WAD Lab Test 1 (1.5 hours)

[20 marks]

General Instructions:

- You can refer to any offline resources already on your laptop, but you must disable all networking and Bluetooth connections during the test. You must not communicate with anyone via any means during the test.
- Just before the test, you will be given instructions by the invigilator as to how to obtain resource files required for the lab test and how to submit your solutions.
- No questions will be entertained during the test. If necessary, make your own assumptions and document them as comments in the submitted HTML or PHP files.
- You are allowed to use only standard PHP classes and functions in your solutions do not use any third-party libraries.
- Use meaningful names for classes, methods, functions and variables, as well as indent your code correctly. Use 4 spaces for indentation. Otherwise, you may attract penalty of up to **20%** of your score for the corresponding question.
- You MUST include your name as author in the comments of all your submitted source files. Failure to do so
 WILL attract a penalty of up to 20% of your score for the corresponding question.

For example, if your registered name is "TAN Haoye" and email ID is tan.haoye.2020, include the following comment at the beginning of each source file you write.

```
<!--
Name: TAN Haoye
Email: tan.haoye.2020
-->
```

• You may wish to comment out the parts in your code which cause errors. But commented code will not be marked.

DO NOT TURN OVER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

Question 1 (Difficulty Level: */*)

[6 marks]

Given:

q1/
 o q1.html (Modify this file)
 o q1.php (Modify this file)

Part A [2 marks] - Difficulty Level (*)

Modify q1.html such that it displays a form as shown below:

Name:
Email:
D 6 1/1 1
Preferred Tracks:
☐ Business Analytics
Digitalisation
☐ Financial Technology
Cybersecurity
Submit

Instructions:

- 1. The form contains "Name" and "Email" input fields. It also contains checkboxes for selecting "Preferred Tracks" options.
- 2. Upon clicking the "Submit" button, name, email and the values corresponding to the selected checkboxes are sent to q1.php via HTTP GET
 - a. You must use relative path

Note: You are free to decide any names for your form components.

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 2 of 10

Part B [4 marks] – Difficulty Level (*)

Modify ${\tt q1.php}$ such that it performs form processing as shown below:

q1.html	q1.php			
When user enters name and email and click "Submit" button without selecting any option:				
Name: SharK Email: shark@smu.edu.sg Preferred Tracks: Business Analytics Digitalisation Financial Technology Cybersecurity Submit	No track selected			
When user enters name and email, selects "Digitalisation	" and "Cybersecurity" options, and click "Submit" button:			
Name: SharK Email: shark@smu.edu.sg Preferred Tracks: Business Analytics Digitalisation Financial Technology Cybersecurity Submit	Name Email Preferred Tracks SharK shark@smu.edu.sg Digitalisation Cybersecurity			
When user enters name and email, selects "Business Analytics", "Digitalisation", and "Financial Technology" options, and clicks "Submit" button:				
Name: SharK Email: shark@smu.edu.sg Preferred Tracks: Business Analytics Digitalisation Financial Technology Cybersecurity Submit	Name Email Preferred Tracks			

Instructions:

- 1. ql.php validates that at least one checkbox in ql.html is selected. Otherwise, it prints the message "No track selected". You may assume that the user always enters "Name" and "Email".
- 2. Use "border=1" for the table. Use the element for table headers.

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 3 of 10

Question 2: (Difficulty Level: */**)

[8 marks]

Given:

```
• q2/
• images/* (There are 2 JPG image files)
• q2.html (Modify this file)
• q2_process.php (Modify this file)
```

Part A [2 marks] - Difficulty Level (*)

Complete "Options" table in q2.html such that it displays:



Instructions:

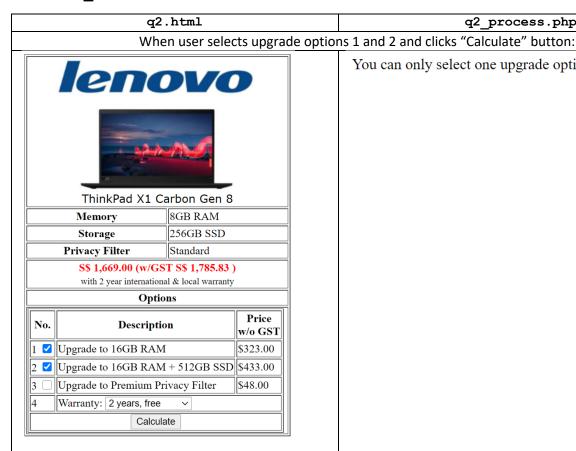
- 1. The table contains:
 - Checkboxes for upgrade options 1, 2, and 3.
 - The **values** of the three upgrade options are 0, 1, and 2 respectively.
 - A drop down list for Warranty with options: "2 years, free" or "3 years, \$168.00".
 - The values for the two warranty options are 2 and 3 respectively.
 - A submit button "Calculate"
- 2. Upon clicking the submit button "Calculate", it submits to **q2_process.php** via HTTP **POST**.

Note: You are free to decide any names for your form components.

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 4 of 10

Part B [6 marks] - Difficulty Level (*/**)

Complete q2 process.php such that it performs form processing as shown below:



You can only select one upgrade option from 1-2

q2 process.php

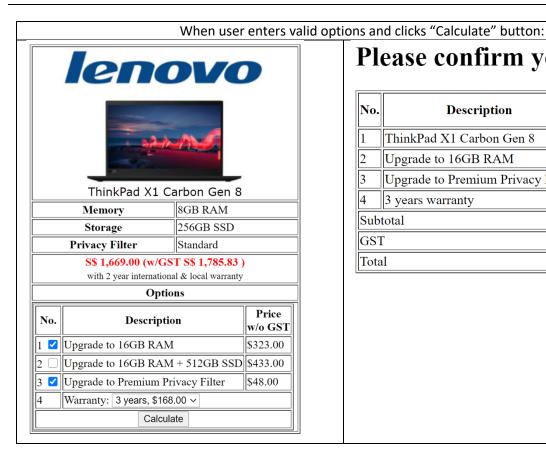
When user directly clicks "Calculate" button:



Please confirm your selection

No.	Description	Price w/o GST
1	ThinkPad X1 Carbon Gen 8	\$1,669.00
2	2 years warranty	\$0.00
Subtotal		\$1,669.00
GST		\$116.83
Tota	1	\$1,785.83

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 5 of 10



Please confirm your selection

No.	Description	Price w/o GST
1	ThinkPad X1 Carbon Gen 8	\$1,669.00
2	Upgrade to 16GB RAM	\$323.00
3	Upgrade to Premium Privacy Filter	\$48.00
4	3 years warranty	\$168.00
Sub	total	\$2,208.00
GST		\$154.56
Tota	1	\$2,362.56

Instructions:

- If a user selects both upgrade options 1 and 2, display: "You can only select one upgrade option from 1-2".
- Otherwise, print the selected options and their corresponding prices into a table by making use of \$upgrade info and \$warranty info arrays provided in q2 process.php.

The table must also contain subtotal, GST, and total prices. You need to:

- Calculate the subtotal of the base price (1669.00) and selected options.
- Calculate the GST amount based on the subtotal. GST is 7% of the subtotal.
- Calculate the total amount.
- Use number format () to format the price to display up to two decimal digits

Note:

- Use <h1> for "Please confirm your selection".
- You can hardcode the description of the laptop ("ThinkPad X1 Carbon Gen 8") and its base price ("\$1,669.00"), but **not** the others (e.g., GST price, etc.).
- If q2 process.php is visited without going through q2.html, redirect to q2.html. Use header()

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 6 of 10

Question 3 (Difficulty Level **/***)

[6 marks]

Given:

```
• q3/
o images/g1/* (There are 3 JPG image files)
o images/g2/* (There are 3 JPG image files)
o images/g3/* (There is 1 JPG image file)
o sample_test_q3.php
o q3.php (Modify this file)
```

- 1. q3.php shows man and woman pairs of images from different groups.
- 2. In q3.php, you are given \$groups, which is an associative array where:

Key	Value
Group ID	Indexed array containing a set of person IDs
(e.g. "g1")	(e.g. ['w1', 'm1', 'm2'])
	where
	 a person could be a man or a woman.
	 a woman's ID always starts with the prefix w
	 a man's ID name always starts with the prefix m

3. In q3.php, you are also given \$ratings, which is an associative array where:

Key	Value
ID of a person (e.g. "w1")	The rating of the person (e.g. 9)

Note

- You may create additional helper functions (i.e. your own additional functions that perform a part of the computation) in q3.php as you deem fit.
- Use \$groups and \$ratings given in your q3.php to test your code against the examples given.
- We will be using a script to automatically test your q3.php file. We will use \$groups and \$ratings containing data different from the ones given in q3.php
- You may assume that the test data we use will have a similar data structure as the ones given in q3.php.
- To test your code, you may also use the sample test script sample_test_q3.php, which contains five test cases each for Part A and Part B. If you run sample_test_q3.php in the browser and it will report whether each of the test cases passes or fails.

Part A [2 marks] - Difficulty Level (**)

- 1. You are to implement the function generatePairs (\$groups).
- 2. The function returns \$pairs, which is a multi-dimensional array, an (indexed) array of indexed arrays. It represents all possible pairs of a man and a woman from different groups, according to the data defined in \$groups.

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 7 of 10

For example, given,

The function returns \$pairs as:

Note:

- You may assume that \$groups data passed to the function is valid. That is, error checking of \$groups variable is NOT required.
- You may assume that each person belongs to only one group.
- 3. Each element (indexed array), e.g. ["m3", "w1"], of \$pairs must satisfy the following conditions:
 - a. It contains exactly two elements of String data type; the first element is the ID of a man and the second element is the ID of a woman. Therefore, it represents a pair of a man and a woman.

Note: The first element always represents the man. The second element always represents the woman.

- b. The man and the woman in each pair belong to **different groups defined in \$groups** ("g1", "g2", etc.). For example, "m3" belongs to "g2" and "w1" belongs to "g1". They cannot be from the same group.
- 4. The elements of \$pairs can be in any order. For example, both [['m1', 'w2'], ['m1', 'w3']] and [['m1', 'w3'], ['m1', 'w2']] are accepted.
- 5. **Duplicate elements** in \$pairs are not allowed. For example, [['m1', 'w2'], ['m1', 'w2']] is incorrect.

See the examples below.

```
Given $groups
                                 The function returns $pairs as:
  "g1" => ['w1', 'm1'],
                                     ['m1', 'w2'], ['m1', 'w3']
  "q2" => ['w2', 'w3']
  "g1" => ['w1', 'm1', 'm2'],
                                     ['m3', 'w1'], ['m1', 'w2'], ['m1', 'w3'],
  "q2" => ['w2', 'w3', 'm3']
                                     ['m2', 'w2'], ['m2', 'w3']
                                 1
                                 [
                                     ['m2', 'w4'], ['m3', 'w4']
  "g1" => ['m2'],
  "q2" => ['m3'],
                                 ]
  "q3" => ['w4']
```

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 8 of 10

```
[
   "g1" => ['w1', 'm1', 'm2'],
   "g2" => ['m3'],
   "g3" => ['w4']
]

[
   "g1" => ['w4']
]

[
   "g1" => ['w1', 'm1', 'm2'],
   "g2" => ['w2', 'w3', 'm3'],
   "g3" => ['w4']
]

[
   "g1" => ['w1', 'm1', 'm2'],
   "g2" => ['w2', 'w3', 'm3'],
   "g3" => ['w4']
]
```

Hint:

- use array keys () to obtain the keys from the associative array
- use array merge() to merge arrays
- You may run sample test q3.php to test the correctness of your implementation

Part B [4 marks] - Difficulty Level (***)

- 1. You are to implement the function sortPairs_addGroup(\$pairs, \$groups, \$ratings). \$pairs is the same data returned by the function generatePairs.
- 2. You may assume that \$pairs, \$groups, \$ratings data passed to the function is valid. Error checking of those variables is NOT required.
- 3. Firstly, the function sorts the pairs in **descending order**, according to the combined rating of man and woman.

For example, given

The combined rating of the first pair ['m1', 'w2'] is 16. The combined rating of the second pair ['m1', 'w3'] is 17. Hence, the sorted result is

```
$sortedPairs = [ ['m1', 'w3'], ['m1', 'w2'] ]
```

Note:

You may assume that no pair has the same combined rating value.

2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 9 of 10

4. Next, for each person ID in the sorted pairs, the function **prefixes with the corresponding group ID** in the format of 'groupID/personID'

For example, given

The group IDs are attached as follows:

```
sortedPairs addedGroup = [ ['g1/m1', 'g2/w3'], ['g1/m1', 'g2/w2'] ]
```

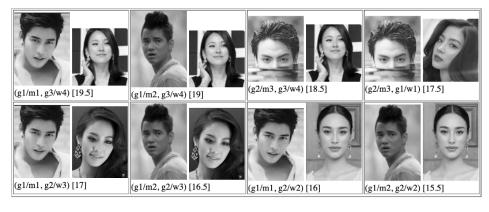
5. The function returns \$sortedPairs addedGroup

Hint:

- use arsort () to sort the associative array in descending order, according to the value.
- alternatively, use krsort () to sort the associative array in descending order, according to the key.
- use in array() to search for a value in the given array.
- You may run sample_test_q3.php to test the correctness of your implementation

If the functions <code>generatePairs</code> and <code>sortPairs_addGroup</code> are implemented correctly, your <code>q3.php</code> should display the following in the browser:

Sorted Celebrity Pairs According to Their Combined Ratings



2020-21/IS113/Lab Test 1 Page 10 of 10