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Aim:

S.No: 18

Write a program to implement stack using linked lists.

```
Sample Input and Output:
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 1
        Enter element: 33
        Successfully pushed.
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 1
        Enter element : 22
        Successfully pushed.
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 1
        Enter element : 55
        Successfully pushed.
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option: 1
        Enter element : 66
        Successfully pushed.
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 3
        Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 2
        Popped value = 66
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 2
        Popped value = 55
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 3
        Elements of the stack are : 22 33
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 5
        Peek value = 22
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option: 4
        Stack is not empty.
        1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
        Enter your option : 6
```

Source Code:

StackUsingLList.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct stack
{
   int data;
   struct stack *next;
```

```
};
typedef struct stack *stk;
stk top = NULL;
stk push(int x)
   stk temp;
   temp = (stk)malloc(sizeof(struct stack));
   if(temp == NULL)
      printf("Stack is overflow.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      temp -> data = x;
      temp -> next = top;
      top = temp;
      printf("Successfully pushed.\n");
   }
}
void display()
   stk temp = top;
   if(temp == NULL)
      printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   }
   else
      printf("Elements of the stack are : ");
      while(temp != NULL)
         printf("%d ", temp -> data);
         temp = temp -> next;
      printf("\n");
   }
}
stk pop()
{
   stk temp;
   if(top == NULL)
      printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      temp = top;
      top = top -> next;
      printf("Popped value = %d\n", temp -> data);
      free(temp);
   }
}
void peek()
   stk temp;
   if(top == NULL)
```

```
{
      printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      temp = top;
      printf("Peek value = %d\n", temp -> data);
   }
}
void isEmpty()
   if(top == NULL)
      printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   }
   else
   {
      printf("Stack is not empty.\n");
   }
int main()
   int op, x;
   while(1)
   {
      printf("1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your option : ");
      scanf("%d", &op);
      switch(op)
      {
         case 1:
         printf("Enter element : ");
         scanf("%d", &x);
         push(x);
         break;
         case 2:
         pop();
         break;
         case 3:
         display();
         break;
         case 4:
         isEmpty();
         break;
         case 5:
         peek();
         break;
         case 6:
         exit(0);
      }
   }
}
```

Test Case - 1
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 33
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 22
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 55
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 66
Successfully pushed. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 66 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 55 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Elements of the stack are : 22 33 5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5
Enter your option : 5
Peek value = 22 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is not empty. 6
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6
Enter your option : 6

Test Case - 2
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Stack is empty. 5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5
Enter your option : 5

Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 23
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 24
Successfully pushed. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
Elements of the stack are : 24 23 5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5
Enter your option : 5
Peek value = 24 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 24 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 23 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty. 6
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6
Enter your option : 6