



Core components > Streaming

Overview

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Stream real-time updates from agent runs

LangChain implements a streaming system to surface real-time updates.

Streaming is crucial for enhancing the responsiveness of applications built on LLMs. By displaying output progressively, even before a complete response is ready, streaming significantly improves user experience (UX), particularly when dealing with the latency of LLMs.

Overview

LangChain's streaming system lets you surface live feedback from agent runs to your application.

What's possible with LangChain streaming:

Stream agent progress — get state updates after each agent step.

Stream LLM tokens — stream language model tokens as they're generated.

Stream custom updates — emit user-defined signals (e.g., "Fetched 10/100 records").

Stream multiple modes — choose from `updates` (agent progress), `messages` (LLM tokens + metadata), or `custom` (arbitrary user data).

See the [common patterns](#) section below for additional end-to-end examples.



Mode	Description
updates	Streams state updates after each agent step. If multiple updates are made in the same step (e.g., multiple nodes are run), those updates are streamed separately.
messages	Streams tuples of (token, metadata) from any graph nodes where an LLM is invoked.
custom	Streams custom data from inside your graph nodes using the stream writer.

Agent progress

To stream agent progress, use the `stream` method with `streamMode: "updates"` . This emits an event after every agent step.

For example, if you have an agent that calls a tool once, you should see the following updates:

LLM node: `AIMessage` with tool call requests

Tool node: `ToolMessage` with execution result

LLM node: Final AI response





☰ Streaming > Overview





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```
import z from "zod";
import { createAgent, tool } from "langchain";

const getWeather = tool(
  async ({ city }) => {
    return `The weather in ${city} is always sunny!`;
  },
```



```
    },
  }),
}
);

const agent = createAgent({
  model: "gpt-5-nano",
  tools: [getWeather],
});

for await (const chunk of await agent.stream(
  { messages: [{ role: "user", content: "what is the weather in sf" }] },
  { streamMode: "updates" }
)) {
  const [step, content] = Object.entries(chunk)[0];
  console.log(`step: ${step}`);
  console.log(`content: ${JSON.stringify(content, null, 2)}`);
}

/**
 * step: model
 * content: {
 *   "messages": [
 *     {
 *       "kwargs": {
 *         // ...
 *         "tool_calls": [
 *           {
 *             "name": "get_weather",
 *             "args": {
 *               "city": "San Francisco"
 *             },
 *             "type": "tool_call",
 *             "id": "call_0qLS2Jp3MCmaKJ5MAYtr4jJd"
 *           }
 *         ],
 *         // ...

```



```
step: model
* content: {
*   "messages": [
*     {
*       "kwargs": {
*         "content": "The weather in San Francisco is always sunny!",
*         "name": "get_weather",
*         // ...
*       }
*     }
*   ]
* }
* step: model
* content: {
*   "messages": [
*     {
*       "kwargs": {
*         "content": "The latest update says: The weather in San Francisco is
*         // ...
*       }
*     }
*   ]
* }
*/
```

LLM tokens

To stream tokens as they are produced by the LLM, use `streamMode: "messages"` :





```
    async ({ city }) => {
      return `The weather in ${city} is always sunny!`;
    },
    {
      name: "get_weather",
      description: "Get weather for a given city.",
      schema: z.object({
        city: z.string(),
      }),
    }
  );

const agent = createAgent({
  model: "gpt-4o-mini",
  tools: [getWeather],
});

for await (const [token, metadata] of await agent.stream(
  { messages: [{ role: "user", content: "what is the weather in sf" }] },
  { streamMode: "messages" }
)) {
  console.log(`node: ${metadata.langgraph_node}`);
  console.log(`content: ${JSON.stringify(token.contentBlocks, null, 2)}`);
}
```

Custom updates

To stream updates from tools as they are executed, you can use the `writer` parameter from the configuration.



```
const getWeather = tool(  
  async (input, config: LangGraphRunnableConfig) => {  
    // Stream any arbitrary data  
    config.writer?.(`Looking up data for city: ${input.city}`);  
    // ... fetch city data  
    config.writer?.(`Acquired data for city: ${input.city}`);  
    return `It's always sunny in ${input.city}!`;  
  },  
  {  
    name: "get_weather",  
    description: "Get weather for a given city.",  
    schema: z.object({  
      city: z.string().describe("The city to get weather for."),  
    }),  
  }  
);  
  
const agent = createAgent({  
  model: "gpt-4o-mini",  
  tools: [getWeather],  
});  
  
for await (const chunk of await agent.stream(  
  { messages: [{ role: "user", content: "what is the weather in sf" }] },  
  { streamMode: "custom" }  
) ) {  
  console.log(chunk);  
}
```

Output



Looking up data for city: San Francisco



quired data for city: San Francisco

Stream multiple modes

You can specify multiple streaming modes by passing `streamMode` as an array:

```
streamMode: ["updates", "messages", "custom"] .
```

The streamed outputs will be tuples of `[mode, chunk]` where `mode` is the name of the stream mode and `chunk` is the data streamed by that mode.



```
const getWeather = tool(  
  async (input, config: LangGraphRunnableConfig) => {  
    // Stream any arbitrary data  
    config.writer?.(`Looking up data for city: ${input.city}`);  
    // ... fetch city data  
    config.writer?.(`Acquired data for city: ${input.city}`);  
    return `It's always sunny in ${input.city}!`;  
  },  
  {  
    name: "get_weather",  
    description: "Get weather for a given city.",  
    schema: z.object({  
      city: z.string().describe("The city to get weather for."),  
    }),  
  }  
);  
  
const agent = createAgent({  
  model: "gpt-4o-mini",  
  tools: [getWeather],  
});  
  
for await (const [streamMode, chunk] of await agent.stream(  
  { messages: [{ role: "user", content: "what is the weather in sf" }] },  
  { streamMode: ["updates", "messages", "custom"] }  
{  
  console.log(`${streamMode}: ${JSON.stringify(chunk, null, 2)}`);  
}
```

Disable streaming

Some applications you might need to disable streaming of individual tokens for a given model. This is useful when:

streamed to the client

Set `streaming: false` when initializing the model.

```
import { ChatOpenAI } from "@langchain/openai";

const model = new ChatOpenAI({
  model: "gpt-4o",
  streaming: false,
});
```

💡 When deploying to LangSmith, set `streaming=False` on any models whose output you don't want streamed to the client. This is configured in your graph code before deployment.

ⓘ Not all chat model integrations support the `streaming` parameter. If your model doesn't support it, use `disableStreaming: true` instead. This parameter is available on all chat models via the base class.

See the [LangGraph streaming guide](#) for more details.

Related

[Frontend streaming](#) — Build React UIs with `useStream` for real-time agent interactions

[Streaming with chat models](#) — Stream tokens directly from a chat model without using an agent or graph

[Streaming with human-in-the-loop](#) — Stream agent progress while handling interrupts for human review



[LangGraph streaming](#) — Advanced streaming options including `values`, `debug`



☰ Streaming > Overview

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