```java
/** This class represents a heap and all fns used in mainfn are defined this class
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 * @Assignment:       3
 */
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Drugheaps{
    int lngth =0;                       //length
    FileWriter wrt;                 // FileWriter Object
    Drug[] infoofdrugs;         // array infoofdrugs to store info of drugs as each information of each drug gets splitted into multiple string when tab comes



    /**This method is used  to restore heap-order.
     * @param indx- indx of infoofdrugs
     */
    public void trickleDown(int indx){

        Drug curr=infoofdrugs[indx];
        //keep on traversing until indx*2 is < lngth+1
        int ch;//child
        while (indx*2<lngth+1){
            ch=2*indx;
            if(ch!=lngth)
            {
                if( infoofdrugs[ch+1].drugBankID.compareTo(infoofdrugs[ch].drugBankID)<0){
                    ++ch;
                }
                else{
                  ////
                }
            }
```

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35              //comparing drugbankids
36               if(infoofdrugs[ch].drugBankID.compareTo(
   curr.drugBankID)<0){
37                  infoofdrugs[indx]=infoofdrugs[ch];
38              }
39              else{
40                  break;//control out of while loop
41              }
42              //assigning value of child to index
43              indx=ch;
44          }
45          infoofdrugs[indx]=curr;
46      }
47
48
49      /** This method used to build heap whcih is
   further used to further used to perform operations
50       */
51      public void heapBuild(){
52          //casting to int
53          int hb=(int) Math.floor(lngth /2.0);
54          //trcikle down till floor value>0
55          while(hb>0){
56              trickleDown(hb);
57              --hb;
58          }
59      }
60
61      /** This method removes minimum value from heap
   basically in heap root is element that is removed
   bcoz in min heap is minimum value and all elements
   are > than root
62       * @return The Drug Object with least value of
   DrugBankID
63       */
64      public Drug removeMinVal(){
65          Drug val= infoofdrugs[1];                //
   starting index
66          infoofdrugs[1]= infoofdrugs[lngth];
67          lngth--;
68          if(0<lngth){
```

```
69              trickleDown(1);
70          }
71          return val;
72      }
73      /** HEAP SORT
74       * Heap sort algorithm basically since its a
   min heap so root is smallest and all elements are
   greater than root
75       * first create heap and then delete element one
    by one
76       */
77      public void heapSort(){
78          try{
79              FileWriter writter=new FileWriter("
   dockedApprovedheapsort.tab");   //Filewriter object
80              for(int k=1;k-1<lngth;++k)
81              {
82                  Drug heap= removeMinVal();
83                  writter.write(heap.getGenericname()+
   "  "+heap.getSmiles()+"  "+heap.getDrugbankID()+"  "
   +heap.getUrl()+"  "+heap.getDruggroups()+"  "+heap.
   getScores()+"\n");
84              }
85              writter.close();      // stream close
86          }
87          catch (IOException exceptions){
88              System.out.println("wrong");
89          }
90      }
91
92      /**
93       * readdata fn is used to read data from
   dockedapproved file and once data is read further
   operations are performed
94       * @return type-void
95       */
96      public void readData() {
97          try {
98              int iterator = 0
   ;
     //iterartor
```

```
 99             File textdoc = new File("dockedApproved.
    tab");           //dockedapproved file passed as
    argument
100             Scanner scn = new Scanner(textdoc
    );                            // Scanner Object
101             String line = scn.nextLine
    ();                                 // for reading the
      line of dockedapproved
102
103             while (scn.hasNext()) {
104                 line = scn.nextLine();
105                 iterator++;
106             }
107             scn.close();
108             infoofdrugs = new Drug[iterator];
109             textdoc = new File("dockedApproved.tab"
    );
110             String[] original
    ;                                                //
    original to store different string values which will
     be splitted in separate strings
111             scn = new Scanner(textdoc);
112             line = scn.nextLine();
113             for (int i = 1; i <=infoofdrugs.length-1
    ; ++i) {
114                 original = scn.nextLine().split("\t"
    );
115                 //trim strings basis of tab and
    store in each index of infofdrugs array
116                 infoofdrugs[i] = new Drug(original[0
    ].trim(), original[1].trim(), original[2].trim(),
    original[3].trim(), original[4].trim(), Double.
    parseDouble(original[5].trim()));
117                 lngth++;
118             }
119         } catch (FileNotFoundException exceptions
    ) {                              // file not found
120             System.out.print("file donot found");
121         }
122     }
123     /**This method performs  traversal on drugheap
```

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123 and result shown on inorder.tab
124      * @param idx- indx of infoofdrugs
125      */
126     public void inordTraversal(int idx){
127         try{
128             //Base case if we trying to access
    invalid index
129             wrt.write("");
130             if(lngth<idx){
131                 return;
132             }
133             //recurive case first traverse left
    child and then right child
134             inordTraversal(idx*2);    // processing
    left child of heap
135             //WRITING IN FILE instance variables
    value by accessing index and then accessing fns
136             wrt.write(infoofdrugs[idx].
    getGenericname()+"  "+ infoofdrugs[idx].getSmiles()+
    "  "+ infoofdrugs[idx].getDrugbankID()+"  "+
    infoofdrugs[idx].getUrl()+"  "+ infoofdrugs[idx].
    getDruggroups()+"  "+ infoofdrugs[idx].getScores()+
    " "+"\n");
137             System.out.println();
138             inordTraversal(idx*2+1);  // processing
    right child of heap
139         }
140         catch( IOException exceptions){
141             System.out.println("Something wrong");
142         }
143     }
144     //constructor of drugheaps so that readdata()
    can read data from file
145     // Constructor of class runs as soon as object
    of class is created
146     public Drugheaps(){
147         readData();
148     }
149
150 }
151
```