# National University of Singapore School of Computing

**Assignment 1** (8 Marks)

Sem 2 AY22/23

#### **Submission Deadline**

17<sup>th</sup> Feb (Friday) 11:59 pm. 2 marks penalty will be imposed on late submission (Late submission refers to submission or re-submission after the deadline). The submission folder will be closed on 24<sup>th</sup> Feb (Friday) 11:59 pm.

## **Objectives**

CS2105

In this assignment, you will implement a client which would hack into a server that communicates using an HTTP-like protocol. After completing this assignment, you should

- be able to implement a simple TCP-based client, and
- have a good understanding of communication protocols.
- have a good understanding of FSM.

## **Group Work**

All the work in this assignment should be done individually. However, if you find the assignment too difficult,

- you are allowed to form a group with another student
- maximum two students per group.
- Group submission is subject to 2 marks penalty for each student.

Under no circumstances should you solve it in a group and then submit it as an individual solution. This is considered plagiarism. There will be no acceptance for excuses such as forgetting to declare as group submission. Please refer to the "Special Instructions for Group Submission" and "Plagiarism Warning" on page 3 for more details.

# Grading

- We accept submission only of Python 3 (3.8.10 in particular) programs.
- Programming languages other than Python 3 are not allowed.
- We will test and grade your programs on the stu server. Please make sure that your programs run properly on stu and not only on your own system.

- By default, we use the python3 program installed in folder /usr/bin/python3 on stu for grading. Unless stated otherwise for individual tasks, you are allowed to use libraries installed in public folders of stu (e.g. /usr/lib) only.
- Your programs will be graded automatically using scripts.
  - Please make sure that your programs behave exactly the same as described in this document, because the grading scripts are unable to award partial marks.
- A set of testing scripts is released to you in the assignment package.
  - These test scripts cover common cases that your programs are expected to handle.
  - During actual grading, we will use extra cases to test your programs. Hence, passing all the released test cases does not guarantee that you will get full marks.
  - In addition, we will detect fraudulent cases such as hard-coding answers within programs and deduct marks accordingly.

We will deduct 1 mark for failure to follow instructions.

## **Testing Your Program**

To test your program, please use your SoC UNIX ID and password to log on to stu as instructed on Assignment 0 paper.

 Your program should receive one command-line argument which is the student\_key as the following command shows:

```
python3 Hacker-A0165432X.py <student key>
```

- The 6 digit <student\_key> has already been mailed to you (kindly check your spam folder).
- Note that your program should not read from stdin. Your program can print anything to stdout or stderr, and our test script will silently ignore them.
- We also release a set of grading scripts to you under the test folder. There is no hidden test cases during grading. However, passing all the test cases does not guarantee that you will get full marks.
- To use the grading script, please upload your program along with the test folder given in the package to stu. Make sure that your program and the test folder are in the same directory. Then, you can run the following command to test your server program:

```
bash test/Hacker.sh <student key>
```

• If you ever encounter this error: **tput: unknown terminal "xterm-256color"** when testing your program using script provided, run the command:

```
export TERM=xterm
```

once after you log in and before you run Hacker.sh.

All of you will be connecting to a single server, hence start the assignment early to avoid "congestion" during last few days.

## **Program Submission**

- For individual submission, please name your single source file as
  Hacker-<Matric number>.py and submit it to
  Assignment\_1 on canvas.
- Here, <Matric number> is your matriculation number which starts with letter A. An example file name would be Hacker-A0165432X.py.
- Note that file names are case-sensitive on stu.
- Although we always try to find your actual source files during grading. You are encouraged to submit only once, or otherwise only your latest submission will be graded.

You are not allowed to post your solutions to any publicly accessible site on the Internet.

## **Special Instructions for Group Submission**

- For group submission, please include matriculation numbers of both students in the file name, i.e. Hacker-<Matric number 1>-<Matric number 2>.py. An example file name would be Hacker-A0165432X-A0123456Y.py.
- For each group, there should be one designated member who submits the file, to avoid problems caused by multiple branches within a group.
- **Do not change the designated submitter!** If the group needs to upload a new version, it should be done by the same designated submitter as well.

# **Plagiarism Warning**

You are free to discuss this assignment with your friends. However, you should refrain from sharing your program, program fragments, or detailed algorithms with others. If you want to solve this assignment in a group, please do so and **declare it as group work**.

We employ zero-tolerance policy against plagiarism. If a suspicious case is found, student would be asked to explain his/her code to the evaluator in face. Confirmed breach may result in zero mark for the assignment and further disciplinary action from the school.

#### **Question & Answer**

If you have any doubts on this assignment, please post your questions on piazza before consulting the teaching team. However, the teaching team will NOT debug programs for students and we provide support for language-specific questions as a best-effort service. The intention of Q&A is to help clarify misconceptions or give you necessary directions.

#### **FAQ**

We will collate your questions here: link

### **The Hacker**

In this assignment, you will be hacking into server 172.28.176.63 running a TCP server on port 4444.

- The server has 8 files protected by different passwords
- Each password is 4 digits long (0000-9999)
- You need to
  - connect to the server with a handshake
  - guess the correct password
  - login
  - get the file
  - calculate the hexadecimal MD5 hash of the file
  - write the hash on the server
  - logout
- You earn 1 mark per correct hash written on the server.
- Forgot to mention; the sever really hates making friends. It will timeout a connection in 40 seconds. So you have 40 seconds to steal all the files.

#### The Protocol

Except for the "file contents", all messages are strings encoded in utf-8.

## Request Messages

- These are messages sent from the client to the server
- All messages have a 5-byte "method" field, followed by a content

Method	Content	Interpretation	Server Action/Response
STID_	6-byte <student_ key&gt;</student_ 	Handshake	This is the first handshake message sent by the client to the server. If the <student_key> is valid server responds with code 200 If not, the server disconnects.</student_key>
LGIN_	4-byte <password></password>	Login request	If one of the 8 valid passwords, the sever responds with code 201_ and gives access to the stored file. If the password is invalid, you get code 403_
LOUT_	-	Logout request	If the client is already logged in, the server logs the client out of the file access and responds with code 202 Now the client is free to initiate a new login.
GET	-	Request to get the file data in raw binary for- mat	If the client is already logged in, the server will respond with code 100_, followed by the file content (to be described later).
PUT	32-byte hexadeci- mal hash of the cor- responding file	Request to write the "hash" corresponding to the file content	The server would verify the correctness of the hash. If correct, the server responds with code 203_ and 404_ if incorrect.
BYE	-	Final message, goodbye	Connection closed

Table 1: Request Message

Code	Interpretation		
100_	File data		
200_	Handshake successful		
201_	Login successful		
202_	Logout successful		
203_	Hash Matched		
401_	Invalid Student_Key Handshake failure		
400	Invalid Operation, client request in violation of the		
402_	current server state.		
403_	Invalid Password		
404_	Invalid Hash		
40E	Permission Denied, the client tried to get a file with-		
405_	out login.		
106	Invalid Request from the client. The Method in the		
406_	request message is invalid.		

Table 2: Response Message

## Response Messages

- These are messages sent from the server to the client
- All messages have a 4-byte "code" field
- Response code 100\_ corresponds to the file data. It is followed by the file content in the format <length>\_<data>.
  - e.g 100\_5\_ABCDE
  - Note, data content is not in string format. It is the binary file content.

#### The Server

The best way to understand the server is through the FSM.

#### **Common Errors/Issues**

- The request codes are case-sensitive
- To generate the MD5 hash you may use str(hashlib.md5(data).hexdigest())
- It is necessary to detect disconnection events reliably. If the bytes object returned by recv() is of zero length, then no more data could be recv()'ed from the connection.
- Like in the case of Assignment 0, ensure that you handle header and the data separately

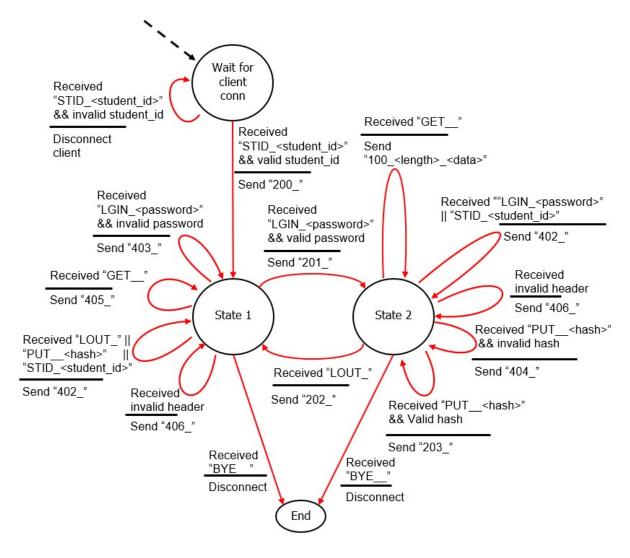


Figure 1: Server FSM.

- Like in the case of Assignment 0, file data is to be treated as raw bytes (hence do not "decode" it).
- Print your debug messages to stdout, we have redirected stderr to a temporary file, hence you will not see the printed message.
- There is a low possibility that the Server gets overloaded. So start the assignment early to avoid "congestion" during last few days.