

CODING AND SOLUTION

DATE	24 NOV 2023
TEAM ID	NM2023TMID11919
PROJECT NAME	FOOD TRACING SYSTEM
MAX.MARK	4 MARK

CODING

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
```

```
pragma solidity "0.8.0";
```

```
contract FoodTracking {
```

```
    address public owner;
```

```
    enum FoodStatu {
```

```
        Unverified,
```

```
        Verified,
```

```
        Consumed
```

```
    }
```

```
    struct FoodItem {
```

```
        string itemid;
```

```
        string productName;
```

```
        string origin;
```

```
        uint256 sentTimestamp;
```

```
        FoodStatus status;
```

```
    }
```

```
mapping(string> FoodItem) public foodItems;
```

```
e vent FoodItemSent(
```

```
    string Indexed itenid,
```

```

        string productName,
        string origin,
        uint256 sentTimestamp
    }

    event FoodItemVerified (string indexed itemId);
    event FoodItemConsumed (string indexed ItemId);

    constructor() {
        owner msg.sender;
    }

    modifier onlyOwner() {
        require(msg.sender == owner, "Only contract owner can call this");
    }

    function sendFoodItem(
        string memory itemId,
        string memory productName,
        string memory origin

        external onlyOwner{
require(

bytes(foodItems[itemId].itemId), length, "Item already exists"
    }

    require(foodItems[itemId].status != FoodStatus.
    Unverified, "Item is already verified or consumed")

```

FEATURES

This Solidity contract named FoodTracking is designed to track food items. Let me provide a breakdown of the key components:

1. Contract Structure:

- It starts with SPDX-License-Identifier to specify the license for the code.
- The pragma statement sets the version of the Solidity compiler to be used (0.8.0 in this case).

2. State Variables:

- owner: A public variable to store the address of the contract owner.
- FoodStatus: An enumeration representing the status of a food item (Unverified, Verified, Consumed).
- FoodItem: A struct to store details about a food item, including its ID, name, origin, timestamp of sending, and status.
- foodItems: A mapping that associates food item IDs with their corresponding FoodItem structs.

3. Events:

- FoodItemSent: Triggered when a food item is sent, emitting details like item ID, product name, origin, and timestamp.
- FoodItemVerified: Triggered when a food item is verified, emitting the item ID.
- FoodItemConsumed: Triggered when a food item is consumed, emitting the item ID.

4. Constructor:

- Sets the contract owner to the address deploying the contract.

5. Modifier:

- onlyOwner: A modifier to restrict certain functions to be callable only by the contract owner.

6. Function: sendFoodItem

- Allows the contract owner to send a new food item with specified details.
- Checks if the item ID is not empty and if the item doesn't already exist.
- Checks that the status of the item is currently "Unverified."