

▼ Capsule 3

Q1) Write a Python program to initialize a 3x3 NumPy array with any integer values of your choice. Then, perform the following operations:
Multiply the entire array by 2. Add 5 to each element of the array. Calculate the square of each element in the array. Print the original array and the results of each operation.

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 arr=np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
4 arr1=arr*2
5 arr2=arr+5
6 arr3=arr**2
7 print("original array:\n", arr,"\n")
8 print("arr*2:\n ",arr1," \n")
9 print("arr+5:\n ",arr2," \n")
10 print("arr**2:\n ",arr3," \n")
```

original array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

arr*2:
[[2 4 6]
 [8 10 12]
 [14 16 18]]

arr+5:
[[6 7 8]
 [9 10 11]
 [12 13 14]]

arr**2:
[[1 4 9]
 [16 25 36]
 [49 64 81]]

◆ What can I help you build?



Q2) Write a Python program to initialize a 3x3 NumPy array with any integer values of your choice. Then, perform the following slicing operations: Extract the first row of the array. Extract the last column of the array. Extract a 2x2 sub-array from the center of the original array.

```
[29] 1 import numpy as np
2
3 arr=np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
4
5 print("original array:\n", arr,"\n")
6 print(f"first row of the array:\n {arr[0,:]} \n")
7 print(f"last column of the array:\n {arr[:,2]} \n")
8 print(f"2*2 subarray from the center of the original array:\n {arr[1:3,1:3]} \n")
```

original array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

first row of the array:
[1 2 3]

last column of the array:
[3 6 9]

2*2 subarray from the center of the original array:
[[2 3]
 [5 6]]

Q3) Write a program to create a DataFrame in Python to store the names and marks of 10 students. Each row of the DataFrame should represent a student, with columns as 'Name' and 'Marks'. Populate the DataFrame with appropriate data and then print it.

```
▶ 1 import pandas as pd
 2
 3 data={
 4     'Name': ['priya','niraj','Niyati','Nisha','kunj','tanvi','diya','hridya','keeru','fayzaa'],
 5     'Marks': [97,56,98,100,45,67,69,36,40,98]
 6 }
 7 df=pd.DataFrame( data )
 8 print(df)

→  Name Marks
 0  priya    97
 1  niraj    56
 2  Niyati   98
 3  Nisha    100
 4  kunj     45
 5  tanvi    67
 6  diya     69
 7  hridya   36
 8  keeru    40
 9  fayzaa   98
```

Q4) Write a python program to create a DataFrame representing the names and income of 5 employees. The DataFrame should include columns 'Employee_name' and 'Income', and each row should correspond to an individual employee. Use the indices 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', and 'e' for the DataFrame entries to uniquely identify each employee.

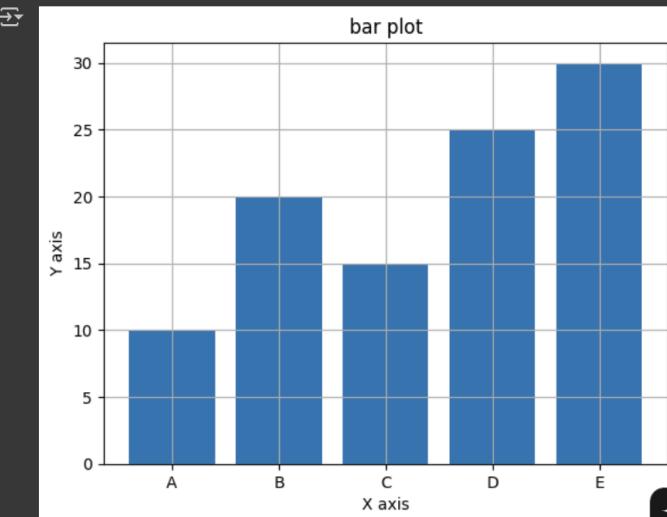
```
[33] 1 import pandas as pd
 2
 3 data={
 4     "Employee_Name": ['samji','dinesh','divy','niyati','nisha'],
 5     "income": [10000,30000,60000,40000,20000]
 6 }
 7 df=pd.DataFrame(data,index=['a','b','c','d','e'])
 8 print(df)

→ Employee_Name  income
 a      samji  10000
 b      dinesh  30000
 c      divy   60000
 d      niyati  40000
 e      nisha   20000
```

Q5) Imagine you're tasked with visualizing data using Python. You have the following dataset representing the frequency of occurrences for categories A, B, C, D, and E, stored in two lists: x = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E'] y = [10, 20, 15, 25, 30] Write a Python script that creates a bar plot to visualize this data. The categories A, B, C, D, and E should be displayed on the x-axis, while the corresponding frequencies should be displayed on the y-axis.

+ Code + Text

```
[36] 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2
3 x=['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E']
4 y= [10, 20, 15, 25, 30]
5
6 plt.bar(x,y)
7 plt.xlabel("X axis")
8 plt.ylabel("Y axis")
9 plt.title("bar plot")
10 plt.grid()
11 plt.show()
```



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