Exploring Deep Learning Approaches for Real-Time Interactive Character Animation

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Abstract— Deep learning, in particular, neural networks has proven to be capable of solving a wide variety of complex tasks. Multiple research on deep learning based approach for character animation has been proposed to utilize the enormous learning capabilities of neural networks for generating dynamic animation for real-time interactive applications like games. This article explores a wide variety of deep learning approaches towards interactive character animation. Each method was investigated based on their strengths, limitations, and novel contributions. A comparison were also performed based on their evaluation results.

Keywords: Character Animation, Deep Learning

1. Introduction

Interactive character animations are typically carried out through skeletal motions of an articulated figure. This is achieved using a technique called skinning, which deforms the surface of the character based on bone transformations, particularly, the position, orientation, and sometimes the scale of the bones (Rumman & Fratarcangeli, 2016). Animation software like Blender allow animators to author animations using keyframes. Each keyframe stores a snapshot of a character pose which consists of multiple bone transforms. When an animation is being played during runtime, the software interpolates between these keyframes, producing a fluid motion.

Relying soley on manual animation authoring can be extremely inefficient. Motion capture was widely used during the process

of animation authoring. Motion capture generates animations by tracking and recording moving objects in the physical space (Menolotto et al., 2020). The raw data from motion capture will then be cleaned and refined by animators before it is being used in production. In addition, inverse kinematics can also be used to generate runtime animation layering such as orienting the head towards an interest point or positioning the hands on an object correctly (Rose III et al., 2001).

Runtime usage of animations is normally done using some form of state machine (e.g. finite state machine or hierarchical state machine). Developers were tasked to manually map a diverse set of animations to their target states, allowing the character to react accordingly to different scenarios that may happen during runtime. This method does not adapt well to development changes, adding a new state might result in significant modifications on the existing state graph. To address this problem, motion matching was proposed by Büttner & Clavet (2015), which opens the possibility of using unstructured animation data. This method performs a search from a large database to find an animation sequence that best fit the current context, namely, the current pose and the current trajectory of the character.

In recent years, deep learning techniques such as the Transformer neural network has proven to be capable of learning large unstructured data and construct pattern to perform human level complex tasks such as language translation (Vaswani et al., 2017). This ability

maps surprisingly well to the animation problem.

2. Problem Statement

The traditional approach of animation authoring for real-time interactive scenarios consists of the following steps:

- 1. Prepare a set of looping or one off animations.
- 2. Create a state machine that maps user intentions to the desired animations.

This approach is straightforward and simple to implement, however, it does not scale well and is not robust to changes. It also requires a huge amount of manual labor to develop a decent looking animation system.

3. Research Aims

The aim of this research is to explore the potential of deep learning techniques for producing character animation that can react naturally to dynamic and unpredictable factors such as terrain changes and user interactions.

4. Research Objectives

- 1. Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of different deep learning approaches in character animation.
- 2. Comparison of different deep learning techniques for character animation.
- Exploring ways for incorporating this technique into real+time application development.

5. Research Questions

- 1. How does deep learning contribute to the enhancement of character animation in interactive environments?
- 2. What are the types of deep learning techniques for character animation?
- 3. What is the impact of deep learning in realtime interactive character animation industry?

6. Research Significance

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7. Overview of the Proposed System

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8. Conclusion

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