

# COMPUTER NETWORKS LAB SEVEN REPORT



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# Lab 7: Configure RIP Version 1 (RIPv1) on Cisco Packet Tracer

## **Objective:**

This lab focuses on configuring Routing Information Protocol (RIP) Version 1 (RIPv1) on a router to allow dynamic routing between multiple devices. RIP helps routers exchange routing table information, enabling them to adapt to changes in the network topology.

### **Network Design:**

- 1. **Devices**:
  - o 2 Router 1941
  - o 2 Cisco Switch 2960
  - o 4 PC-PT
- 2. Network Topology:
  - o Router 1 (R1) connected to Switch 1 (SW1)
  - o Router 2 (R2) connected to Switch 2 (SW2)
  - o PC1 and PC2 connected to SW1
  - o PC3 and PC4 connected to SW2
  - o R1 and R2 connected via a Serial DCE-DTE cable

### **Procedure:**

### **Step 1: Configure Network Addresses**

- PC1: 192.168.10.1 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0)
- **PC2**: 192.168.10.2 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0)
- **PC3**: 192.168.20.1 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0)
- PC4: 192.168.20.2 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0)
- R1 Serial Interface: 10.0.0.1 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.252)
- **R2** Serial Interface: 10.0.0.2 (Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.252)

### **Step 2: Configure the Routers**

### 1. Access Router R1 CLI:

- Press Enter to start.
- Type enable to activate privileged mode.
- o Type config t to enter global configuration mode.

### 2. Configure R1 Interfaces:

• Configure the **Serial 0/0/0** interface:

interface Serial0/0/0 ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

• Configure the **GigabitEthernet 0/0** interface connected to **SW1**:

interface GigabitEthernet0/0 ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0 no shutdown

### 3. Access Router R2 CLI:

- Press **Enter** to start.
- Type enable to activate privileged mode.
- Type config t to enter global configuration mode.

### 4. Configure R2 Interfaces:

Configure the **Serial 0/0/0** interface:

interface Serial0/0/0

ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.252

no shutdown

Configure the **GigabitEthernet 0/0** interface connected to **SW2**:

interface GigabitEthernet0/0

ip address 192.168.20.1 255.255.255.0

no shutdown

### **Step 3: Configure RIP on the Routers**

### 1. Configuring RIP on R1:

o Enter global configuration mode and enable RIP:

config t

```
router rip
```

version 1

network 192.168.10.0

network 10.0.0.0

### **Configuring RIP on R2**:

• Enter global configuration mode and enable RIP:

config t

router rip

version 1

network 192.168.20.0

network 10.0.0.0

### **Step 4: Configuring PCs**

### 1. **PC1 Configuration**:

o Go to the **desktop** of PC1, select **IP Configuration**, and assign:

IP Address: 192.168.10.1Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0Default Gateway: 192.168.10.1

### 2. PC2 Configuration:

IP Address: 192.168.10.2
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway: 192.168.10.1

### 3. **PC3 Configuration**:

IP Address: 192.168.20.1
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway: 192.168.20.1

### 4. PC4 Configuration:

IP Address: 192.168.20.2
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway: 192.168.20.1

### **Step 5: Verify Configuration**

### 1. Ping Between PCs:

- o On **PC1**, open the command prompt and type ping 192.168.20.1. You should receive successful responses.
- o Similarly, ping between PC2 and PC3 to verify end-to-end connectivity.

### 2. Check RIP Routing Tables:

o On **R1** CLI, type show ip route to verify that the routes learned via RIP are visible in the routing table.

### **Step 6: Save the Configuration**

1. Save the router configuration:

copy running-config startup-config

### **Conclusion:**

By completing this lab, we successfully configured RIP Version 1 on two routers, enabling dynamic routing between two LANs. The routers shared their routing tables, allowing PCs from one network to communicate with PCs from another network.

### **Screenshot:**

