## APPENDIX A THE DETAIL OF THE ALGORITHMS OF SCT, AUGMENTED SCT, AND ICT

#### A.1 the algorithm of SCT

8: return MFS

# Algorithm 1 The overall procedure of SCT Input: Param $\Rightarrow$ the parameter values of the SUT $\tau$ $\Rightarrow$ the strength of the covering array Constraints $\Rightarrow$ The constraints of SUT Output: MFS $\Rightarrow$ The MFS of SUT 1: $MFS \leftarrow \emptyset$ 2: $T \leftarrow CA\_GEN\_SA(Param, \tau, Constraints)$ 3: $T_{pass}, T_{fail} \leftarrow execute(T)$ 4: for each $t_{fail} \in T_{fail}$ do 5: $mfs \leftarrow OFOT(t_{fail})$ 6: MFS.append(mfs)7: end for

The inputs of Algorithm 3 are information of parameters of the SUT, the strength of the covering array, and constraints. The output is the MFS. In this algorithm, SCT firstly generates a covering array using simulated Annealing algorithm [11] (line 2). It then executes each test case contained in this algorithm and collects the failing test case set  $T_{fail}$  (line 3). For each failing test case in this set, SCT uses OFOT [6] to identifies the MFS in it (line 4 to 7). At last, SCT returns all the identified MFS (line 8).

#### A.2 the algorithm of the augmented SCT

```
Algorithm 2 The overall procedure of augmented SCT
Input: Param

    b the parameter values of the SUT

    b the strength of the covering array

         Constraints
                                        ▶ The constraints of SUT
Output: MFS
                                                ▶ The MFS of SUT
 1: MFS \leftarrow \emptyset
 2: T \leftarrow CA\_GEN\_SA(Param, \tau, Constraints)
 3: T_{pass}, T_{fail} \leftarrow execute(T)
 4: for each t_{fail} \in T_{fail} do
 5:
        t_{mutated} \leftarrow t_{fail}
        for each s \in MFS do
 6:
            if s \in t_{mutated} then
 7:
                t_{mutated} \leftarrow remove(t_{mutated}, s)
 8:
 9:
            end if
10:
            if t_{fail} == t_{mutated} then
                mfs \leftarrow OFOT(t_{fail})
11:
                MFS.append(mfs)
12:
13:
                if execute(t_{mutated}) == FAIL then
14:
                    mfs \leftarrow OFOT(t_{mutated})
15:
                    MFS.append(mfs)
16:
                end if
17:
18:
            end if
        end for
19:
20: end for
21: return MFS
```

Algorithm 4 is similar to Algorithm 3, except that it needs to consider the previously identified MFS. Specifically, for each failing test case (line 6), the augmented SCT first needs to check whether there exists any existing MFS contained in it (line 6 - 7). If so, the augmented SCT needs to remove the existing MFS in it (line 8) by mutating the corresponding parameter values of the test case to any values other than the ones contained in the MFS. Note that if we have removed some MFS in the original failing test case (line 14), we need to execute the newly generated test case  $t_{mutated}$  to see if it fails again (line 14). If it fails, which means that  $t_{mutated}$  contained some MFS other than the previously identified MFS, the augmented SCT needs to take OFOT to identify the MFS in  $t_{mutated}$ . On the other hand, if we did not find any previously identified schema (line 10), the augmented SCT just needs to directly take OFOT to identify the MFS in the original failing test case. At last, the same as SCT, the augmented SCT needs to return all the identified MFS (line 21).

#### A.3 the algorithm of ICT

The inputs of Algorithm 5 contained one new parameter, i.e., CheckMAX, which is used to set the checking strength (number of test cases generated in checking mechanism).

This algorithm consists of two main loops. The outer loop (line 4 - 39) focuses on checking the un-covered schemas (line 4), and if it is not empty, *ict* needs to generate test cases (one test at a time) to cover them (line 5). Our generation method for *ict* in this paper is AETG [8]. After generating the test case, *ict* needs to execute it (line 6) and if it passes, *ict* will update the un-covered schemas by eliminating the  $\tau$ -degree schemas in it (line 6 - 7). Otherwise, *ict* will start the inner loop, i.e., the MFS identification stage (line 11 - 34).

There are two variables used in this inner loop. The first one is  $S_{mfs\_candi}$  (line 9), which records the candidate MFS identified in each iteration of this loop. The other one is  $T_{history}$  (line 10), which is used to record the test cases generated in each iteration of this MFS identification stage, such that it will not generate the same test cases as generated before.

In this inner loop, it first uses OFOT to identify a candidate MFS (line 12 - 21). Different from the original OFOT algorithm, for each test case  $t_{\Delta}$ , ict needs to consider the following facts: 1) cover as more un-covered schemas  $\Omega$  as possible, 2)do not contain existing identified MFS  $S_{MFS}$ , and constraints, 3) do not generate the test cases generated in the previous iterations (line 14). It is noted that in this paper, we use the same greedy method as used in AETG to generate such test case. Specifically, for the parameter value that is needed to select, ict selects the parameter value has the most un-covered schemas that contain this parameter value. Additionally, we use SAT solver to ensure that the selected parameter value will not introduce any constraint, any MFS, nor any test case that have already generated. After  $t_{\Delta}$  is generated, ict will execute it (line 16), and if it passes, ict will update the un-covered schemas set (line 17). ict then identifies the candidate MFS  $S_{mfs\_candi}$  according to the corresponding test cases generated by OFOT (line 21).

The second part of this inner loop is to check the  $S_{mfs\_candi}$  to be real MFS or not (line 23- 33). Specifically,

#### Algorithm 3 The overall procedure of ICT

```
Input: Param

    b the parameter values of the SUT

    b the strength of the covering array

          Cons
                                            ▶ The constraints of SUT
          CheckMAX

    ▶ The strength of checking

    mechanism
Output: MFS
                                                    ▶ The MFS of SUT
 1: MFS \leftarrow \emptyset
                            ▶ the identified MFS returned by this
    algorithm
 2: \Omega \leftarrow Valid\_\tau\_Schemas(Param, \tau, Cons)
                                                                    ⊳ the
    uncovered schemas

    ▷ already identified MFS

 3: S_{MFS} \leftarrow \emptyset
 4: while \Omega is not empty do
        test \leftarrow Greedy\_Gen(\Omega, Cons, S_{MFS})
 5:
        if execute(test) == PASS then
 6:
             \Omega \leftarrow Update(\Omega, test, \tau)
 7:
                              8:
 9:
             S_{mfs\_candi} \leftarrow \emptyset
             T_{history} \leftarrow \emptyset
10:
             while true do
11:
12:
                 T_{for\ MFS} \leftarrow \emptyset
                 for each \Delta \in test do
13:
14:
                     t_{\Delta} \leftarrow Mutate(\Delta, \Omega, S_{MFS}, Cons, T_{history})
                     T_{for\_MFS}.append(t_{\Delta})
15:
                     if execute(t_{for\_MFS}) == PASS then
16:
                          \Omega \leftarrow Update(\Omega, t_{\Delta}, \tau)
17:
                     end if
18:
                 end for
19:
                 T_{history}.append(T_{for\_MFS})
20:
                 S_{mfs\_candi} \leftarrow OFOT(T_{for\_MFS})
21:
                 isRealMFS \leftarrow true
22:
                 for i = 0; i \le CheckMAX; i + + do
23:
                     t_{check} \leftarrow Gen(S_{mfs\_candi}, \Omega, S_{MFS}, Cons,
24:
                                 T_{history})
                     if execute(t_{check}) == PASS then
25:
                          \Omega \leftarrow Update(\Omega, t_{check}, \tau)
26:
                          isRealMFS \leftarrow false
27:
28:
                          break
29:
                     end if
30:
                 end for
31:
                 if isRealMFS == true then
32:
                     break
                 end if
33:
             end while
34:
             S_{current} \leftarrow S_{mfs\_candi}
35:
             \Omega \leftarrow ChangingCoveage(\Omega, S_{current}, S_{MFS})
36:
             S_{MFS}.append(S_{current})
37:
         end if
39: end while
40: MFS \leftarrow S_{MFS}
41: return MFS
```

for each iteration of this checking mechanism (line 23), ict additionally generates one test case  $t_{check}$  (line 24).  $t_{check}$ must satisfy the following conditions: it should 1) contain the candidate identified MFS  $S_{mfs\_candi}$ , 2)cover as more un-covered schemas  $\Omega$  as possible, 3)do not contain existing identified MFS  $S_{MFS}$ , and constraints, 4) do not generate the test cases generated in previous iteration. Note that in this paper,  $t_{check}$  is generated the same way as we generate  $t_{\Delta}$ . After  $t_{check}$  is generated, ict executes it and if it passes (line 25), ict will update the un-covered schemas set (line 26). Also, the pass of  $t_{check}$  indicates that  $S_{mfs\_candi}$  is not the real MFS (line 27), and hence, ict will jump out the checking mechanism (line 28), and continue to re-identify the MFS. Otherwise, ict will regard  $S_{mfs\_candi}$  as the real MFS after the checking mechanism (line 31), and ict will jump out the inner loop of MFS identification (line 32) to report the MFS it identifies (line 35).

At last, *ict* will update the uncovered schemas (line 36) by removing the identified MFS, and some other schemas that are related to it (super-schemas, implicated constraints). This algorithm repeats until there are no uncovered schemas, and it will return all the identified MFS (line 40 - 41).

#### APPENDIX B

### THE DETAILS OF THE INPUTS MODELING AND IN-FORMATION OF THE MFS FOR THE SYNTHETIC SOFTWARE

In this section, we use the form of (p1:x1, p2:x2, ....) to represent the MFS. For example, (1:2, 5:0) indicates the MFS is the schema that the 1st parameter is assigned to 2 and the 5th parameter is assigned to 0. The input modelings and information of the MFS of all these synthetic software used in Section 5.7 and 5.8 are listed in Table 31, 32, 33, and 34, respectively.

TABLE 31
The details of the modeling for evaluating the number of MFS

Subject	Inputs	MFS			
syn1	511	(1:0,2:0)			
syn2	$5^{11}$	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0)			
syn3	5 <sup>11</sup>	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0)			
syn4	511	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0)			
syn5	511	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,6:0)			
syn6	511	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,7:0)			
syn7	511	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,8:0)			
syn8	511	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,0:0) (1:0,0:0) (1:0,9:0)			
	$\frac{5}{5^{11}}$				
syn9 syn10	$\frac{5}{5^{11}}$	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,11:0)			
syn10	5**				
syn11	$5^{11}$	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,11:0) (2:0,3:0) (2:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (2:0,6:0)			
,		(2:0,7:0) (2:0,8:0) (2:0,9:0) (2:0,10:0) (2:0,11:0) (3:0,4:0) (1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,11:0) (2:0,3:0) (2:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (2:0,6:0)			
syn12	$5^{11}$	(1:0,2:0) $(1:0,3:0)$ $(1:0,4:0)$ $(1:0,5:0)$ $(1:0$			
Symiz		(2:0,7:0) $(2:0,6:0)$ $(2:0,7:0)$ $(2:0,10:0)$ $(2:0,11:0)$ $(3:0,4:0)$ $(3:0,6:0)$ $(3:0,6:0)$ $(3:0,6:0)$ $(3:0,6:0)$ $(3:0,6:0)$ $(3:0,10:0)$ $(3:0,11:0)$ $(4:0,5:0)$			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (4.0,0.0) \ (4.0,7.0) \\ \hline (1:0,2:0) \ (1:0,3:0) \ (1:0,4:0) \ (1:0,5:0) \ (1:0,6:0) \ (1:0,7:0) \ (1:0,8:0) \ (1:0,9:0) \ (1:0,10:0) \ (1:0,11:0) \ (2:0,3:0) \ (2:0,4:0) \ (2:0,5:0) \ (2:0,6:0) \\ \hline \end{array} $			
syn13	$5^{11}$	(1.0,2.0) $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,4.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,3.0)$ $(1.0,1.0)$ $(1.0$			
Syllis	0	$ \begin{array}{c} (2.0,7.0) \ (2.0,7.0) \ (2.0,7.0) \ (2.0,7.0) \ (2.0,710.0) \ (2.0,710.0) \ (3.0,7$			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (4.0,0.0) \ (4.0,7.0) $			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (1.0/2.0) \ (1.0/2.0) $			
syn14	$5^{11}$	$ \begin{array}{c} (2.07.6) \ (2.$			
		(6:0,9:0) (6:0,10:0) (6:0,11:0) (7:0,8:0) (7:0,9:0) (7:0,11:0) (8:0,9:0)			
	5 <sup>11</sup>	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,11:0) (2:0,3:0) (2:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (2:0,6:0)			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (2:0,7:0) \ (2:0,8:0) \ (2:0,9:0) \ (2:0,10:0) \ (2:0,11:0) \ (3:0,4:0) \ (3:0,5:0) \ (3:0,6:0) \ (3:0,7:0) \ (3:0,8:0) \ (3:0,9:0) \ (3:0,11:0) \ (3:0,1$			
syn15		(4:0,6:0) $(4:0,7:0)$ $(4:0,8:0)$ $(4:0,9:0)$ $(4:0,10:0)$ $(4:0,11:0)$ $(5:0,6:0)$ $(5:0,7:0)$ $(5:0,8:0)$ $(5:0,9:0)$ $(5:0,11:0)$ $(6:0,7:0)$ $(6:0,7:0)$			
- 5		(6:0,9:0) (6:0,10:0) (6:0,11:0) (7:0,8:0) (7:0,9:0) (7:0,10:0) (7:0,11:0) (8:0,9:0) (8:0,10:0) (8:0,11:0) (9:0,10:0) (9:0,11:0) (10:0,11:0)			
		(1:1,2:1) (1:1,3:1) (1:1,4:1) (1:1,5:1) (1:1,6:1)			
	5 <sup>11</sup>	(1:0,2:0) $(1:0,3:0)$ $(1:0,4:0)$ $(1:0,5:0)$ $(1:0,6:0)$ $(1:0,7:0)$ $(1:0,8:0)$ $(1:0,9:0)$ $(1:0,10:0)$ $(1:0,11:0)$ $(2:0,3:0)$ $(2:0,4:0)$ $(2:0,5:0)$ $(2:0,6:0)$			
		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
ov.m.16		$ \left[ \begin{array}{c} (4:0,6:0) \ (4:0,7:0) \ (4:0,8:0) \ (4:0,9:0) \ (4:0,10:0) \ (4:0,11:0) \ (5:0,6:0) \ (5:0,7:0) \ (5:0,8:0) \ (5:0,9:0) \ (5:0,10:0) \ (5:0,11:0) \ (6:0,7:0) \ (6:0,8:0) \end{array} \right] $			
syn16		$ \left  \text{ (6:0,9:0) (6:0,10:0) (6:0,11:0) (7:0,8:0) (7:0,9:0) (7:0,10:0) (7:0,11:0) (8:0,9:0) (8:0,10:0) (8:0,10:0) (9:0,10:0) (9:0,10:0) (9:0,11:0) (10:0,11:0) } \right  $			
		(1:1,2:1) (1:1,3:1) (1:1,4:1) (1:1,5:1) (1:1,6:1) (1:1,7:1) (1:1,8:1) (1:1,9:1) (1:1,10:1) (1:1,11:1) (2:1,3:1) (2:1,4:1) (2:1,4:1) (2:1,5:1)			
		(2:1,7:1)			
	5 <sup>11</sup>	$ (1:0,2:0) \ (1:0,3:0) \ (1:0,4:0) \ (1:0,5:0) \ (1:0,6:0) \ (1:0,7:0) \ (1:0,8:0) \ (1:0,9:0) \ (1:0,10:0) \ (1:0,11:0) \ (2:0,3:0) \ (2:0,4:0) \ (2:0,5:0) \ (2:0,6:0) $			
		$ \left(2:0,7:0\right) \left(2:0,8:0\right) \left(2:0,9:0\right) \left(2:0,10:0\right) \left(2:0,11:0\right) \left(3:0,4:0\right) \left(3:0,5:0\right) \left(3:0,6:0\right) \left(3:0,7:0\right) \left(3:0,8:0\right) \left(3:0,9:0\right) \left(3:0,10:0\right) \left(3:0,11:0\right) \left(4:0,5:0\right) \right] $			
syn17		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
Sylli?		$ (6:0,9:0) \ (6:0,10:0) \ (6:0,11:0) \ (7:0,8:0) \ (7:0,9:0) \ (7:0,10:0) \ (7:0,11:0) \ (8:0,9:0) \ (8:0,10:0) \ (8:0,11:0) \ (9:0,10:0) \ (9:0,11:0) \ (10:0,11:0) $			
		(1:1,2:1) (1:1,3:1) (1:1,4:1) (1:1,5:1) (1:1,6:1) (1:1,7:1) (1:1,8:1) (1:1,9:1) (1:1,10:1) (1:1,11:1) (2:1,3:1) (2:1,4:1) (2:1,5:1) (2:1,6:1)			
		(2:1,7:1) (2:1,8:1) (2:1,9:1) (2:1,10:1) (2:1,11:1) (3:1,4:1) (3:1,5:1) (3:1,6:1) (3:1,7:1) (3:1,8:1) (3:1,9:1)			
syn18	5 <sup>11</sup>	(1:0,2:0) (1:0,3:0) (1:0,4:0) (1:0,5:0) (1:0,6:0) (1:0,7:0) (1:0,8:0) (1:0,9:0) (1:0,10:0) (1:0,11:0) (2:0,3:0) (2:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (2:0,6:0)			
		(2:0,7:0) (2:0,8:0) (2:0,9:0) (2:0,10:0) (2:0,11:0) (3:0,4:0) (3:0,5:0) (3:0,6:0) (3:0,7:0) (3:0,8:0) (3:0,9:0) (3:0,10:0) (3:0,11:0) (4:0,5:0)			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (4:0,6:0) \ (4:0,7:0) \ (4:0,8:0) \ (4:0,9:0) \ (4:0,10:0) \ (4:0,11:0) \ (5:0,6:0) \ (5:0,6:0) \ (5:0,7:0) \ (5:0,8:0) \ (5:0,9:0) \ (5:0,10:0) \ (5:0,11:0) \ (6:0,11:0) \ (6:0,7:0) \ (6:0,11:0) \ (7:0,10:0) \ (7:0,11:0) \ (7:0,11:0) \ (8:0,9:0) \ (8:0,10:0) \ (8:0,11:0) \ (9:0,10:0) \ (9:0,11:0) \ (10:0,11:0) \ ($			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (6:0,9:0) \ (6:0,10:0) \ (6:0,11:0) \ (7:0,8:0) \ (7:0,9:0) \ (7:0,11:0) \ (7:0,11:0) \ (8:0,9:0) \ (8:0,10:0) \ (8:0,11:0) \ (9:0,10:0) \ (9:0,11:0) \ (9:0,11:0) \ (9:0,11:0) \ (1:0,11:0) \ (1:1,2:1) \ (1:1,2:1) \ (1:1,3:1) \ (1:1,4:1) \ (1:1,5:1) \ (1:1,5:1) \ (1:1,6:1) \$			
		$ \begin{array}{c} (1:1,2:1) \ (1:1,3:1) $			
		(2:1,7:1) (2:1,6:1) (2:1,7:1) (2:1,10:1) (2:1,11:1) (3:1,4:1) (3:1,6:1) (3:1,7:1) (3:1,6:1) (3:1,9:1) (3:1,11:1) (3:1,11:1) (4:1,3:1) (4:1,6:1) (4:			
		(T.1,0.1) (T.1,1.1) (T.1,0.1) (T.1,7.1) (T.1,10.1) (T.1,11.1) (U.1,0.1)			

Subject	Inputs	MFS
syn1	$2^{8}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn2	$2^{9}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn3	$2^{10}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn4	$2^{12}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn5	$2^{16}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn6	$2^{20}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn7	$2^{30}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn8	$2^{40}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn9	$2^{50}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn10	$2^{60}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn11	$2^{70}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn12	$2^{80}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn13	$2^{90}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)
syn14	$2^{100}$	(1:0,4:0) (2:0,5:0) (3:0,7:0)

TABLE 33
The details of the modeling for evaluating probabilities of triggering MFS

Subject	Inputs	MFS	Probability
syn1	410	(2:1)	0.01
syn2	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.05
syn3	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.1
syn4	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.15
syn5	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.2
syn6	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.3
syn7	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.4
syn8	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.5
syn9	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.6
syn10	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.7
syn11	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.8
syn12	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.9
syn13	$4^{10}$	(2:1)	0.98

TABLE 34
The details of the modeling for evaluating safe values

Subject	Inputs	MFS		
syn1	48	(1:0,2:0) (3:0,4:0,5:0,6:0,7:0,8:0) (1:1,2:1,3:1,4:1,5:1,6:1) (7:1,8:1) (1:2,2:2) (3:2,4:2,5:2,6:2,7:2,8:2) (1:3,2:3,3:3,4:3,5:3,6:3) (7:3,8:3) (1:0,5:1) (2:1,4:0)		
syn2	$4^{10}$	(1:0,2:0) (3:0,4:0,5:0,6:0,7:0,8:0) (9:0,10:0) (1:1,2:1,3:1,4:1,5:1,6:1) (7:1,8:1) (9:1,10:1) (1:2,2:2) (3:2,4:2) (5:2,6:2,7:2,8:2,9:2,10:2) (1:3,2:3) (3:3,4:3,5:3,6:3,7:3,8:3) (9:3,10:3) (1:0,5:1) (2:1,4:0)		
syn3	$4^{12}$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn4	$4^{16}$	(1:0,2:0,3:0) (4:0,5:0,6:0,7:0,8:0,9:0,10:0,11:0) (12:0,13:0,14:0,15:0,16:0) (1:1,2:1,3:1,4:1,5:1,6:1,7:1,8:1) (9:1,10:1,11:1,12:1,13:1) (14:1,15:1,16:1) (1:2,2:2,3:2,4:2,5:2) (6:2,7:2,8:2) (9:2,10:2,11:2,12:2,13:2,14:2,15:2,16:2) (1:3,2:3,3:3) (4:3,5:3,6:3,7:3,8:3,9:3,10:3,11:3) (12:3,13:3,14:3,15:3,16:3) (1:0,5:1) (2:1,4:0)		
syn5	4 <sup>20</sup>	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn6	$4^{25}$	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn7	4 <sup>3</sup> 0	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn8	$4^{35}$	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn9	4 <sup>40</sup>	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		
syn10	4 <sup>50</sup>	$ \begin{array}{lll} (1:0,2:0) & (3:0,4:0,5:0,6:0,7:0,8:0,9:0,10:0,11:0,12:0,13:0,14:0,15:0) & (1:1,2:1,3:1,4:1,5:1,6:1,7:1,8:1,9:1,10:1,11:1,12:1,13:1) \\ (34:1,35:1,36:1,37:1,38:1,39:1,40:1,41:1,42:1,43:1,44:1,45:1,46:1,47:1,48:1) & (49:1,50:1) & (36:2,37:2) \\ (38:2,39:2,40:2,41:2,42:2,43:2,44:2,45:2,46:2,47:2,48:2,49:2,50:2) & (1:3,2:3,3:3,4:3,5:3,6:3,7:3,8:3,9:3,10:3,11:3,12:3,13:3,14:3,15:3) \\ (16:3,17:3) & (18:3,19:3,20:3,21:3,22:3,23:3,24:3,25:3,26:3,27:3,28:3,29:3,30:3) & (1:0,5:1) & (2:1,4:0) \\ (16:0,17:0,18:0,19:0,20:0,21:0,22:0,23:0,24:0,25:0,26:0,27:0,28:0,29:0,30:0,31:0,32:0,33:0,34:0,35:0) \\ (36:0,37:0,38:0,39:0,40:0,41:0,42:0,43:0,44:0,45:0,46:0,47:0,48:0,49:0,50:0) & (14:1,15:1,16:1,17:1,18:1,19:1,20:1,21:1,22:1,23:1,24:1,25:1,26:1,27:1,28:1,29:1,30:1,31:1,32:1,33:1) \\ (1:2,2:2,3:2,4:2,5:2,6:2,7:2,8:2,9:2,10:2,11:2,12:2,13:2,14:2,15:2,16:2,17:2,18:2,19:2,20:2) \\ (21:2,22:2,23:2,24:2,25:2,26:2,27:2,28:2,9:2,30:2,31:2,32:2,33:2,34:2,35:2) \\ (31:3,32:3,33:3,34:3,35:3,36:3,37:3,38:3,39:3,40:3,41:3,42:3,43:3,44:3,45:3,46:3,47:3,48:3,49:3,50:3) \\ \end{array} $		