## Lecture 16

## 11.3 The Integral Test

**Definition 1**. The series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  where  $a_n > 0$  for any integer  $n \ge 1$ , is said to be a **positive series**.

## Theorem 1. The Integral Test

Suppose  $a_n = f(n)$  where f is positive continuous and non-increasing on interval  $[N, \infty)$  for some positive N. Then  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$  and  $\int_N^{\infty} f(x) dx$  either both converge or both diverge to infinity.

## p-Series

**Definition 2**. The series of the form  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^p}$  is called the *p*-series.

**Statement 1.** The *p*-series is convergent if p>1 and divergent if  $p\leq 1$ .