Gust-Pseudo Coole feer Linear Search face (i=o ton) if (ax [i] = = Value) 11 element found Void requisive Insertion (unt aver (], unt n) Jus2 if (n <=1) ception; oceansive Insertion (aver, n-1); aut ntho = aver [n-1]; unt j = n-2; while (j>=044 avu[j] >n[n) qui (i+1] = aur (i); j--; aver[j+1] = nth; feer u= 1 ton Key ← A[i] while (j ≥0 and A[i] > Key] A [j+1] (- A [j] g < j-1

A[j+1] <- Key Compelirity of call sorting Algorithm -Gus3-Average West Best 0(n2) O(42) Selection Sweet (a.) $O(n^2)$ 0 (n2) 0(n2) O(n) Bubble Sout (b) $O(n^2)$ $0(n^2)$ 0(n) Insertion Scort (c.) O (nlog (n)) o (nlog(n), O(nlog(n)) Heap Sout (d.) o (nlog (n1) 0 (n2) (e.) Guick Sort O(nlog(n)) O(nlog(n)) (f) Merge Sout O(nlog(n)) o(nlog(n)) Gusy-Stable Scorting Implace Souting Online Sorting Insertion. Heige Scot Bubble Bubble Selection Insection Insertion Quick Sout Count Heap Sourt Reconsión Binary Search Gusscent binary Search (Put aver [], Put I, Put v, Put x) uf (or >=1) Put mid = It (or-1/2) ef (and [med] ==x) outer mid;

```
ef (avr [mid] > x)
    Ocetwen Binary Search (av. 1, mid-1, x);
   Octom Binary Search (avu, mid +1, 01, x);
   ocetwa -1;
Ittocative
      But binary Search [ Put avoil], Puts, Putse, Putse]
            couile (dz=u)
             aut m = et (or-1)/2 )
            if [aver[m] == N]
             vietur m;
         cif (aur [m] Lx)
      ocetuen -1,
The time complexity occasive => 0 (logu)
     Binary Search -
     Linear Search = ) O(n)
```

```
Recurence vielation feer benary Search
         T(u) = T(u/2)+1 -0
         T(112) = T(11/4) +1 -
         T(n/4) = T(n/8)+1 - (1)
     =) T(n) = T(n/4) +1+1
               = T (n/8) + 1+1+1
              = T ( M2K) +1 (K+9mes)
             2^k = n
      let
              k = log w
        i. Ten) = T ( 1/2) + log w
           T(n) = T[i] + logn = 0 (logn)
Gus-
      Guick Scort as the fastest general purpose sout
        an most poeactical structions, go Ps An method
     Of choice. If stability in important and space is available, merge sext night be best.
       A baise (a [i], a [j]) is said to be inversion
           alij salji
       avoi[] = { 7, 21, 31, 8, 10, 1,20, 6, 4,5}
    Total number of Inversion care 31 ensing merge
      Scort.
```

Gusto- worst wase in quick Sout: this - The wordst case time complexity of a Guick Sout ils O(n2) if ither element is valuays can extreme (Smallest on claregest clement) Ou the govern averag is sorted and use book comment first Or last clement. Best case ûn Guick Sovet :-The best case is O (n log (n1) when use will select pivot element cas of mean clement. Guick Sout worst icase T(0) = T(1) = 0 (base) T(n) = n + T(n-1)T(n) = n + T(n-1)T(n-1) = (n-1) + T(n-2)T(n-2) = (n-2) + T(n-3)T(n) = n+h-1+T(n-2) T(n) = n+n-1+n-2+T(n-3) T(n) = n(k+limes)-(k)+T(n-k)let k=n $T(n) = n \times n + n + T(n - n)$ = n2+n+T(0) .'. $T(n) = o(n^2)$

Best (ase -

$$T(0) = T(1) = 0$$
 (base)

 $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n - 0$
 $T(n/2) = 2T(n/4) + \frac{n}{2} - 0$
 $T(n/4) = 2T(n/8) + \frac{n}{4} - 0$
 $T(n) = 2 \left[2T(\frac{n}{4}) + \frac{n}{2} \right] + n$
 $T(n) = 2 \left[2\left(2T(\frac{n}{8}) + \frac{n}{4}\right) + \frac{n}{2} \right] + w$
 $= 4T\left[\frac{n}{2}\right] + n + n + w$
 \vdots
 $T(n) = 2^{K}T(\frac{n}{2}) + n(K + fmus)$
 \vdots
 $tet 2^{K} = n$
 $t = dogn$
 $T(n) = clogn T(n/n) + n logw$
 $T(n) = clogn T(n/n) + n logw$

T(n) = logn + nlogw

T(n) = o(hlogn)

Juick Swet Merge Scent Streeting of in averay cof cloments ils in any veatio, not In the Merge Sovet aw arreay is parted into just necessary divided into half. too halfes. accest complexity o(n) 2. O (nlogn) It works will on small З. It obereates fine on any avocay. size of away. и. It warks faster other other It has icensistent speed Sorting also four small data on any size of Data. eg- selection Sant. Internal Seveting method. 5. Internal Swelling Hethod. Qusi2 Ars-Stable Selection Scort for (but u =0; u < n-1; u++) out min = i; feer (unt j = 1+1; j < n; j++) of (a[min] >a[j]) min = j; unt key = a[min]; while [min>i] a [min] = a[min-i];

min - -)

alij = key;

AusAbetter version of bubble sout, known cas

modified bubble sout, uncludes a flag that is bet
if can exchange its made after can entire pass ones
the array. It no exchange is made, then is should
be calass the array is already order because no
those elements need to be softened in that case the
end.

Void bubble (int a[], indn) fær (yul (=0; úzw; l++) 9 in swabs = 0; feer (fut j=0; j < n-1-1; j++) of (a[j] >a (j+1]) out it = a(j'); a(j) = a[j+1]; a[1+1] = +) Sup ++;