

This *'ipynb'* file shows the data visualizations of US Presidential Elections in 2020 by County.

```
# connecting to Google Drive
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
%cd /content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county
```

Mounted at /content/drive
 [Errno 2] No such file or directory: '/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county'
 /content

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import geopandas as gpd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /2020_US_County_Level_Presidential_Results.csv")
```

```
# Fill empty spaces (NaN values) in the columns with 0
data.fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

```
# Save the updated CSV file
output_path = '/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /2020_US_County_Level_Presidential_Results_filled.csv'
data.to_csv(output_path, index=False)
```

```
print(f"File with filled spaces saved to: {output_path}")
```

File with filled spaces saved to: /content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /2020_US_County_Level_Presidential_Results_filled.csv

```
# load the new dataset
data = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /2020_US_County_Level_Presidential_Results_filled.csv")
```

```
data.head()
```

	year	county_fips	county_name	state	totalvotes	DEMOCRAT	GREEN	LIBERTARIAN	OTHER	REPUBLICAN	
0	2020	1001.0	AUTAUGA	ALABAMA	27770	7503	0.0	0.0	429.0	19838	
1	2020	1003.0	BALDWIN	ALABAMA	109679	24578	0.0	0.0	1557.0	83544	
2	2020	1005.0	BARBOUR	ALABAMA	10518	4816	0.0	0.0	80.0	5622	
3	2020	1007.0	BIBB	ALABAMA	9595	1986	0.0	0.0	84.0	7525	
4	2020	1009.0	BLOUNT	ALABAMA	27588	2640	0.0	0.0	237.0	24711	

Next steps:
 [Generate code with data](#)
[View recommended plots](#)
[New interactive sheet](#)

```
party_vote_columns = ['DEMOCRAT', 'REPUBLICAN', 'GREEN', 'LIBERTARIAN', 'OTHER']
total_votes_by_party = data[party_vote_columns].sum()
```

```
# percentage of votes for each party
total_votes = total_votes_by_party.sum()
percentage_by_party = (total_votes_by_party / total_votes) * 100
```

```
# Combine the total votes and percentages
results = pd.DataFrame({
    'Total Votes': total_votes_by_party,
    'Percentage (%)': percentage_by_party
})
```

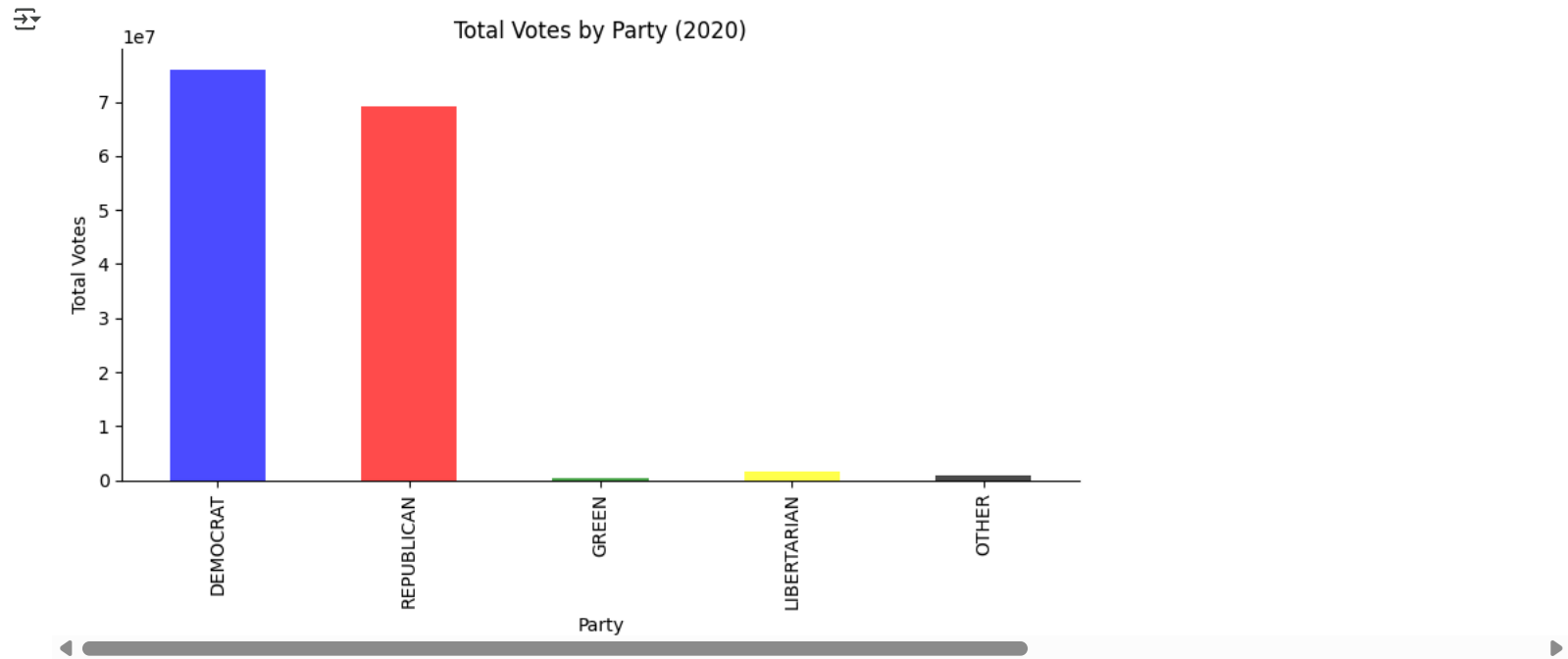
```
print("Total Votes and Percentage by Each Party:")
print(results)
```

Total Votes and Percentage by Each Party:

	Total Votes	Percentage (%)
DEMOCRAT	75955993.0	51.327172
REPUBLICAN	69253025.0	46.797649
GREEN	359519.0	0.242945
LIBERTARIAN	1663258.0	1.123945
OTHER	752187.0	0.508289

```
# bar chart showing total votes for each party
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
total_votes_by_party.plot(kind='bar', color=['blue', 'red', 'green', 'yellow', 'black'], alpha=0.7)
```

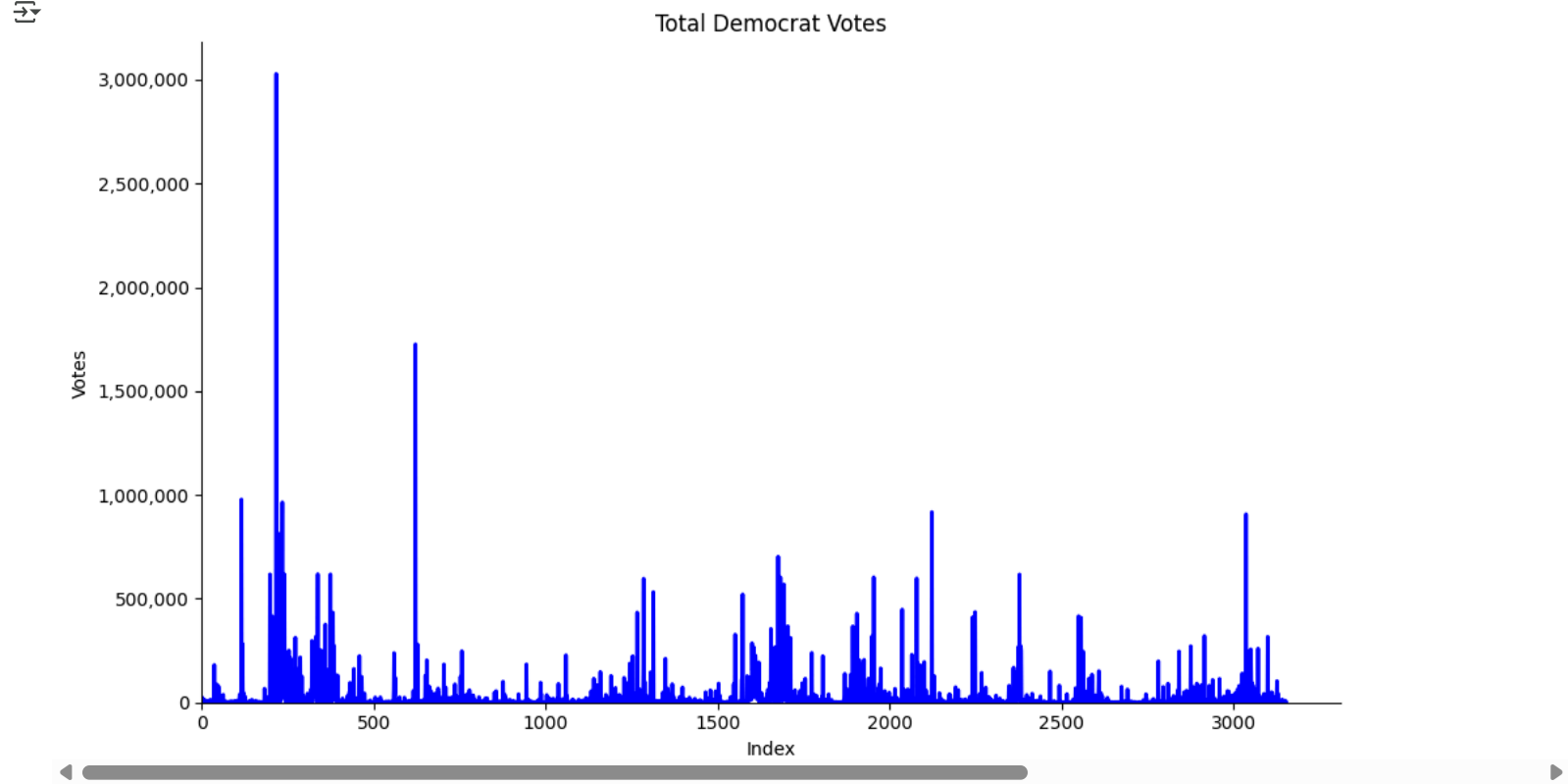
```
plt.title('Total Votes by Party (2020)')
plt.xlabel('Party')
plt.ylabel('Total Votes')
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.ticker import FuncFormatter
```

```
# bar graph showing democrat votes in each county
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(data['DEMOCRAT'], color='blue', linewidth=2, label='Democrat Votes')
plt.title('Total Democrat Votes')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Votes')

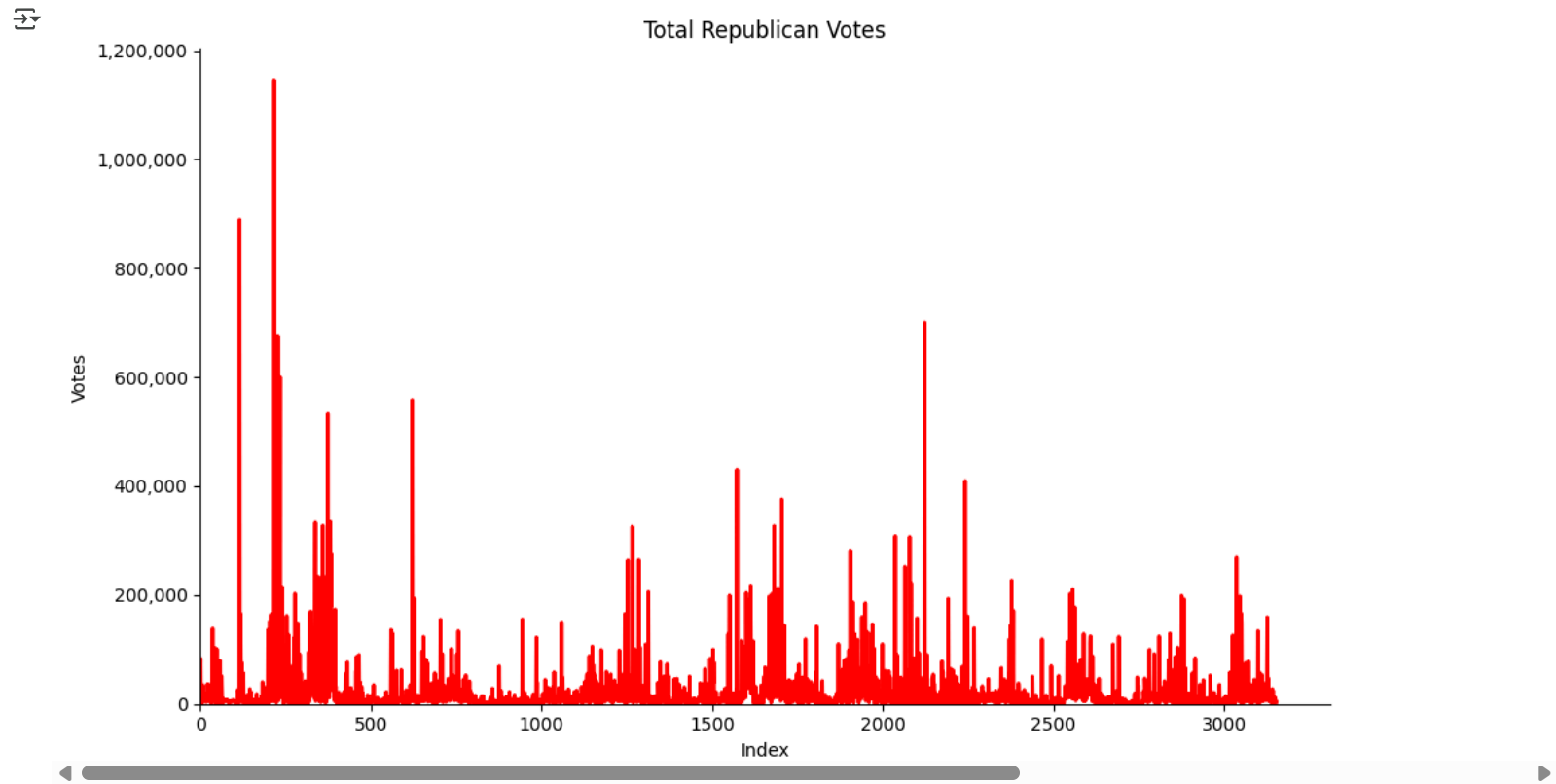
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.xlim(0)
plt.ylim(0)
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter(FuncFormatter(format_ticks))
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# bar graph showing republican votes in each county
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(data['REPUBLICAN'], color='red', linewidth=2, label='Republican Votes')
plt.title('Total Republican Votes')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Votes')

plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.xlim(0)
plt.ylim(0)
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter(FuncFormatter(format_ticks))

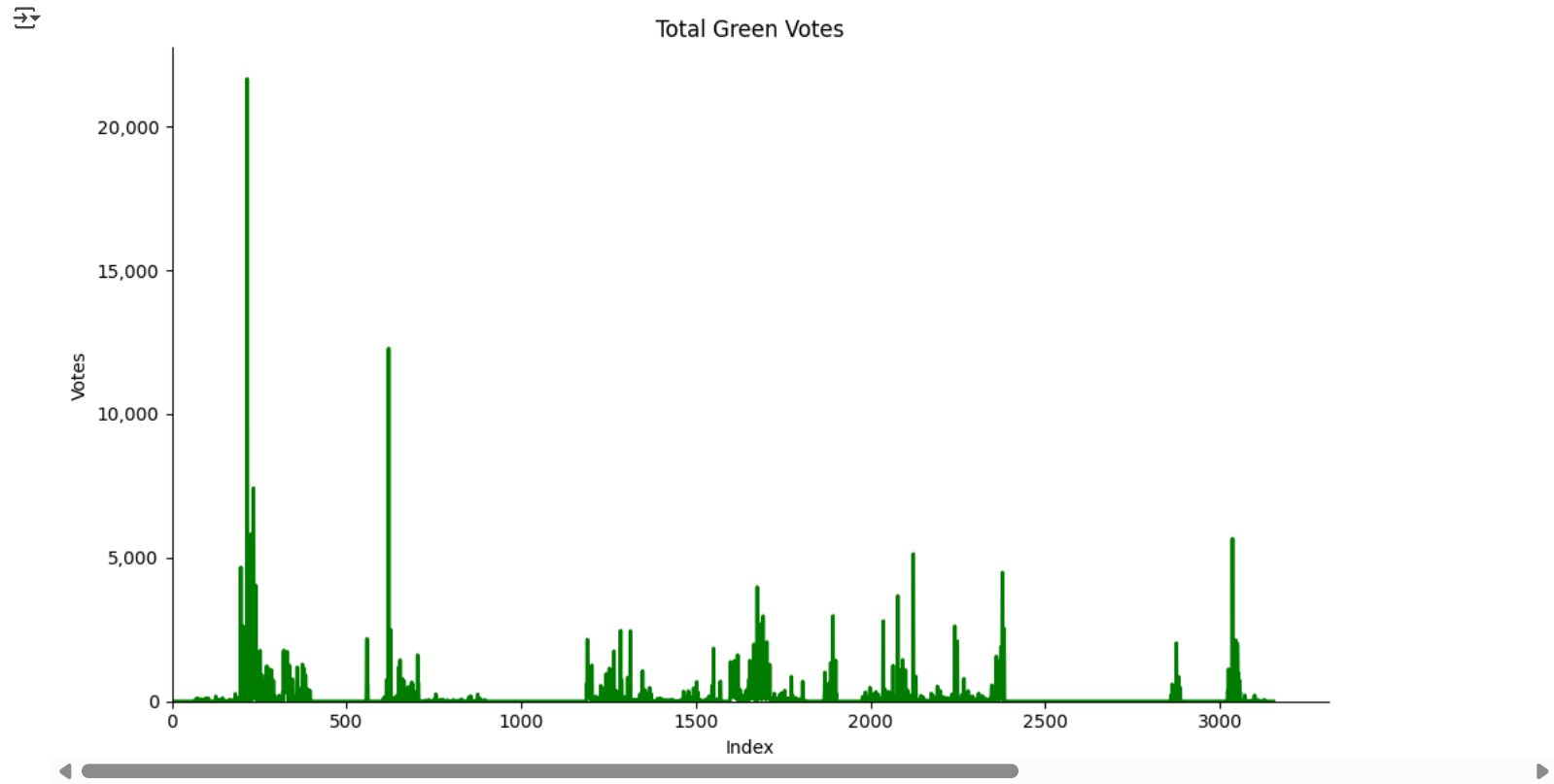
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# bar graph showing green votes in each county
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(data['GREEN'], color='green', linewidth=2, label='Green Votes')
plt.title('Total Green Votes')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Votes')

plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.xlim(0)
plt.ylim(0)
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter(FuncFormatter(format_ticks))

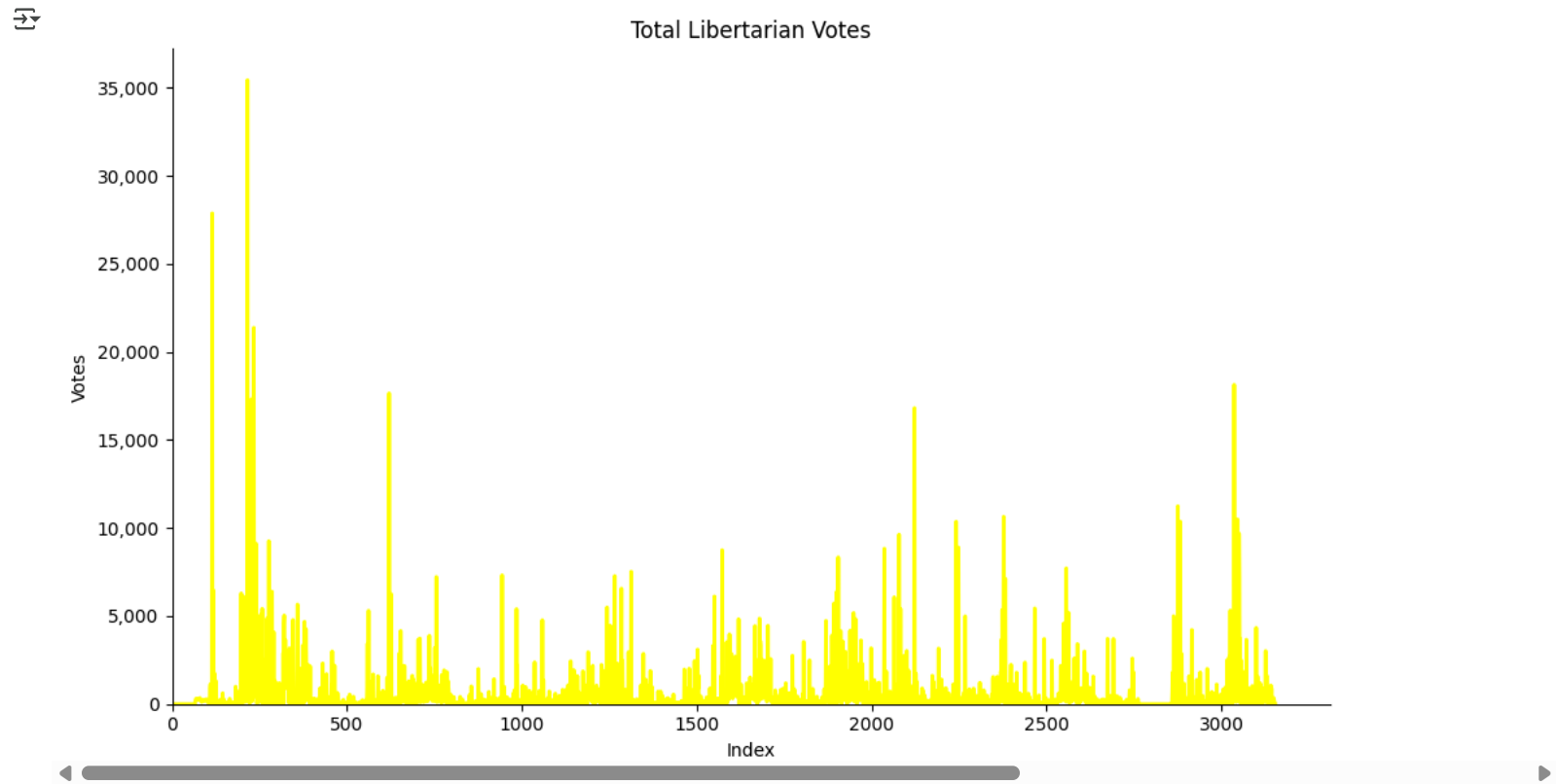
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# bar graph showing Libertarian votes in each county
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(data['LIBERTARIAN'], color='yellow', linewidth=2, label='Libertarian Votes')
plt.title('Total Libertarian Votes')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Votes')

plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.xlim(0)
plt.ylim(0)
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter(FuncFormatter(format_ticks))

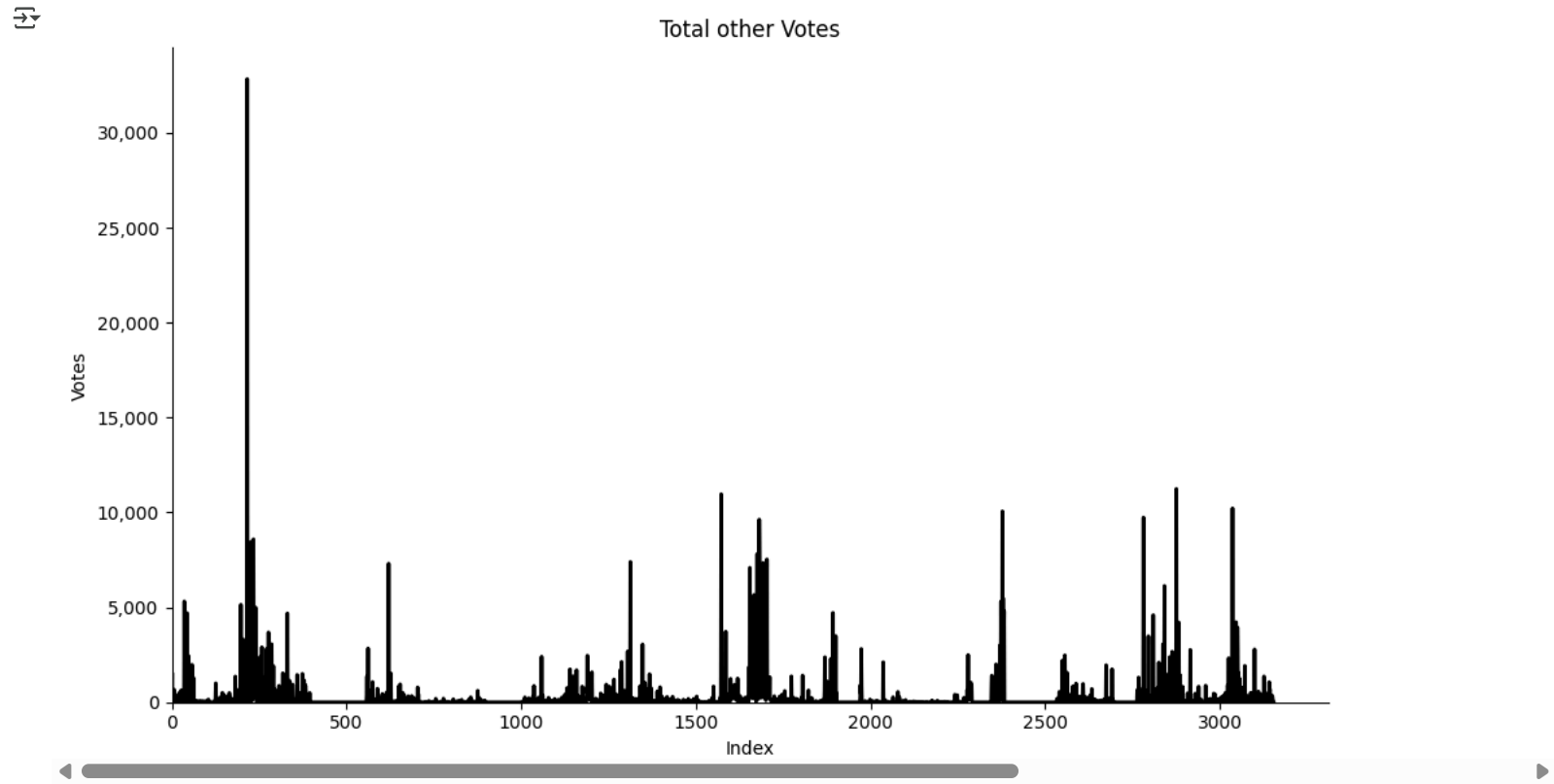
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# bar graph showing other votes in each county
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(data['OTHER'], color='black', linewidth=2, label='other Votes')
plt.title('Total other Votes')
plt.xlabel('Index')
plt.ylabel('Votes')

plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.xlim(0)
plt.ylim(0)
plt.gca().yaxis.set_major_formatter(FuncFormatter(format_ticks))

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
# Total Number of Counties in each State
counties_per_state = data.groupby('state')['county_name'].count()

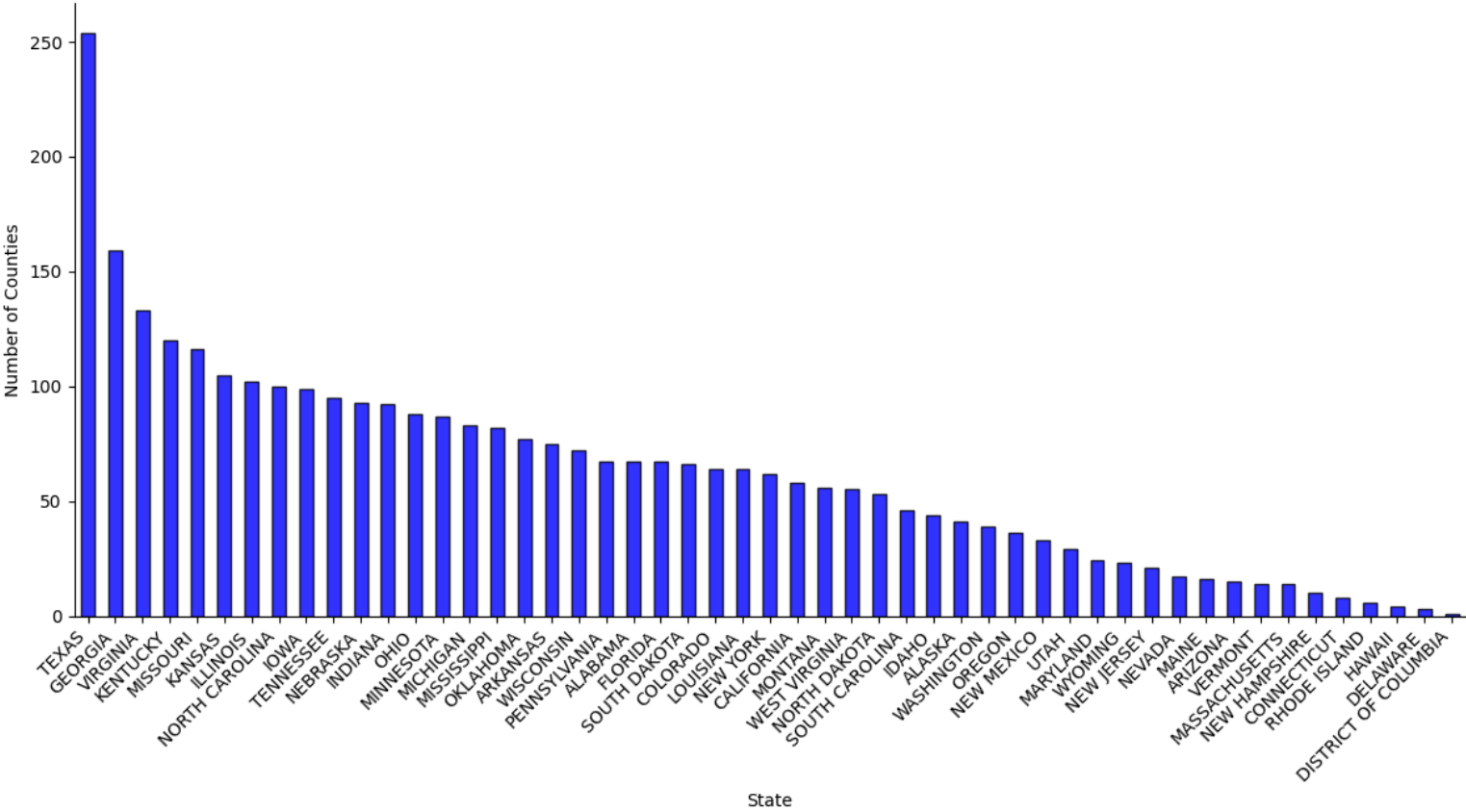
counties_per_state = counties_per_state.sort_values(ascending=False)

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 7))
counties_per_state.plot(kind='bar', color='blue', edgecolor='black', alpha=0.8)

plt.title('Total Number of Counties Per State', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('State')
plt.ylabel('Number of Counties')
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.gca().spines[['top', 'right']].set_visible(False)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Total Number of Counties Per State



```
print(counties_per_state)

# total number of counties
total_counties = counties_per_state.sum()

print(f"Total Number of Counties Across All States: {total_counties}")
```



state	
TEXAS	254
GEORGIA	159
VIRGINIA	133
KENTUCKY	120
MISSOURI	116
KANSAS	105
ILLINOIS	102
NORTH CAROLINA	100
IOWA	99
TENNESSEE	95
NEBRASKA	93
INDIANA	92
OHIO	88
MINNESOTA	87
MICHIGAN	83
MISSISSIPPI	82
OKLAHOMA	77
ARKANSAS	75
WISCONSIN	72
PENNSYLVANIA	67
ALABAMA	67
FLORIDA	67
SOUTH DAKOTA	66
COLORADO	64
LOUISIANA	64
NEW YORK	62
CALIFORNIA	58
MONTANA	56
WEST VIRGINIA	55
NORTH DAKOTA	53
SOUTH CAROLINA	46
IDAHO	44
ALASKA	41
WASHINGTON	39
OREGON	36
NEW MEXICO	33
UTAH	29
MARYLAND	24
WYOMING	23
NEW JERSEY	21
NEVADA	17
MAINE	16
ARIZONA	15
VERMONT	14
MASSACHUSETTS	14
NEW HAMPSHIRE	10
CONNECTICUT	8
RHODE ISLAND	6
HAWAII	4
DELAWARE	3
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	1
Name: county_name, dtype: int64	
Total Number of Counties Across All States: 3155	

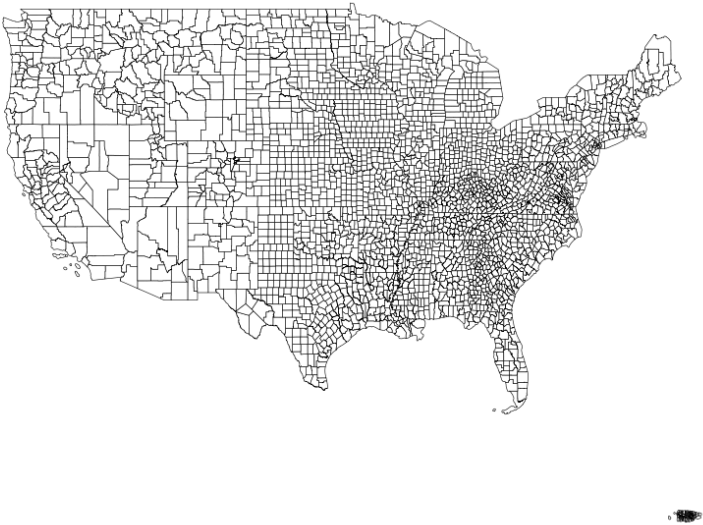
```
# Load the shapefile of US county map
shapefile_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /county.geo.json"
us_map = gpd.read_file(shapefile_path)

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20, 20))
```

```
us_map.plot(ax=ax, color='white', edgecolor='black', linewidth=0.4)
```

```
ax.set_xlim(-180, -50)
ax.set_ylim(10, 80)
ax.axis('off')
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
# Load the shapefile
shapefile_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /county.geo.json"
us_map = gpd.read_file(shapefile_path)
```

```
# Load the dataset
data_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/US Elections 2020 county /2020_US_County_Level_Presidential_Results_filled.csv"
election_data = pd.read_csv(data_path)
```

```
us_map['GE0ID10'] = us_map['GE0ID10'].astype(int).astype(str).str.zfill(5)
```

```
election_data['county_fips'] = election_data['county_fips'].fillna(0).astype(int).astype(str).str.zfill(5)
```

```
# Determine the party with the most votes in each county
election_data['winner'] = election_data[['DEMOCRAT', 'REPUBLICAN', 'OTHER']].idxmax(axis=1)
election_data['winner_color'] = election_data['winner'].map({
    'DEMOCRAT': 'blue',
    'REPUBLICAN': 'red',
    'OTHER': 'black'
})
```


```
# Merging shapefile data with the election results
us_map = us_map.merge(
    election_data[['county_fips', 'winner_color']],
    left_on='GE0ID10',
    right_on='county_fips',
    how='left'
)
```

```
# Filling the NaN values in 'winner_color' with the most common winner color instead of gray
most_common_winner = election_data['winner_color'].mode()[0] # Find most common winner
us_map['winner_color'].fillna(most_common_winner, inplace=True) # Fill missing counties
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20, 20))
us_map.plot(ax=ax, color=us_map['winner_color'], edgecolor='black', linewidth=0.2)
```

```
ax.set_xlim(-180, -50)
ax.set_ylim(10, 80)
ax.axis('off')
```

```
us_map['winner_color'] = winner_color
plt.show()
```

 <ipython-input-58-a0c0122bac3f>:31: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace operation. The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy. For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead.

```
us_map['winner_color'].fillna(most_common_winner, inplace=True) # Fill missing counties
```

