

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA (203105334)

5TH SEMESTER

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT



**PREFACE**

# CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that

Mr. **Rahulraj Singh** with enrolment no. **190303105570** and semester/division **5B8** has successfully completed his laboratory experiments in the Object-Oriented Programming with Java (203105334) from the department of Computer Science And Engineering during the academic year 2021-2022.



Date of Submission: ……………………………… Staff In Charge: ………………………………………

Head of Department: ………………………………………….

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**PRACTICAL – 1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to count the number of words that start with a capital letter.

**Code: -**

import java.util.Scanner;

public class practical\_1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String str1;

        Scanner obj = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter any String: ");

        str1 = obj.nextLine();

        int len = str1.length();

        char c;

        int count = 0;

        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {

            c = str1.charAt(i);

            if (c>=65 && c<=90) {

                count++;

            }

        }

        System.out.println(str1);

        System.out.println("No. of capital letter in given string is " + count);

    }

}

**Output: -**

Text

Description automatically generated

**PRACTICAL – 1.1**

**Aim: -** Write a java program to take an array of strings as an input, and arrange strings in

ascending order.

**Code: -**

import java.util.Arrays;

import java.util.Scanner;

public class StringSort {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String name[];

        Scanner obj = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter Six Strings: ");

        name = new String[6];

        for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {

            name[i] = obj.nextLine();

        }

        Arrays.sort(name);

        System.out.print("Sorted Array: ");

        System.out.println(Arrays.toString(name));

    }

}

**Output: -**

Text

Description automatically generated

**PRACTICAL – 2**

**Aim: -** Write a program to find the largest number in an array of numbers using command

line arguments.

**Code: -**

public class max {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        int num, maximum;

        num = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);

        int arr[] = new int[num];

        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

            arr[i] = Integer.parseInt(args[i+1]);

        }

        maximum = arr[0];

        for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {

            if (maximum<arr[i]) {

                maximum = arr[i];

            }

        }

        System.out.println("Maximum value from given array is: " + maximum);

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated with medium confidence**

**PRACTICAL – 2.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to find factorial of number. Here, take number as command line

argument.

**Code: -**

public class fact {

    public static void main(String[] a) {

        int number;

        number = Integer.parseInt(a[0]);

        int n = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {

            n = n \* i;

        }

        System.out.println("The factorial of " + number + " is " + n);

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated with low confidence**

**PRACTICAL – 3**

**Aim: -** Write a program to demonstrate class and objects using the concept of an array

object.

**Code: -**

import java.util.Scanner;

public class example {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter Number of Students: ");

        int number = sc.nextInt();

        student data[] = new student[number];

        for (int i = 0; i < number; i++) {

            data[i] = new student();

            data[i].dataInsert();

        }

        for (int i = 0; i < number; i++) {

            data[i].display();

        }

    }

}

class student {

    int rollno;

    String name;

    public void dataInsert() {

        Scanner sc1 = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter Roll No: ");

        rollno = sc1.nextInt();

        System.out.println("Enter Name: ");

        name = sc1.next();

    }

    public void display() {

        System.out.println("Roll no is : " + rollno + "\tName is : " + name);

    }

}

**Output: -**

Text

Description automatically generated

**PRACTICAL – 3.1**

**Aim: -** Declare a class Box. Overload Box constructors with zero argument, one argument and three argument to initialize the members of the class. Declare a method to find volume of the box.

**Code: -**

public class box\_volume {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        box b = new box();

        box b1 = new box(10);

        box b2 = new box(10,4,6);

        b.volume();

        b1.volume();

        b2.volume();

    }

}

class box{

    double l, b, h, a;

    box() {

        System.out.println("Zero Args");

    }

    box(double l){

        this.l = l;

    }

    box(double b, double h, double a){

        this.a = a;

        this.b = b;

        this.h = h;

    }

    void volume() {

        double v = a\*b\*h;

        System.out.println("Volume of a box is: " + v);

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated**

**PRACTICAL – 4**

**Aim: -** Write a program to demonstrate garbage collection using System.gc() or Runtime.gc().

**Code: -**

public class TestGarbage1{

    public void finalize(){

        System.out.println("object is garbage collected");

    }

    public static void main(String args[]){

     TestGarbage1 s1=new TestGarbage1();

     TestGarbage1 s2=new TestGarbage1();

     s1=null;

     s2=null;

     System.gc();

    }

}

**Output: -**

****

**PRACTICAL – 4.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to show the use of finalize method for garbage collection.

**Code: -**

public class TestGarbage1{

    public void finalize(){

        System.out.println("object is garbage collected");

    }

    public static void main(String args[]){

     TestGarbage1 s1=new TestGarbage1();

     TestGarbage1 s2=new TestGarbage1();

     s1=null;

     s2=null;

     System.gc();

    }

}

**Output: -**



**PRACTICAL – 5**

**Aim: -** Write a program to demonstrate static constants and final constants.

**Code: -**

public class practical\_5 {

    static int subjectCode = 203105334 ;

    final static String subject = "OOPJ";

    public static void main(String[] args)

    {

        System.out.println(subject + "(" + subjectCode + ")");

    }

}

**Output: -**

****

**PRACTICAL – 5.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to create a class named as Bike which consist one final method called as run(),Declare a subclass Bike & demonstrate the use of final method.

**Code: -**

class Bike {

    final void run(){

        System.out.println("Bike is Running.");

    }

}

public class Bikes extends Bike{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Bikes b = new Bikes();

        b.run();

    }

}

**Output: -**

****

**PRACTICAL – 6**

**Aim: -** Write a program to explain static polymorphism in java.

**Code: -**

class Addition{

    void Add(int a, int b){

        int c = a+b;

        System.out.println(c);

    }

    void Add(int a, int b, int c){

        int d = a+b+c;

        System.out.println(d);

    }

}

public class static\_poly {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Addition add = new Addition();

        add.Add(5, 6);

        add.Add(5, 6, 7);

    }

}

**Output: -**



**PRACTICAL – 6.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to find volume of Box using concept of method overloading.

**Code: -**

class Volume{

    void volume(int l, int b, int h){

        int v = l\*b\*h;

        System.out.println("Volume of a box is: " + v);

    }

    void volume(int l, double b, int h){

        double v = l\*b\*h;

        System.out.println("Volume of a box is: " + v);

    }

    void volume(double l, int b, double h){

        double v = l\*b\*h;

        System.out.println("Volume of a box is: " + v);

    }

}

public class Box {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Volume vol = new Volume();

        vol.volume(5, 6, 7);

        vol.volume(5, 6.5, 7);

        vol.volume(6.5, 5, 7.5);

    }

}

**Output: -**

Text

Description automatically generated with low confidence

**PRACTICAL – 7**

**Aim: -** Write a program to find the factorial of a number using interface.

**Code: -**

interface factorial1{

    void fact(int a);

}

class factorial2 implements factorial1{

    public void fact(int a) {

        int n = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= a; i++) {

            n = n \* i;

        }

        System.out.println("The factorial of " + a + " is " + n);

    }

}

public class fact\_interface {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        factorial2 f = new factorial2();

        f.fact(5);

    }

}

**Output: -**

****

**PRACTICAL – 7.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program to implement multiple inheritance in java using interface.

**Code: -**

interface Print1{

    void print();

}

interface Print2{

    void print();

}

class Show implements Print1,Print2{

    public void print() {

        System.out.println("Multiple Inheritance");

    }

}

public class inter\_mul\_inher {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Show s = new Show();

        s.print();

    }

}

**Output: -**



**PRACTICAL – 7.2**

**Aim: -** Create a package called Mathsoperation1, which must contain classes to perform

addition, subtraction, create another package called Mathsoperation2, which must contain

classes to perform multiplication and division operation. Create a main class and import the

Mathsoperation1, Mathsoperation1 package in it to perform all the operations on the input

numbers provided by the user. Finally, display the result of each operation on the console.

**Code: -**

**MathsOperation1.java**

package MathsOperation;

public class MathsOperation1 {

public void add(int a, int b) {

int c = a+b;

System.*out*.println("Addition of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + c);

}

public void sub(int a, int b) {

int c = a-b;

System.*out*.println("Subtraction of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + c);

}

}

**MathsOperation2.java**

package MathsOperation;

public class MathsOperation2 {

public void mul(int a, int b) {

int c = a\*b;

System.*out*.println("Multiplication of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + c);

}

public void div(int a, int b) {

int c = a/b;

System.*out*.println("Division of " + a + " and " + b + " is: " + c);

}

}

**Main.java**

package MathsOperation;

import java.util.\*;

public class Main {

public static void main(String[] args) {

MathsOperation1 add\_sub = new MathsOperation1();

MathsOperation2 mul\_div = new MathsOperation2();

Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.*in*);

System.*out*.println("Enter two number to perform Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division");

int a = sc.nextInt();

int b = sc.nextInt();

add\_sub.add(a, b);

add\_sub.sub(a, b);

mul\_div.mul(a, b);

mul\_div.div(a, b);

}

}

**Output: -**

Text

Description automatically generated

**PRACTICAL – 8**

**Aim: -** Write a program to design student registration form using AWT components.

**Code: -**

import java.awt.\*;

class Registration extends Frame{

    Registration() {

        Label name   = new Label("Name : ");

        Label enrollno = new Label("Enrollment No : ");

        Label email  = new Label("Email : ");

        Label gender  = new Label("Gender : ");

        Label dob  = new Label("DOB : ");

        CheckboxGroup cgender = new CheckboxGroup();

        Checkbox male = new Checkbox("Male", false);

        Checkbox female = new Checkbox("Female", false);

        TextField tfname = new TextField();

        TextField tfenrollno = new TextField();

        TextField tfemail = new TextField();

        TextField tfdob = new TextField();

        Button submit = new Button("Submit");

        add(name);

        add(enrollno);

        add(email);

        add(gender);

        add(male);

        add(female);

        add(tfname);

        add(tfenrollno);

        add(tfemail);

        add(tfdob);

        add(submit);

        add(dob);

        name.setBounds(15, 30, 100, 20);

        tfname.setBounds(120, 30, 250, 20);

        enrollno.setBounds(15, 60, 100, 25);

        tfenrollno.setBounds(120, 60, 250, 20);

        email.setBounds(15, 90, 100, 20);

        tfemail.setBounds(120, 90, 250, 20);

        dob.setBounds(15, 120, 100, 20);

        tfdob.setBounds(120, 120, 250, 20);

        gender.setBounds(15, 150, 100, 20);

        male.setBounds(120, 150, 250, 20);

        female.setBounds(120, 170, 250, 20);

        submit.setBounds(30, 250, 200, 30);

        setTitle("Registration Form");

        setSize(460,390);

        setLayout(null);

        setVisible(true);

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        new Registration();

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Graphical user interface, text, email

Description automatically generated**

**PRACTICAL – 8.1**

**Aim: -** Write a Java Program for Calculator Operations Using AWT Controls & appropriate layout manager.

**Code: -**

import java.awt.\*;

import java.awt.event.\*;

class MyCalc extends WindowAdapter implements ActionListener{

  Frame f;

Label l1;

Button b1,b2,b3,b4,b5,b6,b7,b8,b9,b0;

Button badd,bsub,bmult,bdiv,bmod,bcalc,bclr,bpts,bneg,bback;

double xd;

double num1,num2,check;

MyCalc(){

    f= new Frame("MY CALCULATOR");

    l1=new Label();

    l1.setBackground(Color.LIGHT\_GRAY);

    l1.setBounds(50,50,260,60);

    b1=new Button("1");

    b1.setBounds(50,340,50,50);

    b2=new Button("2");

    b2.setBounds(120,340,50,50);

    b3=new Button("3");

    b3.setBounds(190,340,50,50);

    b4=new Button("4");

    b4.setBounds(50,270,50,50);

    b5=new Button("5");

    b5.setBounds(120,270,50,50);

    b6=new Button("6");

    b6.setBounds(190,270,50,50);

    b7=new Button("7");

    b7.setBounds(50,200,50,50);

    b8=new Button("8");

    b8.setBounds(120,200,50,50);

    b9=new Button("9");

    b9.setBounds(190,200,50,50);

    b0=new Button("0");

    b0.setBounds(120,410,50,50);

    bneg=new Button("+/-");

    bneg.setBounds(50,410,50,50);

    bpts=new Button(".");

    bpts.setBounds(190,410,50,50);

    bback=new Button("back");

    bback.setBounds(120,130,50,50);

    badd=new Button("+");

    badd.setBounds(260,340,50,50);

    bsub=new Button("-");

    bsub.setBounds(260,270,50,50);

    bmult=new Button("\*");

    bmult.setBounds(260,200,50,50);

    bdiv=new Button("/");

    bdiv.setBounds(260,130,50,50);

    bmod=new Button("%");

    bmod.setBounds(190,130,50,50);

    bcalc=new Button("=");

    bcalc.setBounds(245,410,65,50);

    bclr=new Button("CE");

    bclr.setBounds(50,130,65,50);

    b1.addActionListener(this);

    b2.addActionListener(this);

    b3.addActionListener(this);

    b4.addActionListener(this);

    b5.addActionListener(this);

    b6.addActionListener(this);

    b7.addActionListener(this);

    b8.addActionListener(this);

    b9.addActionListener(this);

    b0.addActionListener(this);

    bpts.addActionListener(this);

    bneg.addActionListener(this);

    bback.addActionListener(this);

    badd.addActionListener(this);

    bsub.addActionListener(this);

    bmult.addActionListener(this);

    bdiv.addActionListener(this);

    bmod.addActionListener(this);

    bcalc.addActionListener(this);

    bclr.addActionListener(this);

    f.addWindowListener(this);

    //ADDING TO FRAME

    f.add(l1);

    f.add(b1); f.add(b2); f.add(b3); f.add(b4); f.add(b5);f.add(b6); f.add(b7); f.add(b8);f.add(b9);f.add(b0);

    f.add(badd); f.add(bsub); f.add(bmod); f.add(bmult); f.add(bdiv); f.add(bmod);f.add(bcalc);

    f.add(bclr); f.add(bpts);f.add(bneg); f.add(bback);

    f.setSize(360,500);

    f.setLayout(null);

    f.setVisible(true);

    }

                        //FOR CLOSING THE WINDOW

    public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) {

    f.dispose();

    }

    public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){

    String z,zt;

                            //NUMBER BUTTON

    if(e.getSource()==b1){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"1";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b2){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"2";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b3){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"3";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b4){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"4";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b5){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"5";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b6){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"6";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b7){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"7";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b8){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"8";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b9){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"9";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==b0){

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+"0";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bpts){  //ADD DECIMAL PTS

    zt=l1.getText();

    z=zt+".";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bneg){ //FOR NEGATIVE

    zt=l1.getText();

    z="-"+zt;

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bback){  // FOR  BACKSPACE

    zt=l1.getText();

    try{

        z=zt.substring(0, zt.length()-1);

        }catch(StringIndexOutOfBoundsException f){return;}

    l1.setText(z);

    }

                    //AIRTHMETIC BUTTON

    if(e.getSource()==badd){                     //FOR ADDITION

    try{

        num1=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(NumberFormatException f){

        l1.setText("Invalid Format");

        return;

        }

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    check=1;

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bsub){                    //FOR SUBTRACTION

    try{

        num1=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(NumberFormatException f){

        l1.setText("Invalid Format");

        return;

        }

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    check=2;

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bmult){                   //FOR MULTIPLICATION

    try{

        num1=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(NumberFormatException f){

        l1.setText("Invalid Format");

        return;

        }

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    check=3;

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bdiv){                   //FOR DIVISION

    try{

        num1=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(NumberFormatException f){

        l1.setText("Invalid Format");

        return;

        }

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    check=4;

    }

    if(e.getSource()==bmod){                  //FOR MOD/REMAINDER

    try{

        num1=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(NumberFormatException f){

        l1.setText("Invalid Format");

        return;

        }

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    check=5;

    }

                            //RESULT BUTTON

    if(e.getSource()==bcalc){

    try{

        num2=Double.parseDouble(l1.getText());

        }catch(Exception f){

        l1.setText("ENTER NUMBER FIRST ");

        return;

        }

    if(check==1)

        xd =num1+num2;

    if(check==2)

        xd =num1-num2;

    if(check==3)

        xd =num1\*num2;

    if(check==4)

        xd =num1/num2;

    if(check==5)

        xd =num1%num2;

    l1.setText(String.valueOf(xd));

    } //FOR CLEARING THE LABEL and Memory

    if(e.getSource()==bclr){

    num1=0;

    num2=0;

    check=0;

    xd=0;

    z="";

    l1.setText(z);

    }

    }

    //MAIN METHOD where objects of MyCalc is instantaiated

    public static void main(String args[]){

        new MyCalc();

    }

}

**Output: -**

**A screenshot of a computer

Description automatically generated with low confidence**

**PRACTICAL – 9**

**Aim: -** Write a program to demonstrate array index out of bounds exception.

**Code: -**

public class fact {

    public static void main(String[] a) {

        int number;

        number = Integer.parseInt(a[0]);

        int n = 1;

        for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {

            n = n \* i;

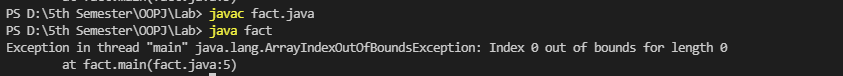
        }

        System.out.println("The factorial of " + number + " is " + n);

    }

}

**Output: -**

****

**PRACTICAL – 9.1**

**Aim: -** Create an interface Account with two methods deposit and withdraw. Create class Savings Account which implements the interface. Write a custom Exception handler for Savings Account to handle the scenarios when withdrawn amount is larger than the balance in the account.

**Code: -**

interface Account {

    void deposit(int amount);

    void withdraw(int amount) throws InsufficientFundsException;

}

class SavingAccount implements Account {

    int Balance = 3000;

    public void deposit(int amount) {

        Balance = Balance + amount;

        System.out.println("Balance after deposit is : " + Balance);

    }

    public void withdraw(int amount) throws InsufficientFundsException {

        if (amount > Balance) {

            throw new InsufficientFundsException("Insufficient Funds");

        } else {

            Balance = Balance - amount;

            System.out.println("Balance after deposit is : " + Balance);

        }

    }

}

class InsufficientFundsException extends Exception {

    public InsufficientFundsException(String msg) {

        super(msg);

    }

}

public class practical\_9\_1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws InsufficientFundsException {

        SavingAccount sA = new SavingAccount();

        sA.deposit(5000);

        sA.withdraw(3000);

        sA.withdraw(6000);

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated**

**PRACTICAL – 10**

**Aim: -** Write a program to demonstrate class object locking using method level

Synchronization.

**Code: -**

public class practical\_10 implements Runnable{

    public void run(){

        Lock();

    }

    public void Lock() {

        System.out.println(Thread.currentThread().getName());

        synchronized(this) {

            System.out.println("in block " + Thread.currentThread().getName());

            System.out.println("in block " + Thread.currentThread().getName() + " end");

        }

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        practical\_10 p = new practical\_10();

        Thread t1 = new Thread(p);

        Thread t2 = new Thread(p);

        practical\_10 p1 = new practical\_10();

        Thread t3 = new Thread(p1);

        t1.setName("t1");

        t2.setName("t2");

        t3.setName("t3");

        t1.start();

        t2.start();

        t3.start();

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated**

**PRACTICAL – 10.1**

**Aim: -** Write a program that executes two threads. One thread will print the even numbers and another thread will print odd numbers from 1 to 50.

**Code: -**

public class practical\_10\_1 {

    int counter = 1;

    static int N;

    public void odd(){

        synchronized (this){

            while (counter < N){

                while (counter % 2 == 0) {

                    try {

                        wait();

                    } catch (InterruptedException e) {

                        e.printStackTrace();

                    }

                }

                System.out.println(counter + " " + "odd");

                counter++;

                notify();

            }

        }

    }

    public void even(){

        synchronized (this){

            while (counter < N){

                while (counter % 2 == 1) {

                    try {

                        wait();

                    } catch (InterruptedException e) {

                        e.printStackTrace();

                    }

                }

                System.out.println(counter + " " + "even");

                counter++;

                notify();

            }

        }

    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        practical\_10\_1 oE = new practical\_10\_1();

        N = 50;

        Thread t1 = new Thread(new Runnable() {

            @Override

            public void run() {

                oE.odd();

            }

        });

        Thread t2 = new Thread(new Runnable() {

            @Override

            public void run() {

                oE.even();

            }

        });

        t1.start();

        t2.start();

    }

}

**Output: -**

**Text

Description automatically generated**