Data Structures and Algorithms

Lecture 4: Arrays – Merging

Combining two arrays into a single array is known as merging two arrays.

For example, if the first array has 5 elements

and the second array has 4, the resultant

array will have 9 elements.

9 8 4 1 5 Array1

Input:

Array2

2 0 3 6

1st Array: 98415

2nd Array 2: 2 0 3 6

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 8 9 Merged Array

Output: The merged sorted Array: 0 1 2 3 4

5689

Approach 1: Merge two sorted arrays in ascending order

- 1. Start the program
- 2. Input the length of both the arrays.
- 3. Input the arrays elements from user.
- 4. Copy the elements of the first array to the merged array when initializing it.
- 5. Copy the elements of the second array to the merged array while initializing the second array.
- 6. Sort the merged array now.
- 7. Display the merged array.
- 8. The program ends here.

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                             int arr1[s1], arr2[s2], arr3[s3]; // Declaring the array
int main() {
                                             for (int i = 0; i < s1; i++) {//Initialising the array
 //Declaring the size of arrays
                                               scanf("%d", & arr1[i]);
 int s1, s2, s3;
                                               arr3[i] = arr1[i];
 printf("\n Enter the size of 1st array ");
 scanf("%d", & s1);
                                             int k = s1;
 printf("\n Enter the size of 2nd array ");
                                              printf("\nEnter the elements of 2nd array \n");
 scanf("%d", & s2);
                                              for (int i = 0; i < s2; i++) //Array Initialised
 s3 = s1 + s2;
 printf("\n Enter the elements of 1st
                                               scanf("%d", & arr2[i]);
array\n");
                                               arr3[k] = arr3[i]:
                                               k++;
```

```
printf("\nThe merged array before sorting :
                                                       if (arr3[i] > arr3[j]) {
                                                            tem = arr3[i];
\n\t");
                                                            arr3[i] = arr3[j];
 for (int i = 0; i < s3; i++)
                                                            arr3[j] = tem;
  printf("%d ", arr3[i]); //Print the merged
array before sorting
 printf("\n The merged array after
sorting\n\t");
                                                       for (int i = 0; i < s3; i++) //Printing the
 for (int i = 0; i < s3; i++) //Sorting the array
                                                       sorted Array
  int tem;
                                                         printf(" %d ", arr3[i]);
  for (int j = i + 1; j < s3; j++)
```

Recall:

Merging Operation in an array

