



JUNIT Test Suite

Agenda



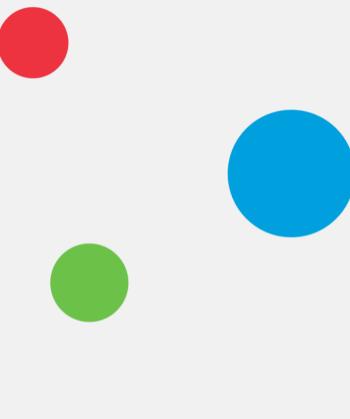
Test Suite

Objectives

At the end of this module, you will be able to:

Understand Test Suites

Test Suite





Test Suite

- Test Suite is a Convenient way to group together tests that are related
- Used to bundle a few unit test cases and run it together
- Annotations used for this
 - @RunWith
 - Used to invoke the class which is annotated to run the tests in that class
 - - Allows you to manually build a suite containing tests from many classes

User Defined Class 1

```
package junit.first;
public class Stringmanip {
String datum;
    public Stringmanip(String datum) {
       this.datum = datum;
    public String upperCase() {
       return datum.toUpperCase();
```

Test Case for User Defined Class 1

```
package junit.first;
import junit.first.Stringmanip.*;
import java.util.*;
import org.junit.Test;
import org.junit.runners.*;
import org.junit.runner.RunWith;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
       @RunWith (Parameterized.class)
   public class StringmanipTest2
     // Fields
      private String datum;
      private String expected;
      public StringmanipTest2(String datum, String expected)
                this.datum = datum;
                this.expected = expected;
```

Test Case for User Defined Class 1 (Contd.).

```
@Parameters
 public static Collection<Object[]> generateData()
                     Object[][] data = new Object[][]
                { "Smita", "SMITA" },
                     { "smita", "SMITA" },
                     { "SMitA", "SMITA"
       };
  return Arrays.asList(data);
 @Test
 public void testUpperCase()
     Stringmanip s = new Stringmanip(this.datum);
   String actualResult = s.upperCase();
   assertEquals(actualResult, this.expected);
```

In this example, the parameter generator returns a List of arrays.

Each row has two elements:
{ input_data, expected_output }.
These data are hardcoded into the class, but they could be generated in any way you like.

User Defined Class 2

```
package junit.first;
public class Calc {
     public int add( int v1, int v2)
          return v1+v2;
     public int sub( int v1, int v2)
          return v1-v2;
// You can add more functions here as needed..
```

Test Case for User Defined Class 2

```
package junit.first;
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
import org.junit.Test;
public class CalcTest {
     Calc c = new Calc();
     @Test
     public void testAdd() {
     assertEquals(5, c.add(10,-5));
     assertEquals(5, c.add(10,-5));
     assertEquals(5, c.add(20,-15));
     assertEquals(5, c.add(0,5));
```

Test Case for User Defined Class 2

```
@Test
    public void testSub() {
        assertEquals(5, c.sub(10,5));
        assertEquals(95, c.sub(100,5));
        assertEquals(5, c.sub(20,15));
        assertEquals(5, c.sub(10,5));
    }
}
```

Test Suite

- In JUnit, both @RunWith and @Suite annotation are used to run the suite test.
- When a class is annotated with @RunWith,

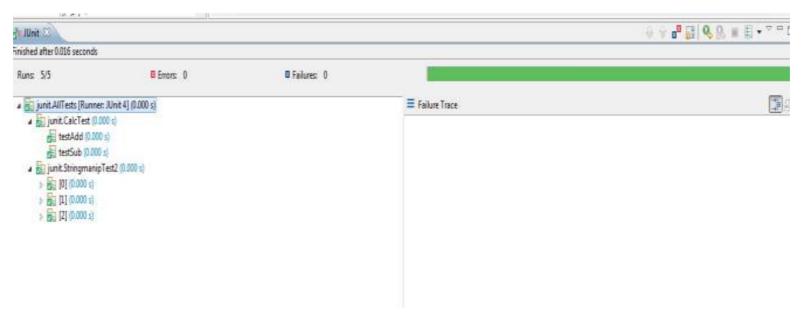
 JUnit will invoke the class it references to run the tests in that class.
- Using Suite as a runner allows you to manually build a suite containing tests from many classes.

Note >>
Test Classes
which are defined in previous pages are included here...

Test Suite(Contd.).

When all the test cases are executed successfully, it shows **green color** signal as shown

below.

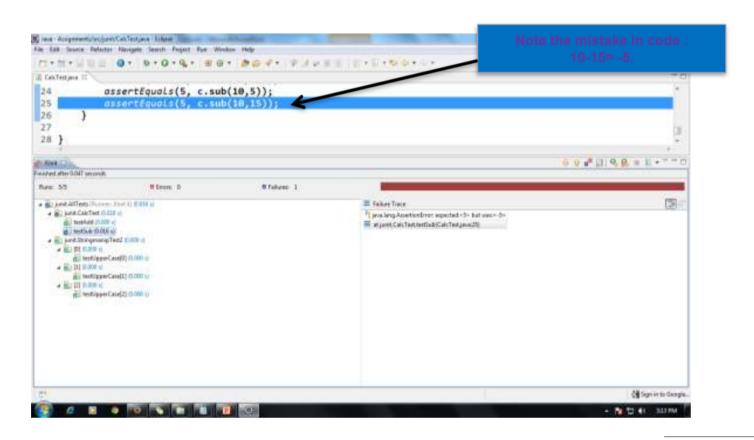


Test Suite(Contd.).

When any one test cases fails, it shows

Brown color

signal as shown below.



Quiz

- 1. Which of the following annotations has to be used before each of the test method?
 - a. @Before
 - b. @BeforeClass
 - c. @After
 - d. None of the above

None of the above

- 2. Which of the following are true?
 - a. All assert methods are static methods
 - b. The JUnit test methods can be private
 - c. The JUnit test methods should start with the test keyword
 - d. All of the above true

All assert methods are static methods



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Summary

In this module, you were able to:

Understand Test Suites





Thank You