

## Week 4 Quiz

Quiz, 6 questions

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

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1.

Consider the following split in the appointment data.

Status	Arrived	Cancelled
Age < 65.5	1500	500
Age > 65.5	3500	1500

What is the Gini index for the branch Age<65.5?



0.25



0.375



**Correct**

The proportion of the two classes are 0.75 (1500/2000) and 0.25 (500/2000), respectively.

Gini index =  $1 - 0.75^2 - 0.25^2 = 0.375$



0.50



0.875



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2.

The bagging procedure can reduce the variance of a predictive model. Check all true statements about the bagging method. (Check all that apply.)



Helps avoid overfitting of the dataset



**Correct**

Refer to the following video for a refresher: video 4.

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Helps group similar data outliers

**Un-selected is correct**



Has access to multiple training sets

**Un-selected is correct**



Can be applied to tree models

**Correct**

Refer to the following video for a refresher: video 4.



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3.

What do the bagging and random forest methods have in common?



Both methods grow multiple numbers of trees

**Correct**



Both methods operate on only 2 trees



Both methods sample the validation set



Both methods increase the variance of a dataset



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4.

What sets the random forest algorithm apart from bagging and boosting algorithms?



It operates on bootstrap sets



It focuses on reducing correlation among models

**Correct**

☐ It involves multiple tree models

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☐ It predicts the average variance of a set

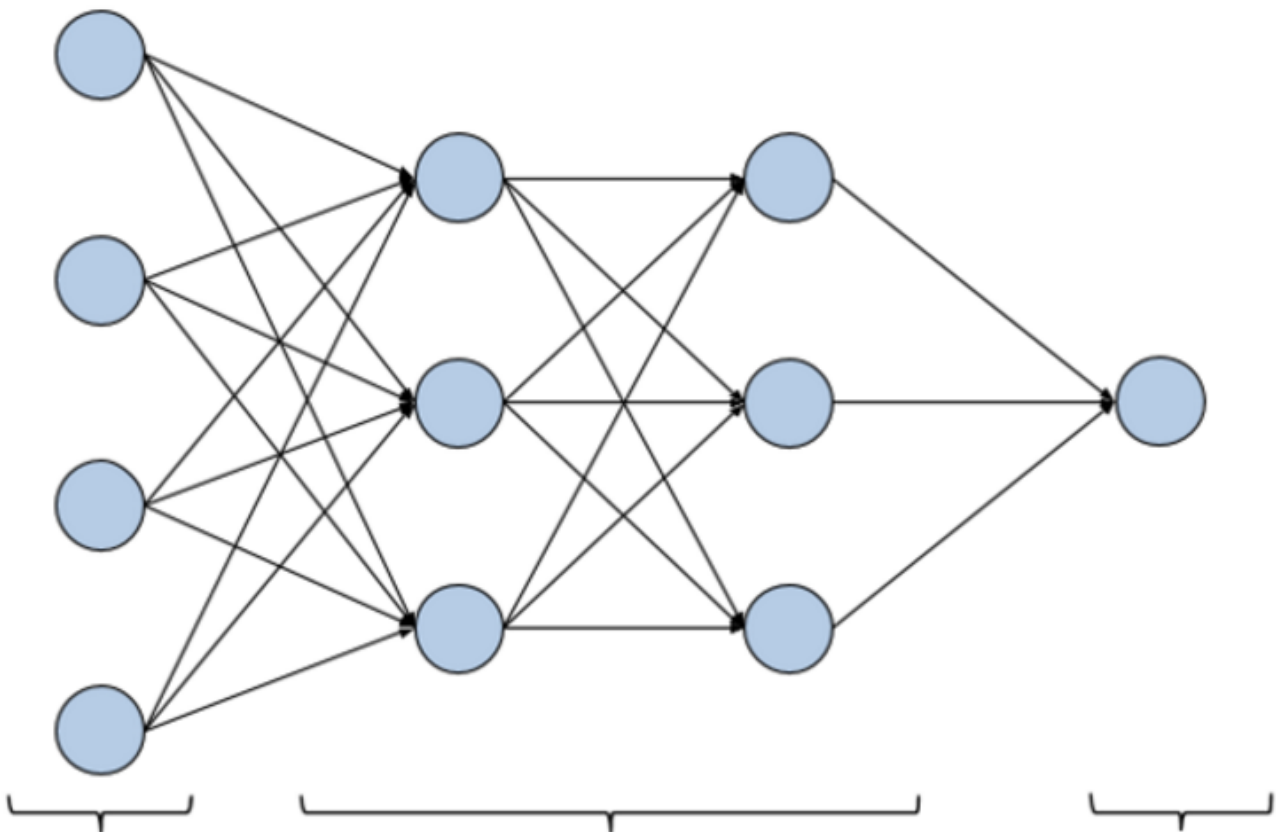
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5.

What relationship do the hidden layer nodes have to the output layer nodes based on the diagram?



- ☐ One to one
- ☐ One to many
- ☐ Many to many
- ☒ Many to one

**Correct**

Refer to the following video for a refresher: video 5.

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6.  
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True or False: both linear regression and logistic regression can be viewed as a neural network with no hidden layers.



True

**Correct**

Refer to the following video for a refresher: video 5.



False

