

S	O	I
→ A	B	E
B	C _*	F _*
* C	D	H
D	E	H
E	F _*	I _*
* F	G	B
G	H	B
H	I _*	C _*
* I	A	E

B								
* C	x	x						
D			x					
E			x					
* F	x	x		x	x			
G			x			x		
H			x			x		
* I	x	x		x	x		x	x
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
			*			*		*

Cross combinations of final and non-final states

B	x							
* C	x	x						
D		x	x					
E	x		x					
* F	x	x		x	x			
G		x	x		x	x		
H	x		x	x		x		
* I	x	x		x	x		x	x
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
			*			*		*

Check 0 i/p & 1 i/p combination of A and B to start with.

Hence, remaining pairs are,

δ	0	1
(A, D)	(B, E)	(E, H)
(A, G)	(B, H)	(E, B)
(B, H)	(C, I)	(F, C)
(B, E)	(C, F)	(F, I)
* (C, F)	(D, G)	(H, B)
* (C, I)	(D, A)	(H, E)
(D, G)	(E, H)	(H, B)
(E, H)	(F, I)	(I, C)
* (F, I)	(G, A)	(B, E)

From the above table,

$$A = D = G$$

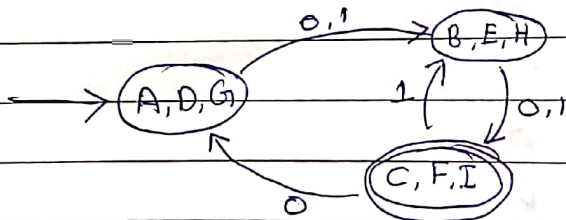
$$B = E = H$$

$$C = I = F$$

\Rightarrow

δ	0	1
(A, D, G)	(B, E, H)	(B, E, H)
(B, E, H)	(C, F, I)	(C, F, I)
(C, F, I)	(A, D, G)	(B, E, H)

Transition diagram of minimized



P2)

δ	0	1
$\rightarrow q_1$	q_2	q_3
q_2	q_3	q_5
* q_3	q_4	q_3
q_4	q_3	q_5
* q_5	q_2	q_5

Solr

step i)

q_2				
* q_3	X	X		
q_4			X	
* q_5	X	X		X
	q_1	q_2	q_3	q_4

step ii)

	0	1
x (q ₁ , q ₂)	(q ₂ , q ₃)	(q ₃ , q ₅)
x (q ₁ , q ₄)	(q ₂ , q ₃)	(q ₃ , q ₅)
(q ₂ , q ₄)	(q ₃ , q ₅)	(q ₅ , q ₅)
(q ₂ , q ₅)	(q ₄ , q ₂)	(q ₃ , q ₅)

q ₂	X			
* q ₃	X	X		
q ₄	X		X	
* q ₅	X	X		X
	q ₁	q ₂	q ₃	q ₄

From the above table,
(q₂, q₄) and (q₃, q₅)
form equivalents.

Reduced DFA

	0	1
→ q ₁	(q ₂ , q ₄)	(q ₃ , q ₅)
* (q ₃ , q ₅)	(q ₄ , q ₂)	(q ₅ , q ₅)

p2)

→ q ₁	q ₂	q ₆
q ₂	q ₁	q ₃
* q ₃	q ₂	q ₄
q ₄	q ₄	q ₂
q ₅	q ₄	q ₅
* q ₆	q ₅	q ₄

i)

q ₂				
* q ₃	X	X		
q ₄			X	
q ₅			X	
* q ₆	X	X		X
	q ₁	q ₂	q ₃	q ₄

Step 2:-

δ	0	1	
(q_1, q_2)	(q_1, q_1)	(q_6, q_2)	X
(q_1, q_4)	(q_2, q_4)	(q_6, q_1)	X
(q_1, q_5)	(q_2, q_4)	(q_6, q_3)	X
(q_2, q_4)	(q_1, q_4)	(q_3, q_2)	X
(q_2, q_5)	(q_1, q_4)	(q_3, q_5)	X
(q_3, q_6)	(q_2, q_5)	(q_4, q_4)	X
(q_4, q_5)	(q_4, q_4)	(q_2, q_5)	X

After step 2 and step 3 we can say there are no equivalent states for the given table