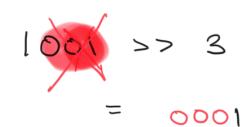
Bit Manipulation

= 0110 0

bit wise 5

Right shift



$$\frac{9}{1001} // 2^3 = 1$$

Left shift

Bit wise operations

Two's complement

positive sign 4 bits used say negative sign bit								
0	000		V					
\	0001	-7	1001					
2	0000	-6	1000					
3	(a) 11	-5	0011					
4	00100	- y	<u>()</u> 1 00					
S	6 (0)	-3	<u>()</u> \ 0 \					
6	6,10	-2	(1)110					
7	0(1)	- 1	(1) 1 (1)					

n bits: I sign bit + n-1 bits for the number)

$$bin(-3) = 1$$

If
$$n=4$$
, $bm(-3)=1$ [10]
3 bit for $2^3-3=5$

Another way to think about this

bin (-3);

+/

by (-3)

n late: I sign, n-1 unsigned buts.

*
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 can be sep

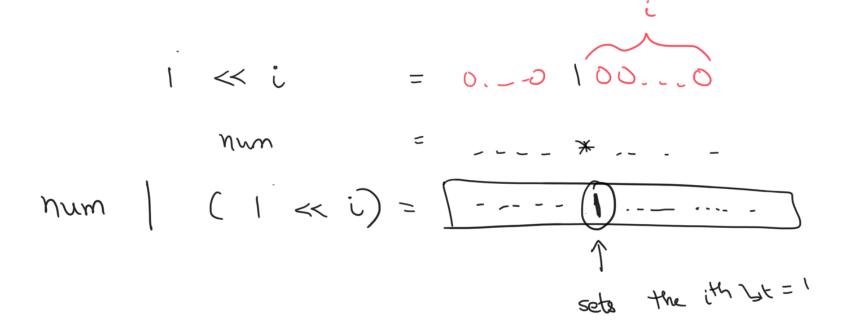
$$bin(-k)$$
 = $n-1$ $bin(2^{n-1}-k)$
 $k>0$

ith bit It bit of bit

Get it but in a number (num)

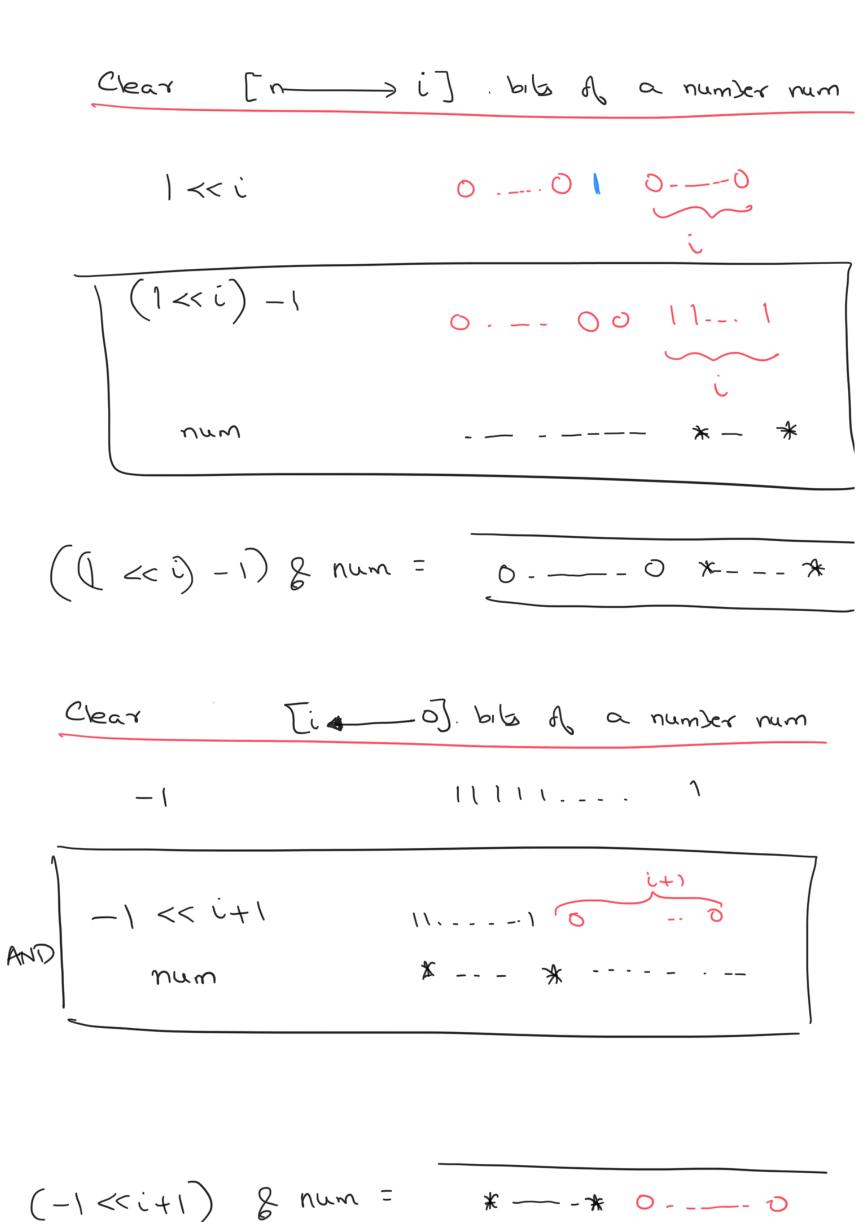
$$num = 0.20100.00$$
 $num = 0.20 \times 0.20$
 $f = 0$
 $f = 0$

set ith bit = 1 in a number (num)



clea	r ith bit	IN	a n	umber	(num)
\	(1 << i)	ï	1 \	1111	
	ημπ	;	. ~		*
Num	} (v(1 << i))	-		O - —
up	date ith	bit	to .	that 1	b a booken bil
	~ (\ << i }	\			
AND	num)	-		* C
of			_	–	O
	∜ <<	(i		0 (0 00 ·· 00 ·· 0

(i>>e) 1 (i>>1) ~ d mun)



i+1

• •