

Building A Park in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Kuala Lumpur a Metropolitan City

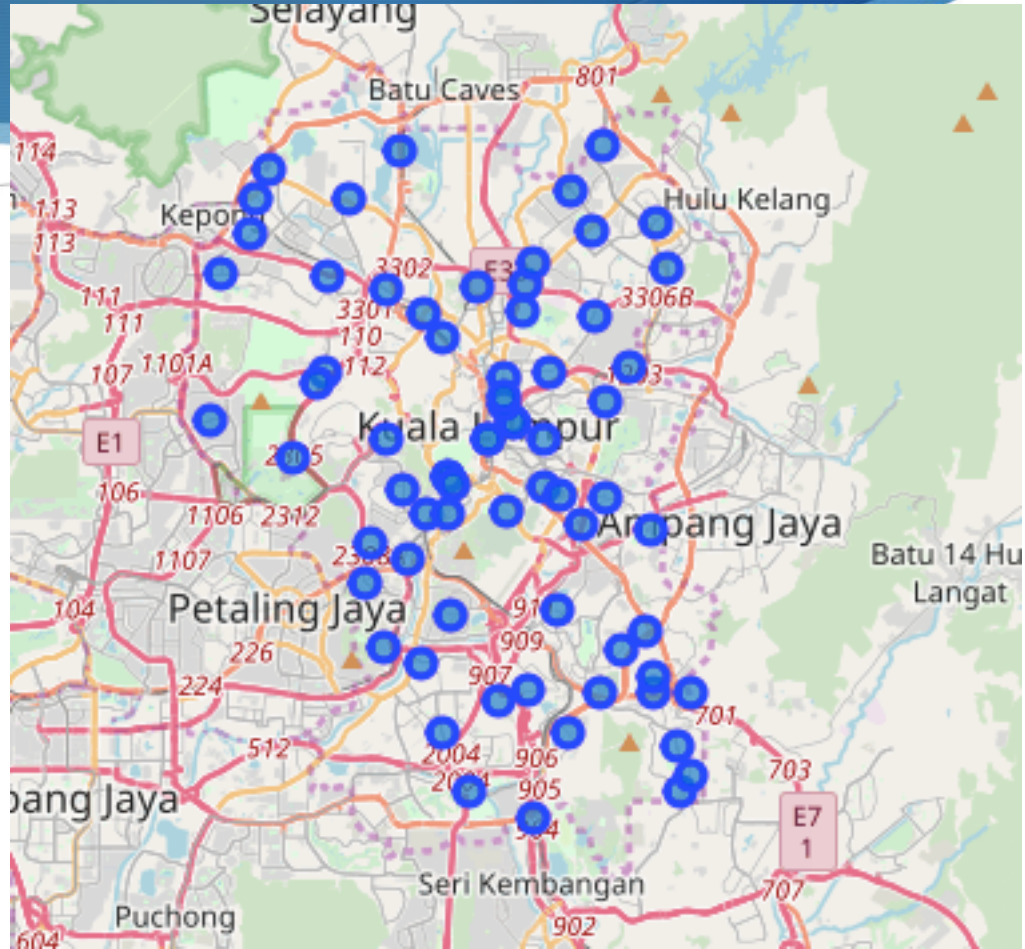
- ◆ A crowded and bustling of concrete city
 - ◆ Lead to increasing carbon emission rate
 - ◆ Physical and mental health of citizens
- ◆ Proposed solution : A green city
 - ◆ Build a green park

Data Acquisition

- ◆ List of Kuala Lumpur neighbourhoods
- ◆ Latitude and longitude of the neighbourhoods
- ◆ Venues data of each neighbourhoods
 - ◆ Related to build a park

Map the City of Kuala Lumpur

- Python BeautifulSoup library
 - Scrap the link from wikipedia
 - To acquired the list of neighbourhood
- Latitude and longitude of the neighbourhoods
 - Using Python request library and arcgis API
- Map the city of Kuala Lumpur
 - Using Folium Package from Python



Determine and Distinguish the neighbourhood

◆ Foursquare API

- ◆ Set to 2000 metre radius and limit to 100 venues
- ◆ Filtered the venue with “Park” category

◆ K-Mean Clustering

- ◆ Using $K = 3$; 3 group of clusters
- ◆ To determine the availability of park in each neighbourhood
- ◆ Create a new dataframe

	Neighbourhood	Latitude	Longitude	Cluster Labels	Park
0	Alam Damai	3.057690	101.743880	2	0.010000
1	Ampang, Kuala Lumpur	3.153153	101.700413	1	0.020000
2	Bandar Menjalara	3.190350	101.625450	1	0.040000
3	Bandar Sri Permaisuri	3.103910	101.712260	0	0.000000
4	Bandar Tasik Selatan	3.072750	101.714610	0	0.000000
5	Bandar Tun Razak	3.082800	101.722810	0	0.000000
6	Bangsar	3.129200	101.678440	0	0.000000

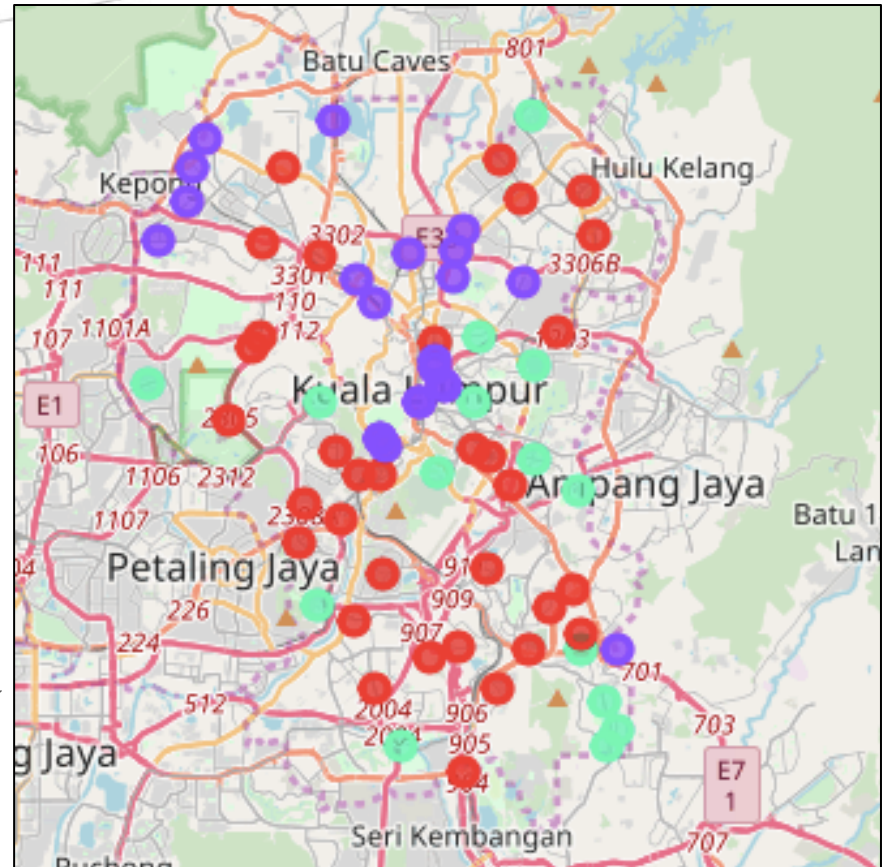
Result

- Refer to the map

- Red (cluster 0) :
 - do not have parks
- Purple (cluster 1) :
 - low number of parks
- Aqua (cluster 2) :
 - high number of parks

- South of Kuala Lumpur

- the most suitable place to built a park



Conclusion

- ◆ Create a model to find a suitable place to build a park in Kuala Lumpur
- ◆ Room for improvement in the future:
 - ◆ Other Data
 - ◆ Price of the land
 - ◆ Access to the place
 - ◆ Size of the land