Lead Scoring Case Study

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Lead Scoring Case Study

▶ ## Problem Statement:

X Education sells online courses to industry professionals. The company markets its courses on several websites and search engines like Google.

Once these people land on the website, they might browse the courses or fill up a form for the course or watch some videos. When these people fill up a form providing their email address or phone number, they are classified to be a lead. Moreover, the company also gets leads through past referrals.

Once these leads are acquired, employees from the sales team start making calls, writing emails, etc. Through this process, some of the leads get converted while most do not. The typical lead conversion rate at X education is around 30%.

▶ ## Business Objective

Identifying the most promising leads and tag them "Hot Leads".

Create a Machine Learning model that will assign a lead score to each of the leads such that the customers with a higher lead score have a higher conversion chance and the customers with a lower lead score have a lower conversion chance.

Target lead conversion rate should be around 80%

Strategy
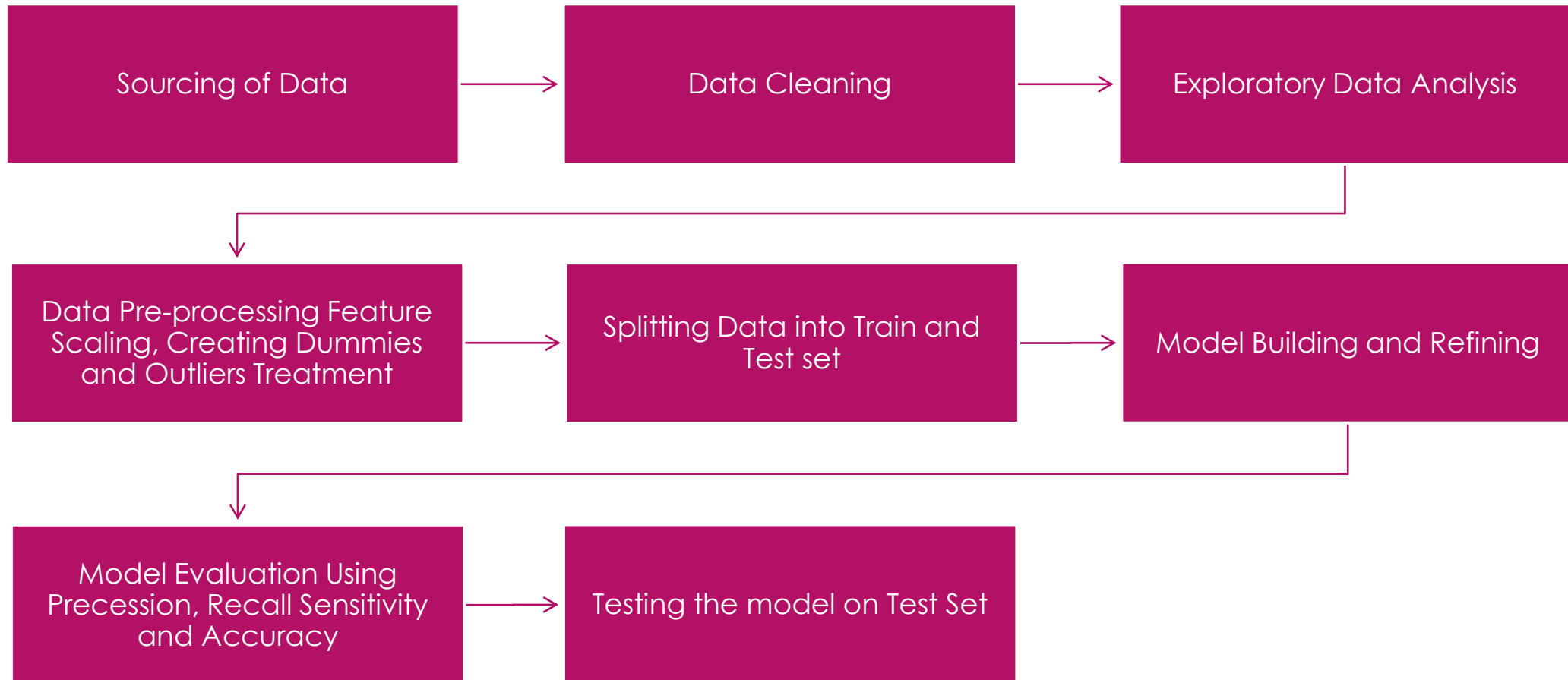
Problem Solving Methodology

Data Sourcing, Cleaning and Preparation.

Reading Data

Data Cleaning

Removing Duplicates

EDA

Outliers Treatment

Feature Scaling and Splitting Data into Train and Test set.

Creating Dummies

Feature scaling

Test train Split.

Model Building.

Creating Logistic Regression Model

Feature Selection using RFE.

Determining optimal Model

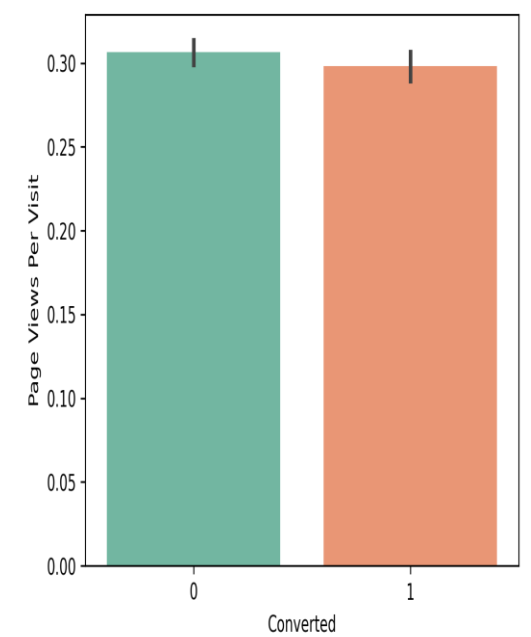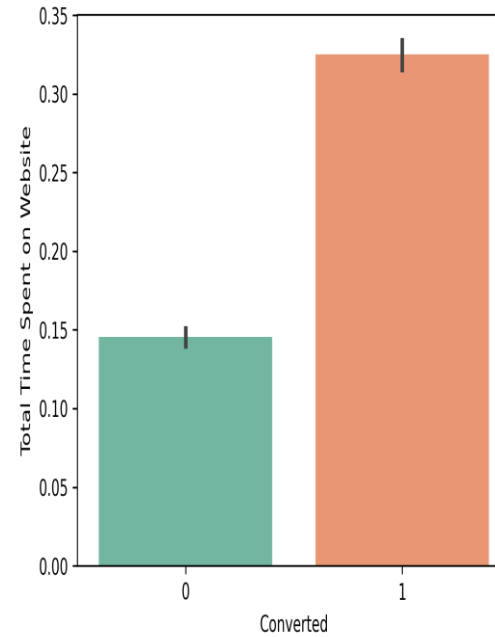Evaluating the model using Precision, Recall, Accuracy and Sensitivity.

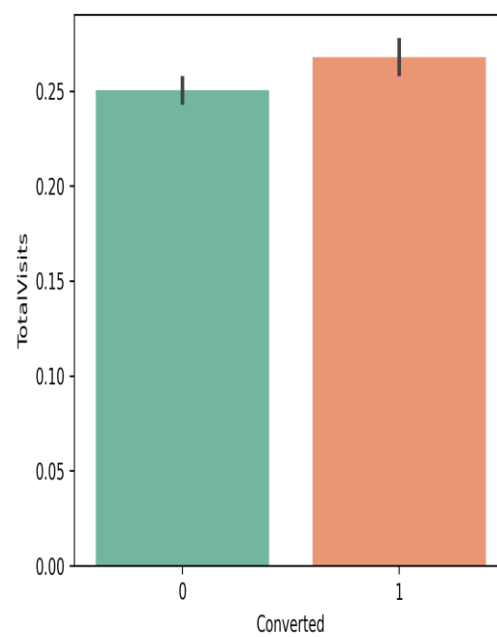**Model Evaluation and Conclusion.**

Determining the "Lead Score" and ensuring that "Hot Leads" have conversion rate of 80%

Evaluating the model on train set, using Precession and Recall.
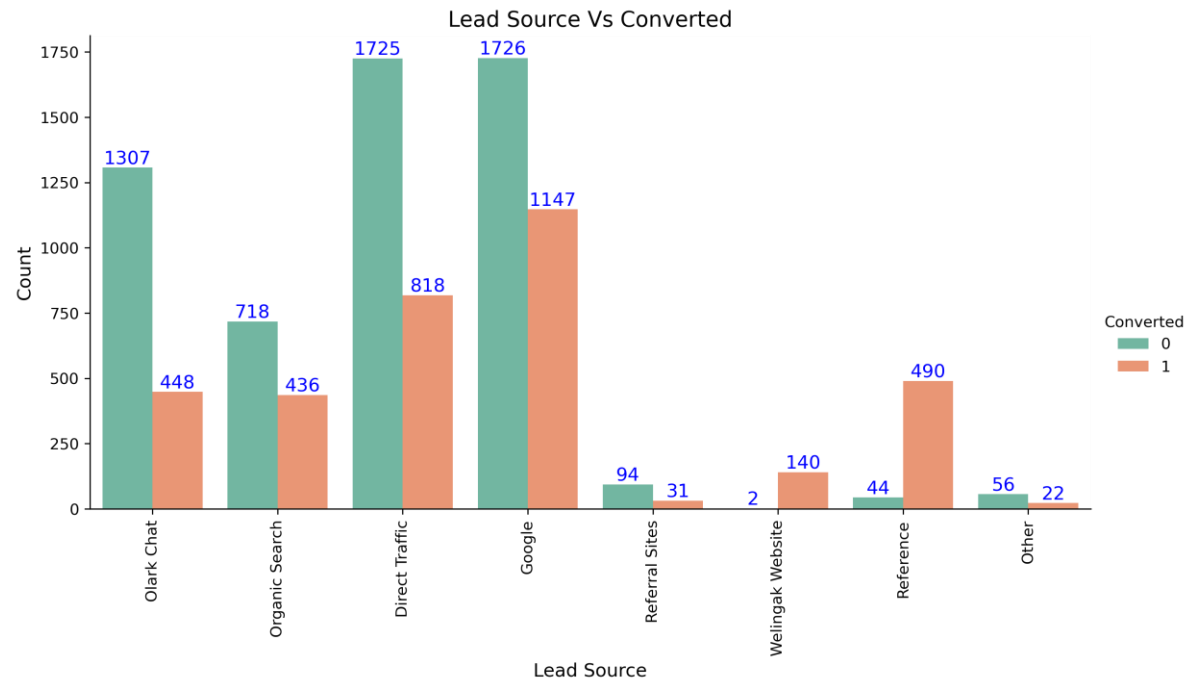
Exploratory Data analysis
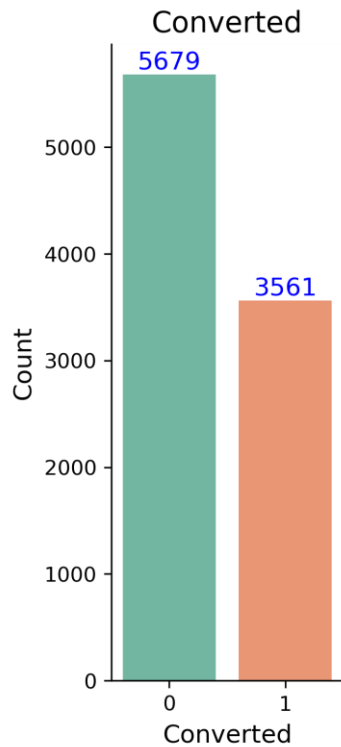
Initial conversion rate is around 39%

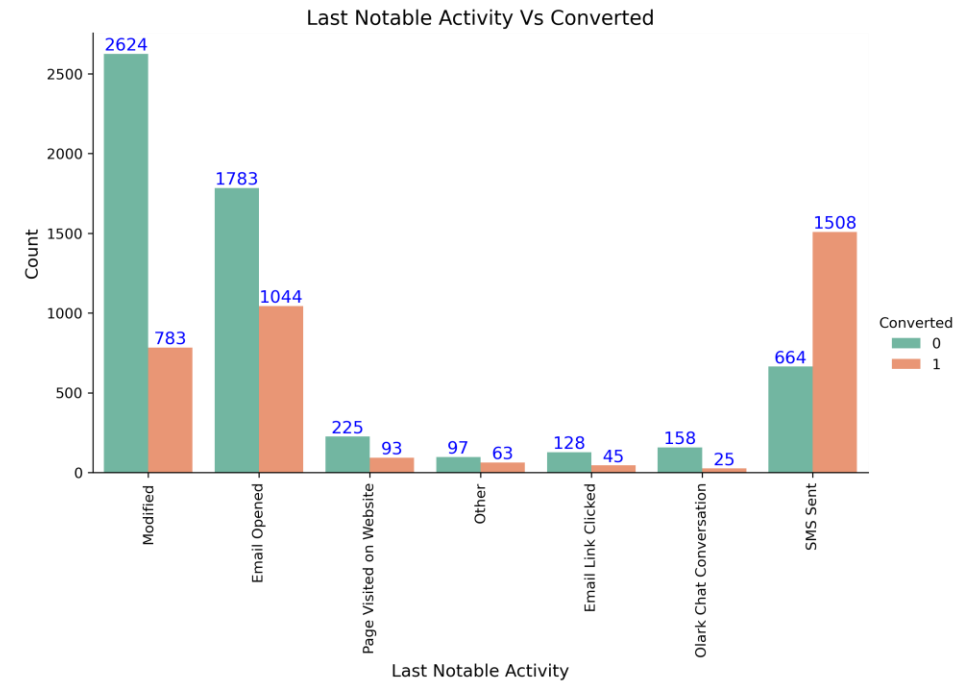Average "Total Time Spent on Website" by converted leads is more than twice that of non converted leads.

# Exploratory Data analysis

Lead Source Vs Converted

- Rate of conversion from "Reference" is around 92%
- Rate of conversion for "Welingark Website" is 98.5%
- Total no of cases for both categories is less than 1%

Last Notable Activity Vs Converted

conversion rate is around 70% for "SMS Sent"

Exploratory Data analysis

Current Occupation Vs Converted

Lead Origin Vs Converted
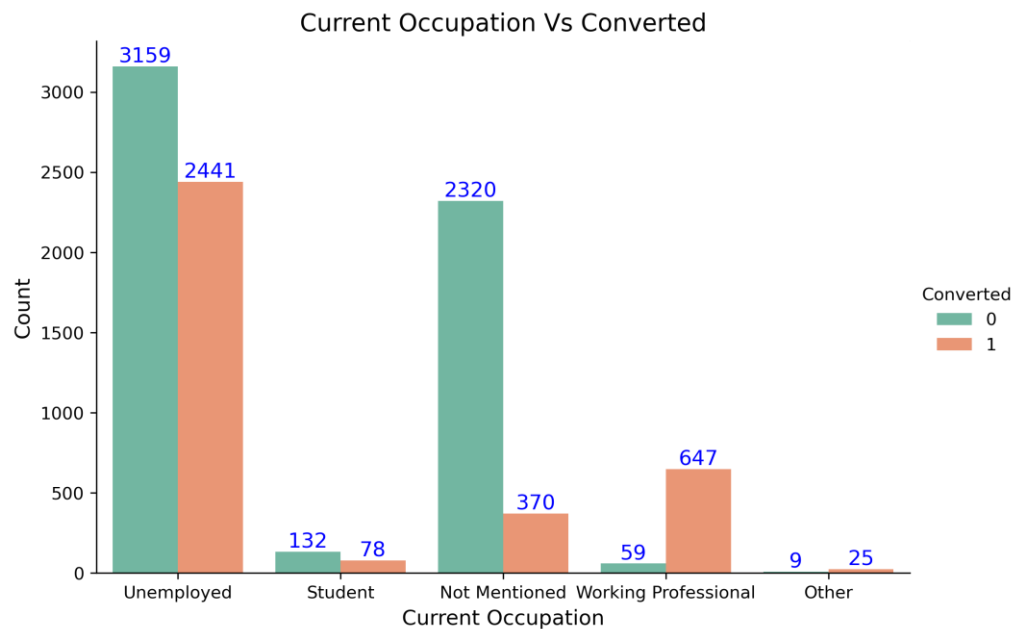
- 60% of leads came from Unemployed with Conversion rate of 43% which is low as compared to target rate of 80%
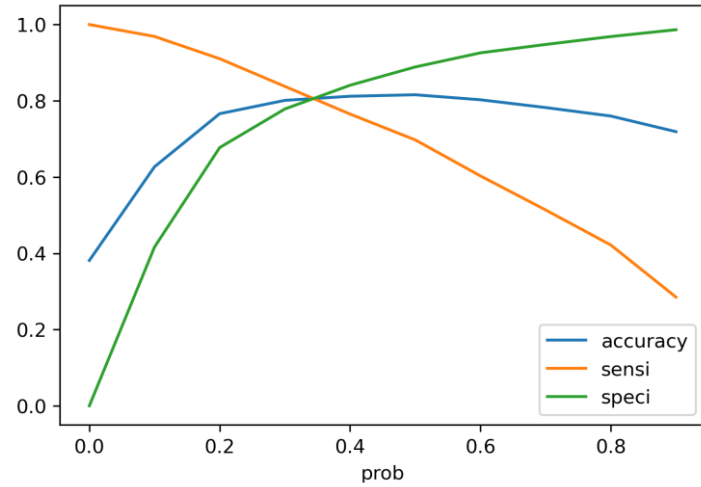- Rate for Working Professional" is around 90%.
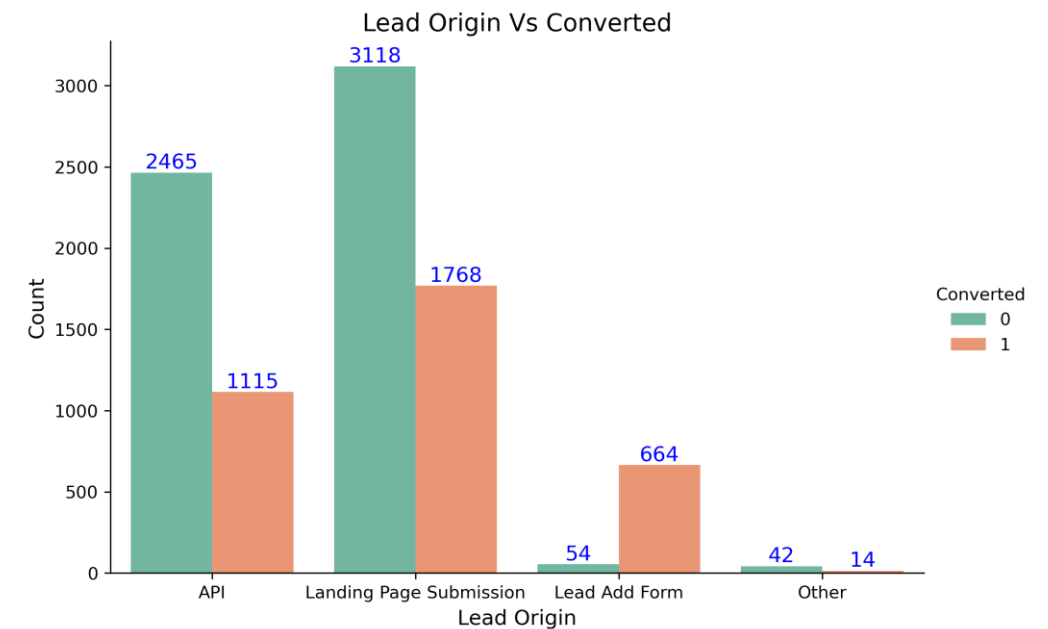
- 49% leads came from Landing Page Submission with 31% conversion rate which is lower than overall conversion rate.
- Rate of conversion for "Lead Add Form" is 92.5%.

Attributes Impacting Conversion Rate

| S.no	Attribute	Impact Factor
1.	Total Time Spent on Website	4.50
2.	Lead Origin_Lead Add Form	3.80
3.	What is your current occupation_Working Professional	3.56
4.	Lead Source_Welingak Website	2.10
5.	Last Notable Activity_SMS Sent	1.91
6.	What is your current occupation_Other1	1.80
7.	Lead Source_Olark Chat	1.51
8.	What is your current occupation_Unemployed	1.00
9.	What is your current occupation_Student	0.99
10.	TotalVisits	0.98
11.	Last Notable Activity_Other	0.91
12.	Last Notable Activity_Email Opened	0.70
13.	City_Not Mentioned	-0.37
14.	A free copy of Mastering The Interview	-0.46
15.	Specialization_Hospitality Management	-1.00

Model Evaluation on Train Dataset

Confusion Matrix

3240	762
482	1984

Accuracy -   80.7%
Sensitivity -   80.4%
Specificity -   80.9%
Precision -   72.2%

Precession less than required 80%

The graph depicts optimal cutoff of .34 based on Accuracy, Sensitivity and Specificity

Confusion Matrix

3404	598
613	1853

Accuracy -   80.7%
Sensitivity -   75.4%
Specificity -   85.0%
Precision -   75.4%

Precession less than required 80%
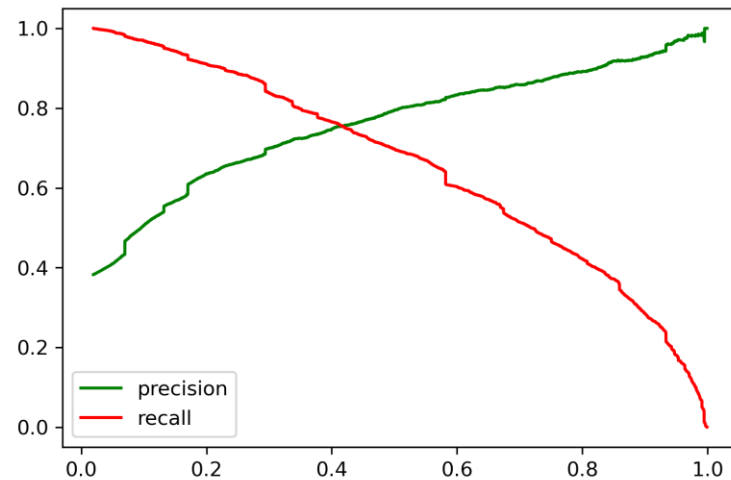
The graph depicts optimal cutoff of .42 based on Precision and Recall

Model Evaluation on Train Dataset

3240	762
482	1984

Confusion Matrix

Accuracy   -   81.5%
Sensitivity -   70.4%
Specificity -   88.4%
Precision   -   78.9%
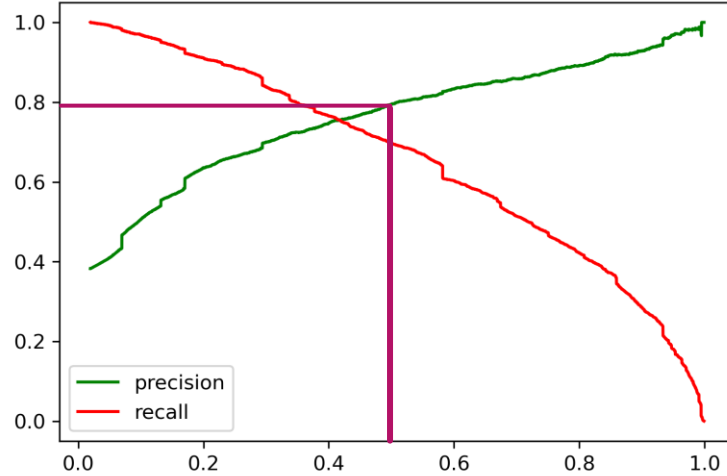
The graph depicts precision at cutoff of .49 which is around 79% close to required highlighted in red

Model Evaluation on Test Dataset

Evaluation Metrics for test Set for cutoff of .49

Accuracy   -   81.5%
Sensitivity -   68.7%
Specificity -   88.7%
Precision   -   79.8%

1487	190
Confusion Matrix	
342	753

No overfitting: Accuracy of test set is similar to train set

Precision of 79.8% at cut-off of .49 close to required 80%

Conclusion and Findings

➢ Top three variables as predicted by the model are
  ➢ Total Time Spent on Website
  ➢ Lead Add Form from Lead Origin
  ➢ Working Professional from What is your current occupation

➢ From business perspective, X education need to focus on running campaigns that direct user to Lead Add Form and their target should be working professionals who are looking for job change or carrier change as an edge.

➢ The conversion rate for leads coming from reference is around 92%, therefore X education should consider incentivizing referrals.

➢ Conversion rate for leads coming through Welingark website is around 98.5% compared to 40% for leads coming through Google.

➢ 60% of leads are Unemployed with conversion rate of 43%, X education should consider providing discounts to Unemployed leads.

➢ While we have checked both Sensitivity-Specificity, and precession-recall metrics, for optimal cut-off, the conversion rate in both cases was less than 80% for hot leads, therefore optimal cutoff of .49 was conspired to get the required conversion rate of 80%.

➢ Accuracy, sensitivity, specificity and precession of test and train set are comparable therefor the model is not overfitting on the train data.

➢ If the lead score as predicted by the model is grater than 49 the lead should be considered as "hot lead" with high probability of conversion.

➢ Overall performance of the model seems good.