# A Type Theory for Comprehension Categories with Applications to Subtyping

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Proofs and Algorithms seminar, École Polytechnique 24 March, 2025

The "semantics" arrow does not use all the features of  $\mathcal{L}$ 

#### Two options:

- 1. Restrict the comprehension categories: usually done
- 2. Make the type theory more expressive: CCTT

- 1. Design rules of a type theory which reflect the structure of comprehension categories
- 2. Prove soundness by giving an interpretation of the type theory in any comprehension category
- Extend Coraglia and Emmenegger's work [CE24] by giving rules that capture coercive subtyping
- 4. Develop rules for  $\Pi$ -,  $\Sigma$  and Id-types and give soundness results wrt each suitable semantic structure
- 5. Extend the rules with subtyping for type formers
- 6. Define suitable semantic structure for subtyping for each type former and show soundness wrt to these

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#### Outline

1. Review: MLTT and Comprehension Categories

2. Our Work: Core Syntax CCTT

3. CCTT Captures Subtyping

4. Extending CCTT with Subtyping for Type Formers

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### **MLTT**

### An intuitionistic theory of types

**Per Martin-Löf**Department of Mathematics, University of Stockholm

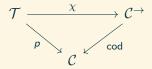
### From "Syntax and Semantics of Dependent Types"1:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Martin Hofmann. *Syntax and Semantics of Dependent Types*. Publications of the Newton Institute. Cambridge University Press, 1997.

### Comprehension Categories

#### Comprehension Category [Jac93, Definition 4.1]

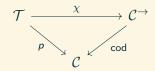
A comprehension category consists of a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , a (cloven) fibration  $p:\mathcal{T}\to\mathcal{C}$ , and a functor  $\chi:\mathcal{T}\to\mathcal{C}^\to$  preserving cartesian arrows, such that the following diagram commutes.



A comprehension category is *full* if  $\chi$  is full and faithful. A comprehension category is *split* if p is a split fibration.

Full split comprehension categories are models for MLTT.

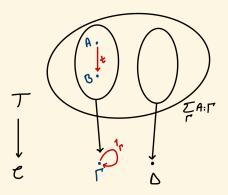
### Comprehension Categories



- 1. C: category of contexts and context morphisms
- 2. Fibre  $\mathcal{T}_{\Gamma}$ : category of types in context  $\Gamma$
- 3. Substitution is captured by the reindexing functors
- 4. Extended context  $\Gamma.A$  is given by dom  $\circ \chi : A \mapsto \Gamma.A$
- 5.  $\Gamma \vdash t : A$  is interpreted as sections of  $\chi(A) : \Gamma . A \to \Gamma$  in C

## Vertical Morphisms

What about morphisms in a fibre  $\mathcal{T}_{\Gamma}$ ?



#### Outline

1. Review: MLTT and Comprehension Categories

2. Our Work: Core Syntax CCTT

3. CCTT Captures Subtyping

4. Extending CCTT with Subtyping for Type Formers

#### CCTT: Goal

Goal: Design rules that reflect all structure of (not-necessarily full) comprehension categories.

# **CCTT**: Judgements

- 1. Γ ctx
- 2.  $\Gamma \vdash s : \Delta$
- 3.  $\Gamma \vdash s \equiv s' : \Delta$
- 4.  $\Gamma \vdash A$  type
- 5.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t : B$
- 6.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t \equiv t' : B$

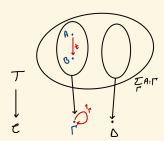
### CCTT: Judgements

- 1. Γ ctx
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- 5.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t : B$
- 6.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t \equiv t' : B$

 $\Gamma \vdash t : A \& \Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : A \text{ in MLTT}$ 

# CCTT: Judgements

- 1. Γ ctx
- 2. Γ ⊢ *s* : Δ
- 3.  $\Gamma \vdash s \equiv s' : \Delta$
- 4.  $\Gamma \vdash A$  type
- 5.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t : B$
- 6.  $\Gamma | A \vdash t \equiv t' : B$



Judgement 5: a morphism  $[\![t]\!]:[\![A]\!] \to [\![B]\!]$  in the fibre  $\mathcal{T}_{[\![\Gamma]\!]}$ .

#### **CCTT**: Structural Rules

See the paper for the structural rules.

In the next section, we discuss some rules through the lens of subtyping.

#### **Theorem**

Every comprehension category models the rules of CCTT.

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# We Put Our Subtyping Glasses on



### Subtyping in CCTT

Coraglia and Emmenegger [CE24] observe that the vertical morphisms can be thought of as witnesses for coercive subtyping.

$$\Gamma | A \vdash t : B \longrightarrow \Gamma \vdash A \leq_t B$$

### Subtyping: Subsumption

#### Proposition (Subsumption)

From the rules of CCTT, we can derive the following rule.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash A \leq_t B \quad \Gamma \vdash a : A}{\Gamma \vdash \Gamma.t \circ a : B}$$



 $\Gamma$ .t is like a coercion function for  $A \leq_t B$ .

### Subtyping: Weakening and Substitution

We have the following rule in CCTT, which corresponds to substitution for subtyping.

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash A, B \text{ type } \Delta \vdash A \leq_t B \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash A[s] \leq_{t[s]} B[s]}$$

#### Proposition (Weakening for Subtyping)

From the rules of CCTT, we can derive the following rule.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A', B \text{ type } \Gamma \vdash A \leq_t A'}{\Gamma.B \vdash A[\pi_B] \leq_{t[\pi_B]} A'[\pi_{B'}]}$$

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### Subtyping for Type formers

- 1. Extend CCTT with a type former (e.g.  $\Sigma$ -types) and show soundness: naturally, no rules involving judgements of the form  $\Gamma \vdash A \leq_t B$  get added.
- 2. Extend CCTT with subtyping for the type former and show soundness: we see how through an example!

### Example: $\Sigma$ -types

Extend CCTT with  $\Sigma$ -types, e.g.:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_A B \text{ type}} \text{ sigma-form}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma.A.B \vdash \text{pair}_{\Sigma_A B} : \Gamma.\Sigma_A B} \text{ sigma-intro}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma.\Sigma_A B \vdash \text{proj}_{\Sigma_A B} : \Gamma.A.B} \text{ sigma-elim}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma.A.B \vdash \text{proj}_{\Sigma_A B} \circ \text{pair}_{\Sigma_A B}} \text{ sigma-beta-eta}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type}}{\Gamma.A.B \vdash \text{proj}_{\Sigma_A B} \circ \text{pair}_{\Sigma_A B}} \text{ sigma-beta-eta}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma.\Sigma_A B \vdash \text{pair}_{\Sigma_A B} \circ \text{proj}_{\Sigma_A B}}{\Gamma.\Sigma_A B \vdash \text{pair}_{\Sigma_A B} \circ \text{proj}_{\Sigma_A B}} \text{ sigma-beta-eta}$$
 
$$\frac{\Delta \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Delta.A \vdash B \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta}{\Gamma \mid \Sigma_{A[s]} B[s.A] \stackrel{\sim}{\vdash} i_{\Sigma_A B,s} : (\Sigma_A B)[s]} \text{ subst-sigma}$$

### Example: Subtyping for $\Sigma$ -types

1. We want to have the following rule:

 $\Sigma$  acts covariantly on both arguments.

### Example: Subtyping for $\Sigma$ -types

1. We want to have the following rule:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \Gamma \vdash A, A' \text{ type} & \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type} & \Gamma.A' \vdash B' \text{ type} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash A \leq_f A' & \Gamma.A \vdash B \leq_g B'[\Gamma.f] \\ \hline & \Gamma \vdash \Sigma_A B \leq_{\Sigma(f,g)} \Sigma_{A'} B' \\ \end{array}$$

 $\Sigma$  acts covariantly on both arguments.

2. The coercion function for  $\Sigma_A B \leq_{\Sigma(f,g)} \Sigma_{A'} B'$  should act as follows:

$$\Gamma.\Sigma_{A}B \xrightarrow{\mathsf{proj}_{\Sigma_{A}B}} \Gamma.A.B \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}g} \Gamma.A.B'[\chi_{0}f] \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}f.B'} \Gamma.A'.B' \xrightarrow{\mathsf{pair}_{\Sigma_{A'}B'}} \Gamma.\Sigma_{A'}B'$$

# Example: Subtyping for $\Sigma$ -types

1. We want to have the following rule:

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, A' \text{ type} \quad \Gamma.A \vdash B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma.A' \vdash B' \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A \leq_f A' \quad \Gamma.A \vdash B \leq_g B'[\Gamma.f]}$$
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_A B \leq_{\Sigma(f,g)} \Sigma_{A'} B'}{\Gamma \vdash \Sigma_A B \leq_{\Sigma(f,g)} \Sigma_{A'} B'}$$

 $\Sigma$  acts covariantly on both arguments.

2. The coercion function for  $\Sigma_A B \leq_{\Sigma(f,g)} \Sigma_{A'} B'$  should act as follows:

$$\Gamma.\Sigma_{A}B \xrightarrow{\operatorname{proj}_{\Sigma_{A}B}} \Gamma.A.B \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}g} \Gamma.A.B'[\chi_{0}f] \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}f.B'} \Gamma.A'.B' \xrightarrow{\operatorname{pair}_{\Sigma_{A'}B'}} \Gamma.\Sigma_{A'}B'$$

3. Rules for functoriality for  $\Sigma(-,-)$ 

# Comprehension Categories with Subtyping for $\Sigma$ -types

#### **Definition**

A comprehension category  $(\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{T}, p, \chi)$  has subtyping for  $\Sigma$ -types if it has dependent sums and is equipped with a function giving for each  $f: A \to A'$  in  $\mathcal{T}_{\Gamma}$  and  $g: B \to B'[\chi_0 f]$  in  $\mathcal{T}_{\Gamma.A}$ , a morphism

$$\Sigma_f g: \Sigma_A B \to \Sigma_{A'} B'$$

in  $\mathcal{T}_\Gamma$  such that: 1.  $\chi_0(\Sigma_f g)$  is the following composite

$$\Gamma.\Sigma_{A}B \xrightarrow{\operatorname{proj}_{\Sigma_{A}B}} \Gamma.A.B \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}g} \Gamma.A'.B'[\chi_{0}f] \xrightarrow{\chi_{0}f.B'} \Gamma.A'.B' \xrightarrow{\operatorname{pair}_{\Sigma_{A'}B'}} \Gamma.\Sigma_{A'}B'$$

$$2. \ \Sigma_{(-)}(-) \text{ preserves identities and composition}$$

#### Theorem

Any comprehension category with subtyping for  $\Sigma$ -types models CCTT extended with subtyping for  $\Sigma$ -types.

### Summary

- 1. We presented CCTT
- 2. CCTT captures coercive subtyping
- 3. We extended CCTT with  $\Pi$  (resp.  $\Sigma$ , Id) and subtyping for  $\Pi$  (resp.  $\Sigma$ , Id)
- 4. At each step we showed soundness wrt to the suitable semantic structure

Thank you for your attention!

#### References I

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#### Structural Rules: C

Structural rules regarding the category of contexts

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline \Gamma \ \text{ctx} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash 1_{\Gamma} : \Gamma \end{array} \ \text{ctx-mor-id} \quad \frac{\Gamma, \Delta, \Theta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash s' : \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash s' \circ s : \Theta} \ \text{ctx-mor-comp} \\ \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma, \Delta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash s \circ 1_{\Gamma} \equiv s : \Delta} \ \text{ctx-id-unit} \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash 1_{\Delta} \circ s \equiv s : \Delta \\ \hline \hline \Gamma \vdash s'' \circ (s' \circ s) \equiv (s'' \circ s') \circ s : \Phi \end{array} \ \text{ctx-comp-assoc}$$

#### Structural Rules: $\mathcal{T}$

Structural rules regarding the category of types

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A \operatorname{type}}{\Gamma \mid A \vdash 1_A : A} \operatorname{ty-mor-id}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B, C \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash t' : C}{\Gamma \mid A \vdash t' \circ t : C} \operatorname{ty-mor-comp}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \mid A \vdash t \circ 1_A \equiv t : B} \operatorname{ty-id-unit}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash t' : C \quad \Gamma \mid C \vdash t'' : D}{\Gamma \mid A \vdash t'' \circ (t' \circ t) \equiv (t'' \circ t') \circ t : D} \operatorname{ty-comp-assoc}$$

#### Structural Rules: Context Extension

Structural rules regarding context extension

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A \operatorname{type}}{\Gamma.A \operatorname{ctx}} \operatorname{ext-ty}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma.A \vdash \Gamma.t : \Gamma.B} \operatorname{ext-tm}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A \operatorname{type}}{\Gamma.A \vdash \Gamma.1_A \equiv 1_{\Gamma.A} : \Gamma.A} \operatorname{ext-id}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B, C \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash t' : C}{\Gamma.A \vdash \Gamma.(t' \circ t) \equiv \Gamma.t' \circ \Gamma.t : \Gamma.B} \operatorname{ext-comp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type}}{\Gamma.A \vdash \pi_A : \Gamma} \operatorname{ext-proj}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma.A \vdash \pi_B \circ \Gamma.t \equiv \pi_A : \Gamma} \operatorname{ext-coh}$$

### Structural Rules: Substitution (Part 1)

Structural rules regarding substitution

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \vdash A[s] \text{ type}} \text{ sub-ty} \quad \frac{\Delta \vdash A, B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \mid A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \mid A[s] \vdash t[s] : B[s]} \text{ sub-tm}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \text{ ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \mid A[s] \vdash 1_A[s]} \text{ sub-pres-id}}{\Gamma \mid A[s] \vdash 1_A[s] \equiv 1_{A[s]} : A[s]} \text{ sub-pres-comp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash A, B, C \text{ type} \quad \Delta \mid A \vdash t : B \quad \Delta \mid B \vdash t' : C}{\Gamma \mid A[s] \vdash (t' \circ t)[s] \equiv t'[s] \circ t[s] : C[s]} \text{ sub-pres-comp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \text{ ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \mid A[1_{\Gamma}] \stackrel{?}{\vdash} i_A^{id} : A} \text{ sub-id} \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash u : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash u' : \Theta \quad \Theta \vdash A \text{ type}}{\Gamma \mid A[u' \circ u] \stackrel{?}{\vdash} i_{A,u',u}^{comp} : A[u'][u]} \text{ sub-comp}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \text{ ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \text{ type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B}{\Gamma \mid A[1_{\Gamma}] \vdash t[1_{\Gamma}] \equiv i_B^{id^{-1}} \circ t \circ i_A^{id} : B[1_{\Gamma}]} \text{ sub-tm-id}}{\Gamma \mid A[u' \circ u] \vdash t[u' \circ u] \equiv i_{B,u',u}^{comp} \circ t[u'][u] \circ i_{A,u',u}^{comp} : B[u' \circ u]} \text{ sub-tm-comp}}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \mid A[u' \circ u] \vdash t[u' \circ u] \equiv i_{B,u',u}^{comp} \circ t[u'][u] \circ i_{A,u',u}^{comp} : B[u' \circ u]} \text{ sub-tm-comp}}{\Gamma \mid A[u' \circ u] \vdash t[u' \circ u] \equiv i_{B,u',u}^{comp} \circ t[u'][u] \circ i_{A,u',u}^{comp} : B[u' \circ u]}$$

### Structural Rules: Substitution (Part 2)

Structural rules regarding substitution

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \Gamma.A[s] \quad \Gamma \vdash \pi_{A[s]} \circ t \equiv 1_{\Gamma} : \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash (s,t) : \Delta.A} \operatorname{sub-proj}$$
 sub-proj 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta.A}{\Gamma \vdash p_2(s) : \Gamma.A[\pi_A \circ s]} \operatorname{sub-proj}$$
 
$$\Gamma \vdash \pi_{A[\pi_A \circ s]} \circ p_2(s) \equiv 1_{\Gamma} : \Gamma$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta.A}{\Gamma \vdash (\pi_A \circ s, p_2(s)) \equiv s : \Delta.A} \operatorname{sub-eta}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \Gamma.A[s] \quad \Gamma \vdash \pi_{A[s]} \circ t \equiv 1_{\Gamma} : \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash \pi_A \circ (s,t) \equiv s : \Delta}$$
 sub-beta 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \Gamma.A[s]}{\Gamma \vdash p_2(s,t) \equiv t : \Gamma.A[s]} \operatorname{sub-beta}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Delta \mid A \vdash t : B \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta}{\Gamma.A[s] \vdash \Gamma.t[s] \equiv p_2(\Delta.t \circ (s \circ \pi_{A[s]}, \Gamma.i_{A,s,\pi_{A[s]}}^{comp} [\pi_{A[s]}] \circ p_2(1_{\Gamma.A[s]}))) : \Gamma.B[s]} \operatorname{tm-sub-coh}$$

### Structural Rules: $\equiv$ (Part 1)

Structural rules regarding  $\equiv$  being a congruence relation

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash s \equiv s : \Delta} \ \text{ctx-eq-refl}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2 : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash s_2 \equiv s_1 : \Delta} \ \text{ctx-eq-sym}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2, s_3 : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash s_1 \equiv s_2 : \Delta} \ \text{ctx-eq-sym}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2, s_3 : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash s_1 \equiv s_3 : \Delta} \ \text{ctx-eq-trans}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta, \Theta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2 : \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash t \circ s_1 \equiv t \circ s_2 : \Theta} \ \text{ctx-comp-cong-1}$$
 
$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta, \Theta \ \text{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash t : \Delta \quad \Delta \vdash s_1, s_2 : \Theta}{\Gamma \vdash s_1 \circ t \equiv s_2 \circ t : \Theta} \ \text{ctx-comp-cong-2}$$

### Structural Rules: $\equiv$ (Part 2)

Structural rules regarding  $\equiv$  being a congruence relation

$$\frac{ \Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t : B}{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash t \equiv t : B} \operatorname{ty-eq-refl}$$
 
$$\frac{ \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1, t_2 : B \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1 \equiv t_2 : B}{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_2 \equiv t_1 : B} \operatorname{ty-eq-sym}$$
 
$$\frac{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1, t_2, t_3 : B \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1 \equiv t_2 : B \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_2 \equiv t_3 : B}{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1 \equiv t_3 : B} \operatorname{ty-eq-trans}$$
 
$$\frac{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash u_1, u_2 : B \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash v : C \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash u_1 \equiv u_2 : B}{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash v \circ u_1 \equiv v \circ u_2 : C} \operatorname{ty-comp-cong-1}$$
 
$$\frac{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash v : B \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash u_1, u_2 : C \quad \Gamma \mid B \vdash u_1 \equiv u_2 : C}{ \Gamma \mid A \vdash u_1 \circ v \equiv u_2 \circ v : C} \operatorname{ty-comp-cong-2}$$

### Structural Rules: $\equiv$ (Part 3)

Structural rules regarding  $\equiv$  being a congruence relation

$$\frac{\Gamma \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Gamma \vdash A, B \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1, t_2 : B \quad \Gamma \mid A \vdash t_1 \equiv t_2 : B}{\Gamma . A \vdash \Gamma . t_1 \equiv \Gamma . t_2 : \Gamma . B} \operatorname{ext-cong}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s : \Delta \quad \Delta \mid A \vdash t_1, t_2 : B \quad \Delta \mid A \vdash t_1 \equiv t_2 : B}{\Gamma \mid A[s] \vdash t_1[s] \equiv t_2[s] : B[s]} \operatorname{sub-cong-tm}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2 : \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1 \equiv s_2 : \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash t_1, t_2 : A[s] \quad \Gamma \vdash t_1 \equiv t_2 : A[s]}{\Gamma \vdash (s_1, t_1) \equiv (s_2, t_2) : \Delta . A} \operatorname{sub-ext-cong}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, \Delta \operatorname{ctx} \quad \Delta \vdash A \operatorname{type} \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1, s_2 : \Delta . A \quad \Gamma \vdash s_1 \equiv s_2 : \Delta . A}{\Gamma \vdash p_1(s_1) \equiv p_1(s_2) : \Delta} \operatorname{sub-proj-cong}$$

$$\Gamma \vdash p_2(s_1) \equiv p_2(s_2) : A[s]$$

### Structural Rules: $\equiv$ (Part 4)

Structural rules regarding there being no judgement for equality of types

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash u \equiv u' : \Delta}{\Gamma \mid A[u] \stackrel{\sim}{\vdash} i_{A,u,u'}^{\text{sub}} : A[u']} \text{ sub-cong}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \mid A[u'] \vdash i_{A,u,u'}^{\text{sub}-1} \equiv i_{A,u',u}^{\text{sub}} : A[u]}{\Gamma \mid A[u] \vdash i_{A,u,u}^{\text{sub}} \equiv 1_{A[u]} : A[u]} \text{ sub-cong-id}$$

$$\frac{\Delta \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash u : \Delta}{\Gamma \mid A[u] \vdash i_{A,u,u}^{\text{sub}} \equiv 1_{A[u]} : A[u]} \text{ sub-cong-id}$$

$$\frac{\Theta \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash t, t' : \Delta \qquad \Delta \vdash u : \Theta \qquad \Gamma \vdash t \equiv t' : \Delta}{\Gamma \mid A[u][t] \vdash i_{A,u,t'}^{\text{comp}} \circ i_{A,t,t'}^{\text{sub}} \equiv i_{A,u\circ t,u\circ t'}^{\text{sub}} \circ i_{A,u,t}^{\text{comp}} : A[u \circ t']} \text{ sub-cong-comp-1}$$

$$\frac{\Theta \vdash A \text{ type} \qquad \Gamma \vdash t : \Delta \qquad \Delta \vdash u, u' : \Theta \qquad \Gamma \vdash u \equiv u' : \Delta}{\Gamma \mid A[u][t] \vdash i_{A,u',t}^{\text{comp}} \circ i_{A,u,t'}^{\text{sub}} [t] \equiv i_{A,u\circ t,u'\circ t}^{\text{sub}} \circ i_{A,u,t}^{\text{comp}} : A[u' \circ t]} \text{ sub-cong-comp-2}$$