504898
## 6 China
                 2000 1280428583
Combine the tidied versions of table4a and table4b into a single tibble,
tidy4a <- table4a %>%
  gather(`1999`, `2000`, key = "year", value = "cases")
tidy4b <- table4b %>%
  gather(`1999`, `2000`, key = "year", value = "population")
left_join(tidy4a, tidy4b)
## Joining, by = c("country", "year")
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
     country
                 year
                         cases population
##
     <chr>>
                 <chr>>
                        <int>
                                    <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                           745
                                 19987071
## 2 Brazil
                 1999
                         37737 172006362
## 3 China
                 1999
                        212258 1272915272
## 4 Afghanistan 2000
                          2666
                                 20595360
## 5 Brazil
                 2000
                         80488 174504898
## 6 China
                 2000 213766 1280428583
```

Separate

In spreading opposite to what is done gathering.

```
table2
## # A tibble: 12 x 4
##
     country
                 year type
                                      count
##
     <chr>
                 <int> <chr>
                                       <int>
##
  1 Afghanistan 1999 cases
                                        745
## 2 Afghanistan 1999 population
                                   19987071
## 3 Afghanistan 2000 cases
                                       2666
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 population
                                   20595360
## 5 Brazil
                  1999 cases
                                      37737
## 6 Brazil
                 1999 population 172006362
## 7 Brazil
                  2000 cases
                                      80488
## 8 Brazil
                 2000 population 174504898
                 1999 cases
## 9 China
                                     212258
## 10 China
                 1999 population 1272915272
## 11 China
                  2000 cases
                                     213766
## 12 China
                  2000 population 1280428583
table2 %>%
    spread(key = type, value = count)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
    country
                 year cases population
##
    <chr>
                <int> <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                        745 19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                        2666 20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488 174504898
```

Separating and uniting

Separate

5 China

6 China

```
table3
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
   country
                year rate
## * <chr>
                <int> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766/1280428583
```

1999 212258 1272915272

2000 213766 1280428583

Function separate() pulls apart one column into multiple columns, by splitting wherever a separator character appears

```
table3 %>%
  separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"))

## # A tibble: 6 x 4

## country year cases population
## <chr> <int> <chr> <int> <chr> ## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745 19987071
```

```
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                               20595360
## 3 Brazil
                  1999 37737
                              172006362
## 4 Brazil
                  2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                  1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                  2000 213766 1280428583
rate column contains both cases and population variables which need to be split it into two variables.
table3 %>%
  separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"), sep = "/")
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country
                              population
                  year cases
     <chr>
                 <int> <chr>
                               <chr>>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745
                               19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666
                               20595360
## 3 Brazil
                  1999 37737
                              172006362
## 4 Brazil
                  2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                  1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                  2000 213766 1280428583
separate() split the values of rate at the forward slash characters
table3 %>%
  separate(rate, into = c("cases", "population"), convert = TRUE)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
     country
                  year cases population
##
     <chr>>
                 <int>
                        <int>
                                    <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999
                          745
                                 19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000
                         2666
                               20595360
## 3 Brazil
                  1999 37737 172006362
## 4 Brazil
                  2000 80488 174504898
## 5 China
                  1999 212258 1272915272
## 6 China
                  2000 213766 1280428583
table3 %>%
  separate(year, into = c("century", "year"), sep = 2)
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
##
     country
                 century year rate
     <chr>>
                 <chr>
                          <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 19
                                745/19987071
                          99
## 2 Afghanistan 20
                         00
                                2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                         99
                                37737/172006362
                 19
## 4 Brazil
                 20
                         00
                                80488/174504898
## 5 China
                                212258/1272915272
                 19
                         99
## 6 China
                                213766/1280428583
                 20
Unite
```

```
table5 %>%
  unite(new, century, year)

## # A tibble: 6 x 3
## country new rate
```

```
##
     <chr>>
                 <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 19_99 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 20 00 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 19_99 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 20_00 80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 19 99 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 20 00 213766/1280428583
table5 %>%
  unite(new, century, year, sep = "")
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##
     country
                       rate
                 new
##
     <chr>>
                 <chr> <chr>
## 1 Afghanistan 1999 745/19987071
## 2 Afghanistan 2000 2666/20595360
## 3 Brazil
                 1999 37737/172006362
## 4 Brazil
                 2000 80488/174504898
## 5 China
                 1999 212258/1272915272
## 6 China
                 2000 213766/1280428583
```

Missing values

A value can be missing in one of two possible ways. 1. Explicitly 2. Implicitly

```
stocks <- tibble(
  year = c(2015, 2015, 2015, 2016, 2016, 2016, 2016),
  qtr = c( 1,  2,  3,  4,  2,  3,  4),
  return = c(1.88, 0.59, 0.35, NA, 0.92, 0.17, 2.66)
)</pre>
```

Make the implicit missing value explicit by putting years in the columns

```
stocks %>%
  spread(year, return)
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
       qtr `2015` `2016`
##
##
     <dbl>
           <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
         1
             1.88 NA
         2
## 2
             0.59
                    0.92
## 3
         3
            0.35
                    0.17
```

Turn explicit missing values implicit by seting na.rm = TRUE

2.66

```
stocks %>%
spread(year, return) %>%
gather(year, return, `2015`:`2016`, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 3
       qtr year return
##
##
     <dbl> <chr>
                  <dbl>
         1 2015
## 1
                   1.88
## 2
         2 2015
                   0.59
## 3
         3 2015
                   0.35
## 4
         2 2016
                   0.92
## 5
         3 2016
                   0.17
```

4 NA

4

```
## 6 4 2016 2.66
```

Make missing values explicit in tidy data by using function complete

```
stocks %>%
 complete(year, qtr)
## # A tibble: 8 x 3
##
     year
           qtr return
     <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 2015
              1
                  1.88
## 2 2015
              2
                  0.59
                 0.35
## 3 2015
              3
## 4 2015
              4 NA
## 5 2016
              1 NA
## 6 2016
              2
                 0.92
## 7 2016
              3
                  0.17
## 8 2016
              4
                  2.66
treatment <- tribble(</pre>
 ~ person,
                     ~ treatment, ~response,
  "Derrick Whitmore", 1,
                                  7,
                     2,
                                  10,
 NA,
                                  9,
  "Katherine Burke", 1,
treatment %>%
 fill(person)
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##
    person
                     treatment response
    <chr>
                        <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
## 1 Derrick Whitmore
                          1
                                      7
## 2 Derrick Whitmore
                            2
                                     10
## 3 Derrick Whitmore
                            3
                                      9
## 4 Katherine Burke
                             1
                                      4
```

Case Study

who

```
## # A tibble: 7,240 x 60
##
                           year new_sp_m014 new_sp_m1524 new_sp_m2534
      country iso2 iso3
##
      <chr>
              <chr> <chr> <int>
                                      <int>
                                                    <int>
                                                                 <int>
## 1 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1980
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 2 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1981
                                                                    NA
## 3 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1982
                                         NA
                                                                    NA
                                                       NA
## 4 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1983
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 5 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1984
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 6 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1985
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 7 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1986
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 8 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1987
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 9 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1988
                                         NA
                                                       NA
                                                                    NA
## 10 Afghan~ AF
                    AFG
                           1989
                                         NA
                                                       NA
## # ... with 7,230 more rows, and 53 more variables: new_sp_m3544 <int>,
```

```
## #
       new_sp_m4554 <int>, new_sp_m5564 <int>, new_sp_m65 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_f014 <int>, new_sp_f1524 <int>, new_sp_f2534 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_f3544 <int>, new_sp_f4554 <int>, new_sp_f5564 <int>,
## #
       new_sp_f65 <int>, new_sn_m014 <int>, new_sn_m1524 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_m2534 <int>, new_sn_m3544 <int>, new_sn_m4554 <int>,
## #
       new sn m5564 <int>, new sn m65 <int>, new sn f014 <int>,
## #
       new sn f1524 <int>, new sn f2534 <int>, new sn f3544 <int>,
## #
       new_sn_f4554 <int>, new_sn_f5564 <int>, new_sn_f65 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_m014 <int>, new_ep_m1524 <int>, new_ep_m2534 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_m3544 <int>, new_ep_m4554 <int>, new_ep_m5564 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_m65 <int>, new_ep_f014 <int>, new_ep_f1524 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_f2534 <int>, new_ep_f3544 <int>, new_ep_f4554 <int>,
## #
       new_ep_f5564 <int>, new_ep_f65 <int>, newrel_m014 <int>,
## #
       newrel_m1524 <int>, newrel_m2534 <int>, newrel_m3544 <int>,
## #
       newrel_m4554 <int>, newrel_m5564 <int>, newrel_m65 <int>,
## #
       newrel_f014 <int>, newrel_f1524 <int>, newrel_f2534 <int>,
## #
       newrel_f3544 <int>, newrel_f4554 <int>, newrel_f5564 <int>,
## #
       newrel_f65 <int>
Focus on the values that are present.
who1 <- who %>%
  gather(new_sp_m014:newrel_f65, key = "key", value = "cases", na.rm = TRUE)
who1
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                  iso2 iso3
                               year key
                                                 cases
##
      <chr>
                  <chr> <chr> <int> <chr>
                                                 <int>
                                1997 new_sp_m014
##
  1 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                                     0
## 2 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                1998 new sp m014
                                                    30
                                1999 new_sp_m014
## 3 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                                     8
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2000 new_sp_m014
                                                    52
## 5 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                                   129
                               2001 new_sp_m014
## 6 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2002 new_sp_m014
                                                    90
## 7 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2003 new_sp_m014
                                                   127
## 8 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2004 new_sp_m014
                                                   139
## 9 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2005 new_sp_m014
                                                   151
## 10 Afghanistan AF
                        AFG
                                2006 new_sp_m014
                                                   193
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
Count using key.
who1 %>%
  count(key)
## # A tibble: 56 x 2
##
      kev
                       n
##
      <chr>
                   <int>
  1 new_ep_f014
                    1032
##
   2 new_ep_f1524
                    1021
##
   3 new_ep_f2534
                    1021
##
  4 new_ep_f3544
## 5 new_ep_f4554
                    1017
##
   6 new_ep_f5564
                    1017
## 7 new_ep_f65
                    1014
## 8 new_ep_m014
                    1038
## 9 new_ep_m1524 1026
```

```
## 10 new_ep_m2534 1020
## # ... with 46 more rows
Makes all variable names consistent.
who2 <- who1 %>%
  mutate(key = stringr::str_replace(key, "newrel", "new_rel"))
who2
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
##
      country
                  iso2 iso3
                                year key
                                                  cases
##
                  <chr> <chr> <int> <chr>
      <chr>
                                                   <int>
##
    1 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new sp m014
                                                      0
##
   2 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1998 new_sp_m014
                                                      30
## 3 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1999 new_sp_m014
                                                      8
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                                     52
                                2000 new_sp_m014
## 5 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2001 new_sp_m014
                                                    129
                         AFG
## 6 Afghanistan AF
                                2002 new_sp_m014
                                                     90
## 7 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2003 new_sp_m014
                                                    127
## 8 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2004 new_sp_m014
                                                    139
## 9 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2005 new_sp_m014
                                                    151
## 10 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2006 new_sp_m014
                                                    193
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
Separate the values in each code with two passes usinf function separate()
who3 <- who2 %>%
  separate(key, c("new", "type", "sexage"), sep = "_")
who3
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 8
##
      country
                  iso2 iso3
                                year new
                                            type sexage cases
##
      <chr>
                   <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
##
    1 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1997 new
                                                  m014
                                                              0
                                            sp
## 2 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1998 new
                                                  m014
                                                             30
                                            sp
                                                              8
## 3 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                1999 new
                                                  m014
                                            sp
## 4 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2000 new
                                            sp
                                                  m014
                                                             52
## 5 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                                  m014
                                                            129
                                2001 new
                                            sp
## 6 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2002 new
                                                  m014
                                                             90
                                            sp
                                                            127
## 7 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2003 new
                                                  m014
                                            sp
## 8 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2004 new
                                                  m014
                                                            139
                                            sp
## 9 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2005 new
                                                  m014
                                                            151
                                            sp
## 10 Afghanistan AF
                         AFG
                                2006 new
                                                  m014
                                                            193
                                            sp
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
who3 %>%
  count(new)
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
     new
##
     <chr> <int>
## 1 new
           76046
who4 <- who3 %>%
  select(-new, -iso2, -iso3)
```

Separate sexage into sex and age by splitting after the first character.

```
who5 <- who4 %>%
  separate(sexage, c("sex", "age"), sep = 1)
who5
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
      country
                  year type sex
                                    age
##
      <chr>
                  <int> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                    014
                              m
## 2 Afghanistan 1998 sp
                                    014
                                             30
                              m
## 3 Afghanistan 1999 sp
                                    014
                                              8
                              m
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 sp
                                    014
                                             52
                              m
## 5 Afghanistan 2001 sp
                                    014
                                            129
                              m
## 6 Afghanistan 2002 sp
                                    014
                                            90
## 7 Afghanistan 2003 sp
                              m
                                    014
                                            127
## 8 Afghanistan
                  2004 sp
                                    014
                                            139
                              m
## 9 Afghanistan 2005 sp
                                    014
                                            151
                              m
                                    014
                                            193
## 10 Afghanistan 2006 sp
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
who dataset is now tidy!
who %>%
  gather(key, value, new_sp_m014:newrel_f65, na.rm = TRUE) %>%
  mutate(key = stringr::str_replace(key, "newrel", "new_rel")) %>%
  separate(key, c("new", "var", "sexage")) %>%
  select(-new, -iso2, -iso3) %>%
  separate(sexage, c("sex", "age"), sep = 1)
## # A tibble: 76,046 x 6
                  year var
##
      country
                              sex
                                    age
                                          value
##
      <chr>
                  <int> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <int>
## 1 Afghanistan 1997 sp
                                    014
                              m
## 2 Afghanistan 1998 sp
                                    014
                                             30
                              \mathbf{m}
## 3 Afghanistan 1999 sp
                                    014
                                              8
                              m
## 4 Afghanistan 2000 sp
                                    014
                                             52
## 5 Afghanistan 2001 sp
                                    014
                                            129
                              m
## 6 Afghanistan 2002 sp
                                    014
                                            90
                              m
## 7 Afghanistan 2003 sp
                                    014
                                            127
                              m
## 8 Afghanistan
                  2004 sp
                                    014
                                            139
## 9 Afghanistan 2005 sp
                                    014
                              m
                                            151
## 10 Afghanistan 2006 sp
                                    014
                                            193
## # ... with 76,036 more rows
```