#### A High-Accuracy Rotation Estimation Algorithm Based on 1D Phase-Only Correlation

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Basic Principle of Image Rotation Estimation (2DPOC)

## Basic Principle of Image Rotation Estimation 2DPOC

- The problem considered here is to estimate the rotation angle  $\theta$  between two images that are rotated with respect to each other.
- For estimating the image rotation, we employ the polar mapping of the amplitude spectrum to convert the image rotation into the image translation.



Input : Images

f,g

Estimate the 2 D DFT of f,g after applying Hanning window => (F,G)

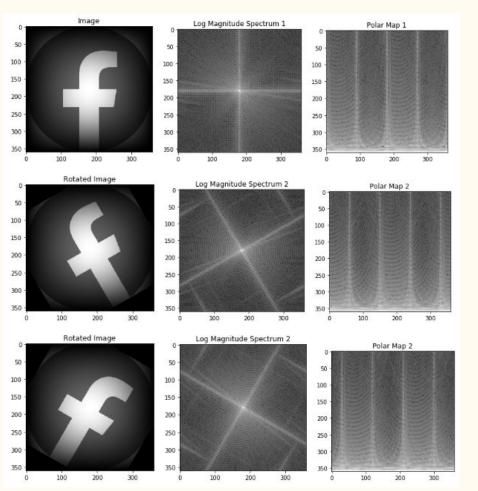
Basic Principle of Image Rotation Estimation

Estimate Amplitude spectrum and log amplitude spectra.

Estimate Polar mapping  $F=>F_P$ ,  $G=>G_P$ )

Image displacement between F<sub>p</sub> and G<sub>p</sub> gives our rotation angle Θ.

Output: Rotation between f,g



### 1 D POC

# Rotation Estimation Algorithm Using 1D Phase-Only Correlation

The problem of rotation estimation is replaced to 1D displacement estimation between row lines in two polar mappings. The use of 1D POC function makes it possible to reduce the computational cost significantly for estimating the rotation angle. In this section, we first define the 1D POC function and then introduce the details of the proposed rotation estimation algorithm.

Input: 1D signals f,g

Estimate the DFT of 1D signals f=>F, g=>G

Rotation
Estimation
Algorithm Using
1D Phase-Only
Correlation

Estimate its Cross-phase spectrum R(k)

$$R(k) = \frac{F(k)G(k)}{\left| F(k)\overline{G(k)} \right|} \simeq e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}k\delta}$$

Estimate the Inverse Discrete Fourier Transform of R(k) => r(k)

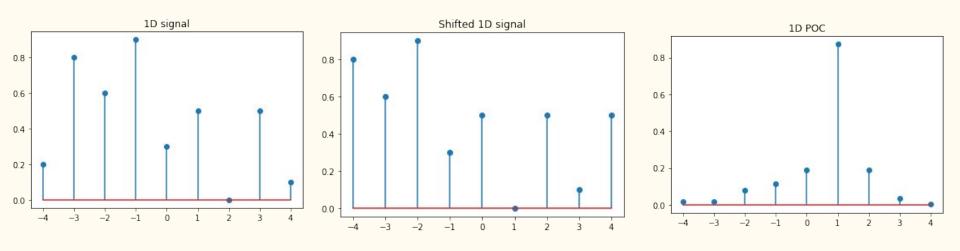
$$r(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=-M}^{M} R(k) W_N^{-kn}$$

The peak position δ of the function corresponds to the displacement between the two signals

Output : Rotation between f,g

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#### Result of 1D POC



High-Accuracy Image Rotation Estimation Algorithm

Input: Image f

Rotate the original image by a degree f', ( $\Theta = 40$  degree, assumed)

## Effective line extraction

Amplitude spectra  $F_p(l_1, l_2)$ ,  $F_p'(l_1, l_2)$ 

Estimate the polar mappings of

Extract row wise signals  $u_{11}$  and  $u_{12}$  in  $I_2$  direction and obtain displacement & 1D phase correlation peak  $(\delta_{11}, \alpha_{11})$ 

Consider only the lines which give an error below a certain threshold, to get the effective lines.

 $l = \{l_1 : |\delta_{l_1} - N\Theta/\pi| < \delta_{th}, -M \le l_1 \le M\}$ 

Update the indices I by extracting upper half of the correlation peak value  $\alpha_i$ .

Output : Indices of effective lines

Input: Images f,g,I - indices of effective lines

Estimate Polar mapping of amplitude spectra F =>  $F_P$  , G=>  $G_P$ 

Rotation estimation using 1D POC function

Extract row wise signals  $u_{l1}$  and  $v_{l2}$  in  $I_2$  direction from  $F_P$  ,  $G_P$ , where  $I_1 \subseteq I$ 

Estimate the average of all 1D POC functions  $r_{all}(l_2)$  and displacement  $\delta$ 

Output: Rotation between f,g

$$\theta = \delta \pi / N$$

## Function Fitting

#### Function Fitting

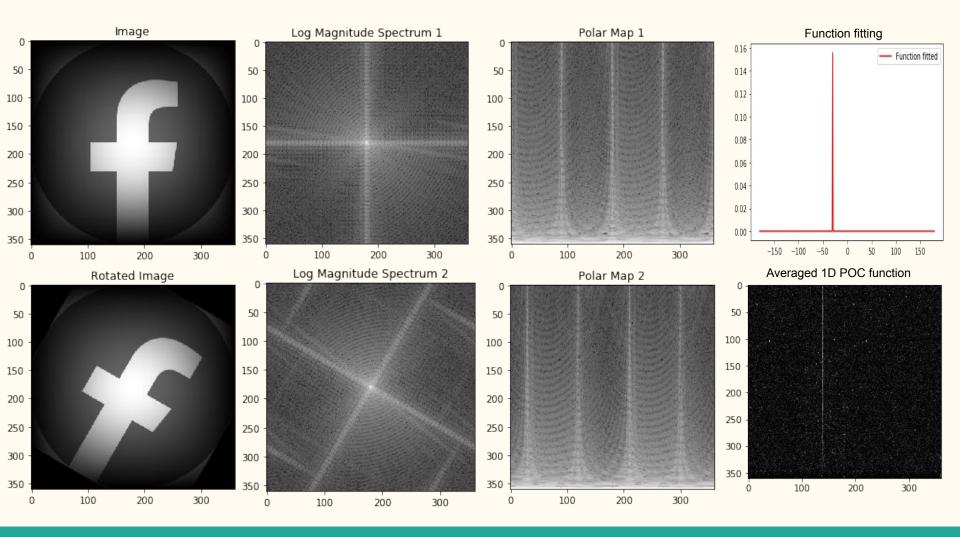
- Function fitting is done for high-accuracy estimation of peak location. This leads us to have sub-pixel accuracy.
- The fitting function used in the paper is given by the following equation where  $\alpha$  and  $\delta$  are the fitting parameters

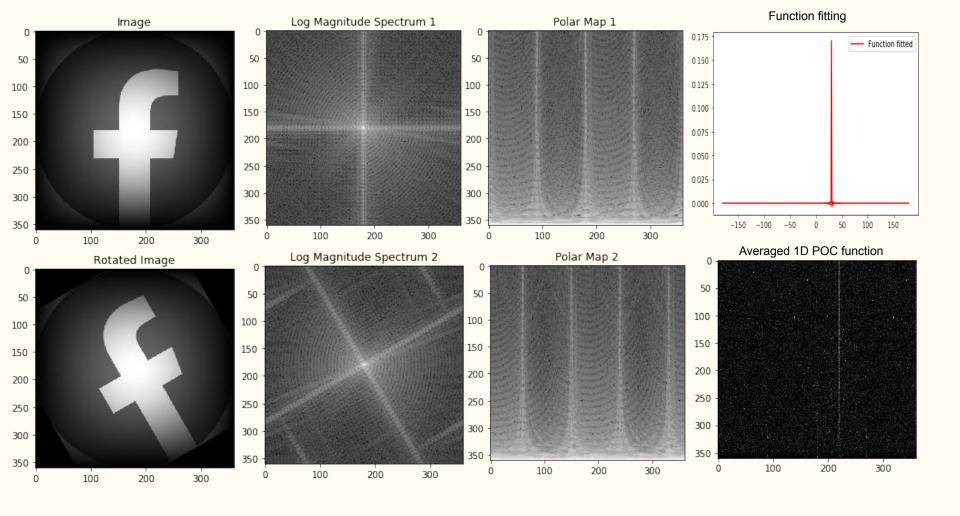
$$R(k) = \frac{F(k)\overline{G(k)}}{\left|F(k)\overline{G(k)}\right|} \simeq e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}k\delta},$$

$$r(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=-M}^{M} R(k)W_N^{-kn}$$

$$\simeq \frac{\alpha}{N} \frac{\sin\left\{\pi\left(n+\delta\right)\right\}}{\sin\left\{\frac{\pi}{N}\left(n+\delta\right)\right\}},$$

# Experiments and Discussions





# Computational cost comapision between 1D POC and 2D POC

	Polar mapping generation	Displacement Estimation	Total
2D-POC	2N	4N	6N
1D-POC	2N	N/2 + 1	2.5N +1

#### Applications

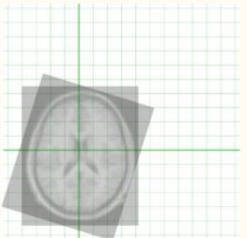
Image sensing

Image/video processing

Computer vision

Industrial vision





#### Future Scope

The adaptive line search algorithm can be replaced by a Neural Network.

## THANK YOU

Link to github repository: <a href="https://github.com/niveditarufus/Dip\_project-D">https://github.com/niveditarufus/Dip\_project-D</a> reamTeam