Orientation Fields on Closed Surfaces A Discrete Exterior Calculus Primal Dual (DEC-PD) Aproach

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24. September 2015

Content

Surface Discretization (Simplicial Complex)

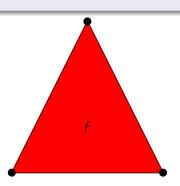
vertices, edges,(triangle) faces



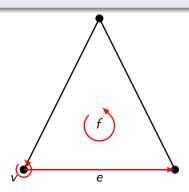
• vertices, edges,(triangle) faces



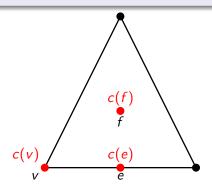
• vertices, edges, (triangle) faces



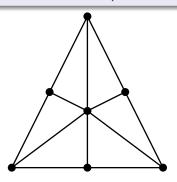
- vertices, edges,(triangle) faces
- equipped with an orientation



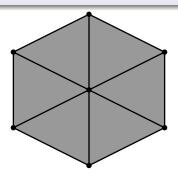
- vertices, edges,(triangle) faces
- equipped with an orientation
- have circumcenters $c(\sigma) \in Int(\sigma) \Rightarrow$: well-centered)



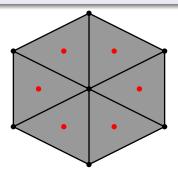
- vertices, edges,(triangle) faces
- equipped with an orientation
- have circumcenters $c(\sigma) \in Int(\sigma) \Rightarrow$: well-centered)
- are refinable (circumcentric subdivision)



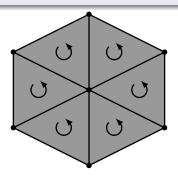
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- well-centered: faces are well-centered (maximum angle less than 90°)
- oriented: neighboured faces have the same orientation
- manifold-like: polyhedron $\bigcup_{f \in \mathcal{F}} f$ is a C^0 -manifold



https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Icosahedron.svg