

Mr Narendra Damodardas Modi is the 15th Prime Minister of India and has been serving since 26th May 2014. Before becoming Prime Minister, he was the Chief Minister of Gujarat from 2001 to 2014. His work as Gujarat's leader made him well-known across the country. He represents Varanasi as a Member of Parliament (MP) and leads the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP).

In the 2014 general elections, the BJP, led by Mr. Modi, won a clear majority in the Lok Sabha. This was the first time any party had won by such a large margin since 1984. An essay on Narendra Modi usually talks about his leadership, hard work, and the changes he brought to the nation.

Long Essay on Narendra Modi

Early Life

Prime Minister Narendra Modi was born into a lower-middle-class family in Vadnagar, Gujarat. From a young age, he showed a strong interest in politics. After finishing his higher education in his hometown, he joined the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS), a well-known organization in India. In his early years, he was determined and not inclined toward marriage. Since then, he has devoted his life to serving the nation. At 17, Narendra Modi decided to travel across the country to gain knowledge and help others. He is deeply inspired by the teachings of Swami Vivekananda and often highlights the importance of knowledge, saying, "The future belongs to knowledge. No matter how rich, poor, or powerful a country is, knowledge is the key to progress."

The Life Story

[Narendra Modi](#) is a motivation for every Indian. He became the prime minister of India after breaking the bar of a poverty-stricken tea-selling boy. He has seamlessly become a development-oriented leader. Narendra Damodardas Modi was born on 17th September 1950. He is a prominent figure who showed us success is not related to the caste system. It doesn't matter where a person belongs or what his or her background is.

Narendra Modi is considered a master strategist and has become a ray of hope for billions of lives in India. He is one of the leaders who stay focused on developments. With him, the dignity of labour is respected, and the working class is supported greatly. Narendra Modi is the glorious son of the Late Damodardas Mulchand Modi and Heeraben Damodardas Modi. None of the prime ministers had taken office when their mother was alive. It is Mr. Modi who created history.

Eradicating Black Money from Our Country

Dealing with strong hands, Narendra Modi has a significant role in eradicating black money from India. He demonetised the currency notes of 500 and 1000 rupees and later introduced a completely new semblance of Indian currency notes. This helped a lot in eliminating corruption, terrorism, and counterfeit currency from India. Our 15th Prime Minister is considered to be a stern administrator and leader with strict and protective discipline. These can be seen through his works, policies, speeches, and initiation of various schemes. He maintains a great image when it comes to rising from humble beginnings and moving to become the Prime Minister of India.

Campaigns Led by Modi

currency in a farmer's life has been reduced to a great extent, thanks to the helping hands offered by our Prime Minister. He not only poor farmers, but he also helped reduce the poverty level in other sectors. He has eliminated the problem of currency from India. Carrying the work to the next stage after Mr Atal Vihari Vajpayee, Modi showed a great interest in the construction of [infrastructure in India](#).

A generous and recognized campaign, "Make in India," was started by Mr. Narendra Modi. In this campaign, he conveyed the message to manufacturers that it is best to use Indian materials and products rather than depending on foreign goods. This way, our money will circulate within the country and it will help to reduce the inflation rate.

To end with, India has benefitted like never before under the [leadership](#) of Honourable Prime Minister Mr Narendra Modi. He has taken all the initiatives to make our country great and appreciable on the global standard.

Recent Endeavours of Narendra Modi

- In April 2020, Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi surpassed US President Donald Trump as the most popular world leader on Facebook. He was recognised as a top global leader in managing the COVID-19 pandemic, ensuring the safety of Indian citizens and providing essential aid to other countries.
- Following the pandemic, he established a separate Ministry of AYUSH, which now exports medicines to other nations.
- Under his leadership, Article 370, which granted special status to Jammu and Kashmir, was revoked. Narendra Modi's leadership has been praised by world leaders, international organizations, philanthropists, Nobel laureates, and others.
- Modiji earned the UN's top environmental accolade, the Champion of the Earth, in October 2018. On February 22, 2019, Narendra Damodardas Modi was awarded the prestigious Seoul Peace Prize 2018 for contributing to international collaboration and global economic prosperity. On April 12, 2019, he was also awarded the Order of St. Andrew, Russia's highest civilian decoration.
- For his second term as Prime Minister of India, he ran on "Nationalism" in the 2019 general election and earned a large mandate.

Benchmarks of Modi's Success

- After being elected to his second term as Gujarat's chief minister in 2002, he focused on the state's economic development and an attractive location for business people and industrialists.
- In 2007, during his third term as CM, he increased agricultural growth rates, provided power to all villages, and bolstered the state's rapid development.
- When he was Gujarat's chief minister, he launched groundwater conservation initiatives with the government's help. This aided in the cultivation of Bt cotton by providing irrigation through tube wells.
- Gujarat's governor, Narendra Modi, has provided power to every village. In addition, he modified the state's power distribution system by dividing agricultural and rural electricity.
- Narendra Modi introduced honouring the International Day of Yoga during his United Nations General Assembly speech. Thanks to his efforts, the International Day of Yoga is observed on June 21st all over the world.
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Modi's book 'Aankh Ka Dhanya Che' is a compilation of his poems. The Madame Tussauds Wax Museum in London has a wax statue of Modi. In 2015, he was placed sixth on Fortune magazine's list of the world's most powerful leaders.

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Narendra Modi was designated one of the top 30 most influential individuals on the Internet and one of Forbes' top ten most powerful people on the planet. He earned the United Nation's highest environmental honour, 'Champions of the Earth,' in October 2018. He is the first Indian to get the 2018 Seoul Peace Prize.

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He is a symbol of hope for millions of Indians and one of the most popular leaders focused on development. Prime Minister Narendra Modi's slogan, "Main Bhi Chowkidar," highlights the value of hard work and seeks the support of working people. He used this phrase to show that he, too, is diligently performing his duty as the nation's "chowkidar." He also said that any Indian fighting against corruption, social issues, or other challenges for the country's progress is a 'Chowkidar.' This is how the slogan 'Main Bhi Chowkidar' became widely popular.

Short Narendra Modi Essay in English

Narendra Modi, who currently serves as the Prime Minister of India, assumed office in May 2014. Born on 17th September 1950 in the small town of Vadnagar, Gujarat, Modi's early years were marked by a humble upbringing. His family faced financial difficulties, but despite these challenges, he displayed a strong interest in serving the public from a young age. This drive eventually led him to join the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS), a Hindu nationalist organisation that played a significant role in shaping his early political ideals.

Modi began his political journey with the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), where he quickly rose through the ranks. His leadership qualities were evident early on, and in 2001, he became the Chief Minister of Gujarat. His tenure as Chief Minister was characterised by rapid economic growth and development, though it was not without controversy, particularly due to the 2002 Gujarat riots. Despite these challenges, Modi's popularity continued to grow, and he became known as a strong and decisive leader.

In 2014, Modi led the BJP to a historic victory in the general elections, becoming India's Prime Minister. Since then, his government has launched several significant initiatives, such as "Make in India," aimed at boosting manufacturing, "Digital India," to enhance digital infrastructure and connectivity, and "Swachh Bharat," a campaign focused on cleanliness. Modi's leadership has focused on modernizing India's economy, improving infrastructure, and enhancing the country's global standing. He is widely admired for his ability to connect with people, his dedication to public service, and his efforts to transform India into a global powerhouse.

Narendra Modi Essay in English 10 Lines

1.
Narendra Modi was born on 17th September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat.
2.
He grew up in a modest family and helped his father in selling tea at a railway station.

3.

Modi joined the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) at a young age, fostering his interest in public service.

4.

He entered politics through the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP).

5.

In 2001, Modi became the Chief Minister of Gujarat, focusing on economic growth.

6.

He was elected as the Prime Minister of India in 2014 after leading the BJP to a major victory.

7.

His government initiated significant programs like "Make in India" and "Swachh Bharat."

8.

Modi's leadership is known for strong governance, emphasizing economic reforms and technological advancements.

9.

In 2019, he was re-elected as Prime Minister, continuing his efforts towards a self-reliant India.

10.

Narendra Modi is a leader recognized for his connection with the masses and his dedication to improving citizens' lives.

Narendra Modi Essay in English 100 Words

Narendra Modi, born on 17th September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat, is India's current Prime Minister. From humble beginnings, he developed an interest in public service early on and joined the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS). Modi's political journey began with the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), leading him to become the Chief Minister of Gujarat in 2001. His leadership in Gujarat earned him national recognition, and in 2014, he became the Prime Minister. Re-elected in 2019, Modi is known for initiatives like "Make in India" and "Swachh Bharat," which aim to modernise the nation and enhance living standards.

Our Prime Minister Essay in 200 Words

Narendra Modi, born on 17th September 1950 in Vadnagar, Gujarat, stands as one of India's most influential leaders today. His early life was filled with challenges as he was born into a modest family and had to work alongside his father, selling tea at a railway station. Despite these circumstances, Modi was driven by a deep desire to serve his nation, which led him to join the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh (RSS) at a young age. Through the RSS, he gained leadership and organizational skills that would shape his future political career.

Modi's journey in politics began when he joined the Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP), where his leadership skills quickly became evident. In 2001, he was appointed as the Chief Minister of Gujarat, where he focused on economic growth and infrastructure development, turning Gujarat into a model state for investment. His work earned him recognition, and in 2014, he led the BJP to a historic victory in the general elections, becoming India's Prime Minister.

As Prime Minister, Modi introduced several key initiatives, including "Make in India" to boost manufacturing, "Digital India" to enhance digital infrastructure, and "Swachh Bharat" to promote cleanliness. He has also focused on improving India's global standing, strengthening the economy, and making India self-reliant. Modi's leadership style is characterised by bold decisions and a vision for a prosperous and strong India.

Conclusion

Narendra Modi stands out as a leader who has profoundly influenced India through his strong vision and decisive leadership. He has launched pivotal initiatives such as "Make in India" and "Swachh Bharat," which have played a crucial role in modernising the nation. As detailed in this Narendra Modi Essay in English, his rise from a modest background to becoming the Prime Minister is truly remarkable. For many, Modi embodies a leader who is deeply committed to making India self-reliant, as emphasized in the My Favourite Leader Narendra Modi Essay in English.